

ISAC LEO SEELIGMANN

The Septuagint Version
of Isaiah
and Cognate Studies

*Forschungen
zum Alten Testament*

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Mohr Siebeck

Forschungen zum Alten Testament

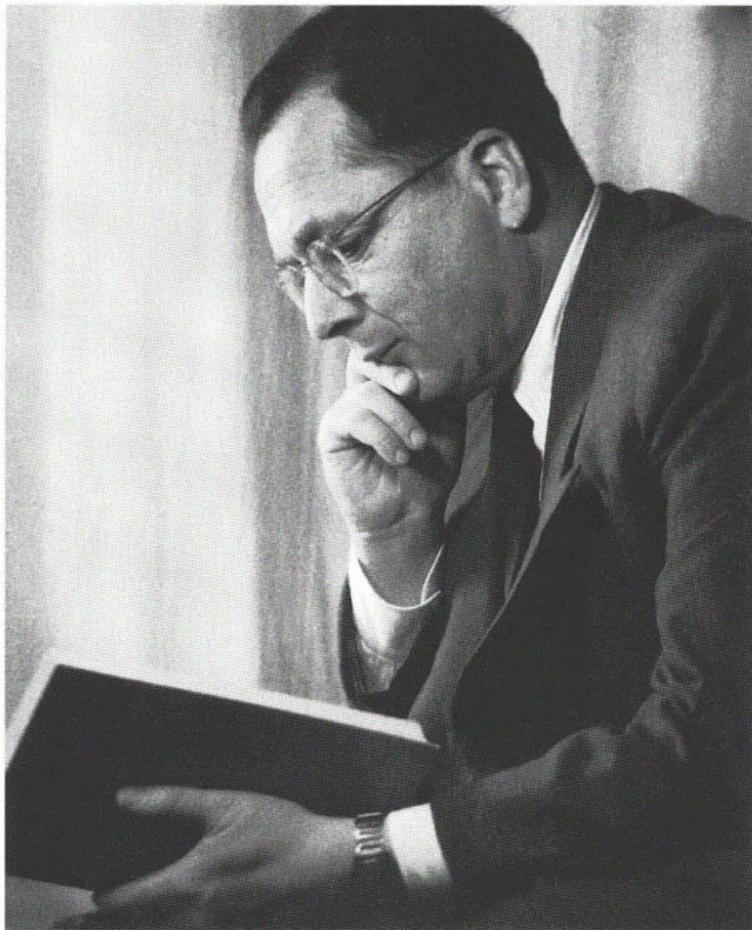
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Hermann Spieckermann (Göttingen)

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Isac Leo Seeligmann
10. Januar 1907 bis 14. Mai 1982

Isac Leo Seeligmann

The Septuagint Version of Isaiah and Cognate Studies

edited by
Robert Hanhart
and
Hermann Spieckermann

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ISAC LEO SEELIGMANN (1907–1982): from 1936 up to his deportation 1943 lecturer at the Israelite Seminar in the Netherlands; from 1946 on librarian at the University of Amsterdam; 1948 PhD; 1950–77 Professor of Biblical Literature at the Hebrew University in Jerusalem.

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Preface

The present volume makes accessible once more the groundbreaking work on recent Septuagint scholarship – “The Septuagint Version of Isaiah” (1948) – by Isac Leo Seeligmann (1907–1982). The work is accompanied by two of his studies that have to be seen as prolegomena to the book as a whole: “Problems and Perspectives in Modern Septuagint Research” (1940) and “Phases of Jewish Historical Consciousness” (1947). Both essays were originally written in Dutch; the latter one is made available in English for the first time.

All these works mentioned above document in an impressive way the new approach taken by Seeligmann: to understand the Septuagint – based on a careful methodological basis – as a witness of Hellenistic Judaism striving to maintain the text’s special character as a document of faith. At the same time all of Seeligmann’s works edited in this volume are documents of the suffering of European Judaism during the time of National Socialism as the dates of publication amply demonstrate. Seeligmann mentions this in his studies only in passing. Rather than moving those sufferings into the spotlight, the scholar seeks to conceal them. The careful reader, however, will realise that the history of Israel during the Hellenistic period does not simply represent an object of scholarly research for Seeligmann but also serves as the background for the interpretation of the history of the Jewish people in his own time. The new edition, accompanied by a volume in German containing a biographical sketch of Seeligmann as well as his studies in the field of Biblical exegesis as a whole, aims to prevent the epochal achievement of this scholar from being forgotten and serves, at the same time, as a remembrance to the suffering endured by himself and his family as members of the Jewish people.

Many were involved in the publication of this volume. First and foremost, we would like to express our heartfelt thanks to Mrs Margot Seeligmann who kindly agreed to the new edition of the works of her late husband and made the hand-written marginal comments in his copy of “The Septuagint of Isaiah” available to us. Without her generous help and interest this new edition would not have been possible. The same has to be said of the co-operation of her daughter, Mrs Judith H. Seeligmann, who already in 1990 translated the essay “Problems and Perspectives in Modern Septuagint Research” into English and gladly agreed to do the same for the essay “Phases of Jewish Historical

Consciousness". We offer our deepest thanks to Mrs Judith H. Seeligmann for preparing these translations which were possible only because of her linguistic competence and her familiarity with the work of her father.

Furthermore, we would like to thank the publisher Mohr Siebeck, Tübingen, especially Dr. h.c. Georg Siebeck. He and the fellow editors of the *Forschungen zum Alten Testament*, Prof. Dr. Bernd Janowski and Prof. Dr. Mark S. Smith, immediately and gladly embraced our idea for this publication. The realization of this publishing enterprise has happened through the help of the editor for Theology at Mohr Siebeck, Dr. Henning Ziebritzki. As usual, the co-operation has been a pleasure and we thank him for that.

Many thanks to E.J. Brill, Leiden and Magnes Press, Jerusalem for granting us permission to republish the works of Seeligmann. We would especially like to thank Drs. Hans van der Meij and Prof. Dr. Shemaryahu Talmon.

Collaborators in Berlin and Göttingen offered invaluable help. Sincere thanks to Dr. Anselm C. Hagedorn, Berlin for helping to prepare the English version of the Preface and Introduction. We are equally very grateful to stud. theol. Michael Grimmsmann and stud. theol. Angelika Maske for proofreading and to stud. theol. Ulrike Verwold for preparing the indices. Without stud. theol. Sarah Oltmanns, not deterred by hard work, this book would neither have been published within the tight schedule nor would it have been produced with the desired care. She alone was responsible for producing the electronic version of the articles, the layout, the checking of references and all those countless things that are the daily bread of such an editorial project. Our deepest thanks for that!

Göttingen, March 2004

Robert Hanhart and Hermann Spieckermann

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Introduction

ROBERT HANHART

Everybody concerned with the understanding of the biblical tradition has to be deeply moved that those scholarly works which served for the past 50 years as basis and guidance for any research into the Greek translation of the Old Testament originated from the suffering and persecution of the Jewish people during the Second World War: the three early studies by Isaac Leo Seeligmann (10.1.1907–14.5.1982) republished in this volume. The first, a seminal literary-critical study on the “Problems and Perspectives in Modern Septuagint Research”, already inaugurated in pre-war Amsterdam during the year 1933 and finished five month after the German invasion of the Netherlands in May 1940, “one of the last scholarly works written by a member of the Dutch-Jewish community during that period” (thus Seeligmann’s translator into English, his daughter Judith). The second, a first theological and intellectual evaluation on “Phases of Jewish Historical Consciousness: Bible, Jewish Hellenism, Talmud Literature”, originated in the autumn 1942 following an invitation to address this problem and completed in July 1945 after his and his family’s liberation from Theresienstadt. Finally, the second, exegetical, evaluation on “The Septuagint Version of Isaiah, a Discussion of its Problems”, already conceptualized during May 1945, still in Theresienstadt, submitted as a doctoral thesis to the Faculty of Arts of the University of Leiden and published in 1948. The historical work is dedicated “to the memory of my teachers, friends and pupils, who died as Jews 1941–1945”, while the exegetical work is dedicated to the memory of his father in the Isaianic hope for deliverance of the remnant survivors in the new Jerusalem (Is. 37.31–32; 62.6–7). Remembering this past suffering and the hope for this coming joy as a symbol for I. L. Seeligmann’s work has a deeper dimension: The history and faith of Israel in Hellenistic times are an example for his own life. Remembrance and hope in time of suffering are based on the awareness of the earlier brief period of peace given to him. The internal unity of suffering and hope shows itself also realised biographically in that the work on those two topics interferes with his own time of anguish.

I

The work “Problems and Perspectives in Modern Septuagint Research” is – as the title indicates – a history of research focussing on the two major aspects of inquiry: The otherwise never achieved plethora of covered literature on the Septuagint of the past 50 years is not just reported critically but also investigated as a ‘problem’ with regard to the question what each single study can contribute towards an understanding and illumination of the object at hand, and as a ‘perspective’ on how the separate results relate to each other.

First and foremost, the study is concerned with an understanding of the Septuagint *“in its own right”*¹, this means independent from its significance for the Old Testament as a whole, from the literature of the Jewish-Hellenistic and Palestinian environment and without making “it instrumental to the understanding of either Old or New Testament”. All topics of the separate chapters are related to this “own right of the Septuagint” – a significant difference from all other contemporary studies.

According to the author, the independent path of this attempt consists of formulating the question how the Septuagint reflects the new understanding the Bible yielded for its translator and his intention: to shed light on the contents within the dominating cultural atmosphere of the faith-community of the Hellenistic-Jewish diaspora and at the same time to transfer its theological testimony in the Hellenistic world as a whole. Here, “transfer”: “*transponeren*” is not seen as ‘reinterpretation’ but rather, quite literally, as carrying over the testimony – in its own right – into the Hellenistic world.²

This own right of the Septuagint serves as a leitmotif for the first chapter “The Septuagint in Ancient Tradition”; its subtitles – “Jewish-Hellenistic, Rabbinic and Christian Tradition” – provide the external dates for its origin and earliest history as the historical and intellectual frame within which such work of translation in its own right will be developed. The section on the Hellenistic tradition investigates the historical core in the Letter of Aristeas, while that on the Rabbinic tradition focuses on the question that arose early on whether the translation into a foreign language was compatible with Divine Law, while the passage on the Christian tradition finally addresses the discussion – culminating in the work of Origen – over the legitimization of the Greek Holy Scripture, originally accepted by both faith-communities.

The next two chapters, II “The Text History of the Septuagint” and III “Literary Criticism and the Character of the Septuagint as Translation” are part of this own right of the Septuagint too. The most important themes are a

¹ p. 24.

² p. 24.

comparison of diplomatic editorial work (Cambridge Septuagint of BROOKE-MCLEAN-THACKERAY) and critical editorial work (Göttingen-Septuagint from LAGARDE via RAHLFS to ZIEGLER's edition of the Book of Isaiah [1939]), as well as an inventory of the textual sources of the past 50 years; a stadium of research and tradition, who called into question the editorial concept of LAGARDE who thought it possible to reach the original translation by eliminating the three Christian recensions handed down by Jerome in his famous note. It became important for subsequent scholarship to realise the limitations of both editorial concepts: With regard to the diplomatic edition the limitation consists of the – never changed – fact that if Codex Vaticanus, on which the edition is based, is missing the codices Sinaiticus and Alexandrinus are used, because both codices are the most ancient textual witnesses, though not the manuscripts that are closest to Vaticanus, as far as the critical edition is concerned it consists of the fact that the reconstruction of an original form of the text, i.e. "*eines Textes, der einmal Wirklichkeit war*" (ARTHUR ALLGEIER), is impossible, a limitation that nevertheless does not allow the conclusion – often postulated by critics – to do away with such a critical editorial method of texts.

With regard to the conclusions drawn from the new state of the tradition Seeligmann points out the obligation to exercise a careful comparison and evaluation of new textual conceptions emerging from recent findings dating to the period before the Hexapla. A necessary consequence is to correct the *Einheitshypothese* considering the so called 'Targum-hypothesis': His view that the documented plurality of the Septuagint tradition has to be tested, in regard to both conceptions, already for pre- and early Christian times – thus he is able to accept the *Einheitshypothese* in the more subtle form of ALFRED RAHLFS instead of LAGARDE's view with the slight correction that by postulating a process of tradition closer to the Targum several problems of the history of the text can be solved easier –, could have helped to avoid the later confrontation of radical followers of both conceptions often unnecessary and hardly fruitful.

The main character of the Septuagint "in its own right" is that of being a translation. Therefore, it is impossible to recognise its character without asking for the *Vorlage* of each sentence. This conclusion makes it necessary to add two further chapters IV "The Septuagint and the Hebrew Text" and V "The Language of the Septuagint": On translation technique, the possibility of a retranslation of lost *Vorlagen*, on the recoverability of the original Hebrew or Aramaic language and its history as well as on change in the linguistic conception of the target language caused by equivalent terms. Here too, the new level of knowledge on the basis of the data available at that time – before the discoveries from the Dead Sea – is made apparent without ignoring the limits of the correct interpretation that should not be transgressed, a standard

still valid today: a new understanding of the Septuagint's language on the basis of recently discovered contemporary popular language has to be evaluated solely within the sphere of the Israelite community in Hellenistic times.

"Herewith we have crossed the bounds: from history of language into history of culture".³ What Seeligmann calls in chapter VI "History of Culture" under the title "Hellenization and Actualization" can only be understood properly – and this is the overall theme of the whole study –, if the meaning attached to the term "Hellenistic theology" is understood properly: "However, when the translators theologized, theirs was a Jewish theology".⁴ From this perspective, the term Hellenistic gains a new dimension that underlies all phenomena that Seeligmann groups under the heading "Hellenization and Actualization of the Bible in the Septuagint" – and without this presupposition his conception of the Septuagint's character could be easily misunderstood –: 'God', 'Israel', its 'Messianic expectation', 'the Thorah': He is concerned with the question how each statement of the given witnesses, under the present condition of a newly shaped history, society and culture, can be rendered according to its original meaning. From here, the categories 'semantic', 'sociological' and 'dogmatic' used in the work are defined once and for all: semantic as a dissociation from using terminology too heavily influenced by common Hellenistic culture; sociological in historical statements of the actualised replacement of "*Ισραὴλ*" with *Iουδαία*, and dogmatic for the careful replacement of selected anthropomorphic epithets for Israel's God. This is the starting point for an open consideration of the scholarly positions associated with ADOLF DEISSMANN, GEORG BERTRAM and – programmatically – put forward in the *Wörterbuch zum Neuen Testament*, positions that are naturally removed from Seeligmann's own view. Again, it is the Septuagint in its own right and only this that is the starting point.

It is his intention to recognise the Septuagint in its own right which enables Seeligmann in all his questions to define the fine border that, within apparent contradiction, separates the true nature of the Septuagint from a false understanding, that is, one that distorts its true character: It is the fine line between correct and incorrect understanding of diplomatic and critical editorial work, of faith in tradition and conjectural critique, faith in the possibility of reconstructing lost traditions or its renunciation, of changes in meaning through translation and the unchanging nature of original statements. The criterion for correct knowledge of this borderline is made manifest in the last sentence of these three studies – a sentence that is valid right from the beginning for all of them: "It is, therefore, as ancient testimonies of the Jewish

³ p. 69.

⁴ p. 72.

exegesis, that the Books of the Septuagint must be investigated and understood.”⁵

II

This insight, programmatically laid out in the first study, is interpreted in the second study that looks at the nature of Israel’s understanding of history in the Hellenistic period: “Phases of Jewish Historical Consciousness. Bible, Jewish Hellenism, Talmud Literature”.

1. The work is first and foremost concerned with Israel’s understanding of history according to its biblical testimony as a whole. To begin with, the translation of the Septuagint demonstrates its correct interpretation of the given tradition when Israel’s understanding of time, ΠΥ, is not translated by *χρόνος*, i.e. a course of events, but by *καιρός*, thus determining the history of Israel as the realization of the divine plan. The characterization of the nature of the given tradition as an entity in its own right, in contrast to the Ancient Near Eastern ideas, corresponds to the aim of the first study to determine the nature of the Septuagint “in its own right”: the text is a statement of Israel’s faith that reveals itself as a historical statement on the basis of the prophetic interpretation of history as atonement and redemption from Israel’s guilt in view of the divine order “not to be like the other nations”. “Ezekiel, the prophet of the Babylonian exile is the paramount preacher of this theodicy” (20.32-33).⁶
2. The own right of the *Septuagint* for the determination of Israel’s understanding of history in this period of its history – the beginning opens still on to the Persian period, the end on to the Roman rule of the world – is seen to lie in the independent statements, compared with the Hebrew-Aramaic *Vorlage* of the Septuagint, that can be found in the realm of Hellenistic Alexandria mainly in the Greek historical witnesses outside the “Alexandrian Canon”, in the realm of Palestine mainly in the apocalyptic tradition. However, the standard for canonical authority during this period – regarding both the original and the translation – remains open: “Neither the nature of the Alexandrian translations of the Prophets, nor Philo’s discourses render it likely that prophecy enjoyed any kind of canonical authority in Alexandrian Judaism”.⁷ Nevertheless, the necessary border between ‘biblical’ and ‘Hellenistic’ historical consciousness is taken for granted and on this premise

⁵ The Septuagint Version of Isaiah, p. 294.

⁶ p. 95.

⁷ p. 99.

Seeligmann carefully: “*met behoedzaamheid*”, asks “for traces of difference between biblical and Hellenistic historical consciousness.”⁸ Fundamental changes are recognised in four phenomena: national consciousness, the view of God, the understanding of *Galuth* and the expectation of things to come. It is the change in the definition of Israel as a people exclusively and directly determined by God toward the character as a people bestowed by God as expressed in the Septuagint translation of Psalm 90(89).16. Here, where the request that God may reveal His works to His servants is replaced by the supplication that He may look upon His servants and His works (*ἵδε ἐπὶ τοὺς δούλους σου καὶ τὰ ἔργα σου*), a definition that appears to be more significant in the Maccabeen historiography. It is the change from the understanding of Israel’s suffering as a judgement imposed by its God toward the emphasis on the injustice Israel suffered at the hands of the nations, how it is stressed in the Septuagint of Isaiah by introducing the term *ἀδικία* several times. It is the change from the *Galuth*’s terminology to that of foreign rule and of longing for Zion as expressed in the Septuagint-Psalter as well as to that of a conscientious mission of the diaspora as expressed in the Septuagint of Isaiah in the blessing of “my people in Assur and in Egypt” (Is. 19.24), further extended in the elevation of Israel within the entire creation in the contemporary Sybilline Oracles (*πᾶσα δὲ γῆ σέθεν πλήρης καὶ πᾶσα θάλασσα* [III:271]). Finally, it is this change from statements about past events to the expression of current suffering – the “today” – in the Septuagint of Isaiah during the time of Seleucid persecution that is seen as the origin of eschatological expectation – an expectation ultimately expressed in apocalypticism.

3. Based on this definition of Israel’s understanding of history during the Hellenistic Period, in which the Septuagint – notwithstanding the multitude of tradition and the rather problematic use of the term ‘canon’ for this period – is seen as a basis in its relationship to the Hebrew-Aramaic tradition, the last period, the Talmudic period of Midrashic exegesis, – the start of the period is cautiously placed in the year 70 CE – appears as a time, now with a fixed canon, during which the presuppositions of historization and actualization were newly defined: They are the tools of exegesis: “Every branch of Jewish literature succeeding the Bible sees itself in one way or another as a commentary or a lawful continuation of the Bible. This applies most particularly to the entire Talmud literature, which knows no truth that is not yet extant in the Bible. Every religious conviction, every practical wisdom should be retrieved there.”⁹ The structuring principle of the Talmudic system of thought is wisdom in form of Thorah.

⁸ p. 97 (in the Dutch original p. 58).

⁹ p. 107.

In this sense and with this premise it is actualization that remains the binding force linking Israel's historical consciousness in the Palestinian and Alexandrian writings of the Hellenistic period with Talmudic era. It is the realization of the suffering of Israel at the hands of the World's Empires which forms a link between the three studies. In Talmudic characterization it reaches its deepest form in the prayer, given to all generations: "*I trust in Your faithfulness* during the Babylonian exile; *my heart will exult in You* in the days of the Persian empire; *I will sing to the Lord* during the reign of the Hellenistic Kings; *for He has been good to me* when oppressed by the Romans". The Babylonian empire is the 'wilderness', the Persian one the 'chaos', the Hellenistic one the 'darkness' and the Roman empire 'the abyss'"¹⁰: If one remembers that this study originated during a time of the abyss, preceded by a period of still relative calm during which the foundations of the study were laid and which was to be followed by a time of liberation, it seems justified to regard the middle part of the trilogy in the spirit of the author as the core of the work.

III

The third study, in a closer look at the translation of the Book of Isaiah, further develops the insight that the character of the Septuagint can only be determined correctly by investigating and understanding its individual books as witnesses of Jewish exegesis. Here, Seeligmann realises his perception – gained by a reappraisal of pre-war scholarship – of the Septuagint as a whole, exemplified on one book from the Alexandrian canon, that was not merely the only one most readily available based on the textual and editorial work done by JOSEPH ZIEGLER but that was also, because of its translation technique, well suited for gaining insights into the nature of the Septuagint in an individual case: "I. Text and Textual Tradition; II. Translation Technique and its Relationship to the Hebrew *Vorlage*; III. Time and Historical Background of the Translation; IV. The Translation as a Document of Jewish-Alexandrian Theology."

1. Although the first chapter about text and tradition of the Septuagint of Isaiah does not yet move beyond a repetition of the report on the Septuagint as a whole in the first three chapters of the first study – origin, early history up to Origen and contemporary state of tradition –, progress is made by indicating special phenomena in the tradition of this biblical book: Seeligmann points first at textual forms that can be explained as original ones, only weakly attested by some Lucianic manuscripts, in contrast to them the

¹⁰ p. 112f.

best attested readings can be explained paleographically as transformations of the original form. Next, he shows the elements of Hexaplaric and Lucianic recensions whose character is more precisely and completely verified than was the case in the preliminary studies of J. ZIEGLER. Finally he concerns himself with the question of further revisions after the Christian recensions, as well as the pre-Lucianic congruencies with the Masoretic text, the Jewish translations of the 2nd century CE and the so called *interpretationes Christianae*. The astute and careful text selection forms the basis for the actual goal of the investigation: a historical and theological interpretation of a translated text purged from later influences.

2. The oldest possible text of the translation that Seeligmann sets out to interpret has to be determined – right from the outset – as a text whose statements are only understandable and explicable in the light of the presupposed Hebrew *Vorlage*. This is the topic of the second chapter. The inquiry into translation technique and its relationship to the Masoretic Text is therefore a necessary part of the interpretation.

The translated text, purged from all secondary elements, and in a first stage compared with the Hebrew or Aramaic *Vorlage*, is next investigated regarding each individual phenomenon. The first criterion for the comparison is the Masoretic text; the Hebrew Isaiah texts from the Dead Sea were not yet known. The canonical authority of prophecy is stressed much stronger than in the second study and better corresponding to the nature of Israel in Hellenistic times. From this centre-point the plethora of possibilities of translation – faithful translation and degree of freedom, choice of equivalents, foundation in given traditions, especially the Pentateuch – are evaluated in view of their significance for maintaining identity as well as with a view to the conscientious differentiation between archetype and image. The criteria according to which a single translator rather than many is proposed and the arguments for assuming a certain freedom in translation fully intended by the translator rather than postulating a *Vorlage* that differs significantly from the Masoretic text, are here determined in a much more subtle way than before.

3. From this representation of the oldest reachable form of the text arises the question of a relative chronology within the Septuagint as a whole and of an absolute chronology in the framework of the history of Israel in Hellenistic times. This is the theme of the third chapter. A relative chronology can be established only by demonstrating that different books of the Septuagint follow the same translation technique with regard to equivalence of words and syntax: a translation technique which cannot be explained from a common *Vorlage* and thus has to originate independently. An absolute chronology can only be reached by looking at the actualization made by the translator that

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