

TIMO ESKOLA

Theodicy
and Predestination
in Pauline Soteriology

*Wissenschaftliche Untersuchungen
zum Neuen Testament 2. Reihe*

100

Mohr Siebeck

Wissenschaftliche Untersuchungen
zum Neuen Testament · 2. Reihe

Herausgegeben von
Martin Hengel und Otfried Hofius

100



Timo Eskola

Theodicy and Predestination in Pauline Soteriology

Mohr Siebeck

Die Deutsche Bibliothek – CIP-Einheitsaufnahme

Eskola, Timo:

Theodicy and predestination in Pauline soteriology / Timo Eskola.

– Tübingen : Mohr Siebeck, 1998

(Wissenschaftliche Untersuchungen zum Neuen Testament : Reihe 2 ; 100)

ISBN 3-16-146894-5

978-3-16-157081-0 Unveränderte eBook-Ausgabe 2019

© 1998 by J. C. B. Mohr (Paul Siebeck), P.O. Box 2040, 72010 Tübingen.

This book may not be reproduced, in whole or in part, in any form (beyond that permitted by copyright law) without the publisher's written permission. This applies particularly to reproductions, translations, microfilms and storage and processing in electronic systems.

This book was printed by Gulde-Druck in Tübingen on acid-free paper from Papierfabrik Niefern and bound by Heinr. Koch in Tübingen.

Printed in Germany.

ISSN 0340-9570

To Martin Hengel and Peter Stuhlmacher

Preface

Ever since 1992, after completing my doctoral dissertation on Pauline Christology, I have had the opportunity to investigate Paul’s soteriology and the theology of Second Temple Judaism in my capacity as a New Testament scholar and lecturer at the Theological Institute of Finland (Helsinki). During my research the problem of theodicy constantly recurred in the texts under investigation. This led me to make a closer assessment of Paul’s theology of predestination, which also appeared to be one of the areas of his teaching which had received little attention. As my research proceeded, the texts began to lead me towards surprising conclusions. They were rather different from those commonly drawn in the context of the popular “new perspective” on Paul and the question of “Paul and Palestinian Judaism”. For this reason the present work suggests some new solutions to the problems concerning the relation of Paul to Second Temple Judaism – as well as the problem of the fundamental structure of Paul’s soteriology.

The research was made possible by the research project of the Institute, for which I am truly grateful. I am especially indebted to my colleague, Rev. Eero Junkkaala, General Secretary of the Theological Institute, who has inspired and encouraged me and taught me much of what I know of the history and archaeology of Israel. My thanks also go to the staff of the Institute, our librarians Olavi Komu and Erkki Hanhikorpi, who have been of invaluable assistance in acquiring relevant literature, as well as to our secretary, Mrs. Kirsil Sell, who has taken care of all practical everyday matters.

I should also like to thank several friends of mine and “fellows” of the Institute: Docent Lauri Thurén (Åbo/Joensuu) for his suggestions and helpful comments concerning the manuscript, and Docent Antti Laato (Åbo/Helsinki), an Old Testament scholar with whom I have spent hours discussing the relation of the Testaments and the nature of biblical interpretation. Dr. Timo Laato has been a helpful ‘partner in dialogue’ as regards the question of Paul and the law, and my thanks go also to Dr. Erkki Koskenniemi for his inspiration in the area of classical literature.

Not least, I am deeply indebted to Mr. Michael Cox, Lic. Theol., Kerava for his indispensable labours in undertaking the language revision of my manuscript. I should also like to record my gratitude to Prof. Heikki Räisänen

and the Department of Biblical Studies at the Faculty of Theology (University of Helsinki), for financial assistance with the language revision.

This is furthermore a fitting place to thank my lovely wife Tiina and our daughters Eeva and Elisa for their compassion and care during these years of study. Thank you for all this.

Finally, I wish to express my sincere thanks to Professors Martin Hengel and Otfried Hofius of Tübingen for their kind acceptance of my study for publication in this distinguished series, as well as the editorial staff of J.C.B. Mohr (Paul Siebeck) for their highly professional assistance in preparing the manuscript for publication.

Timo Eskola
Theological Institute of Finland
Kaisaniemenkatu 13 A 4. krs
FIN-00100 Helsinki
Finland
e-mail: teolinst@clinet.fi

Unless otherwise indicated, biblical quotations in English are taken from the New Revised Standard Version.

Contents

Preface	VII
Abbreviations	XII
<i>Introduction</i>	1
§ 1 Theodicy and Predestination in New Testament Exegesis	1
1.1. Occasion and purpose of the study	1
1.2. How to define predestination: on methodology	3
1.3. Predestination in the context of the problem of theodicy	6
§ 2 Different ‘History-of-Religions’ Approaches and the Context of Paul’s Soteriology	8
2.1. The traditional ‘history-of-religions’ approach (W. Bousset, A. Deissmann)	8
2.2. Paul the mystic (A. Schweitzer)	11
2.3. The gnostic hypothesis (R. Bultmann)	12
2.4. New emphasis on Paul’s Jewish background (W.D. Davies, H.-J. Schoeps, P. Stuhlmacher)	15
2.5. Paul and Rabbinic Judaism: a new pattern (E.P. Sanders)	18
2.6. Locating Paul in the diversity of Second Temple Jewish theology (J.Chr. Beker, B.W. Longenecker, G. Schimanowski, M.A. Seifrid, et al.)	22
<i>Chapter I: God’s Chosen People in Crisis</i>	27
§ 3 The Problem of Theodicy in Second Temple Sapiential Theology	28
3.1. A theology of crisis	29
3.2. Soteriological dualism	41
3.3. An era of synergistic nomism	44
<i>Excursus: The Theory of Covenantal Nomism</i>	52
§ 4 The Solution of Apocalyptic: The Judgment of God	61
4.1. The desecration of the Temple	63
4.2. The decline of the Hasmoneans	65
4.3. The destruction of Jerusalem	69

4.4. Judgment and the Day of Wrath	74
§ 5 The Ambivalent Concept of Predestination at Qumran	79
5.1. Cosmic predestination	79
5.2. The call to repentance	84
5.3. Atonement by obedience	87
Summary	93
 <i>Chapter II: The Problem of Theodicy and Predestination in Paul's Soteriology</i>	95
§ 6 Will God Still Help His People?	95
6.1. The faithfulness of God has not failed (Rom. 3:3-4)	96
6.2. The righteous shall live by faith (Rom. 1:16-17)	101
6.3. The Day of Wrath will come (Rom. 1:18)	116
6.4. God's judgment will bring justice	122
§ 7 The Radical Anthropology of Paul's Soteriology	125
7.1. The total domination of sin	125
7.2. The dynamics of Adam typology	129
7.3. The principle of paradoxical polarization in soteriology	137
§ 8 Mankind Imprisoned Under the Power of Sin	143
8.1. Sold into slavery	143
8.2. The hardening of Israel	149
8.3. The predestination of judgment	160
§ 9 Predetermination and Election	165
9.1. Calling and election	166
9.2. Christocentric predestination	177
9.3. The problem of double predestination	180
Summary	186
 <i>Chapter III: Predestination, Law and Justification</i>	189
§ 10 The Paradoxical Function of the Law	190
10.1. The Law which brings death	191
10.2. Does the law produce sin?	201
10.3. Avodat Israel and the "works of the law"	208
§ 11 The Principle of "Counting as Loss" in Paul	221
11.1. Abandoning the old religious identity (Gal. 2:15-16)	221
11.2. Denying human efforts (Phil. 3:4-8)	225
11.3. Denying religious achievements (Rom. 3:27-28)	230

§ 12 Two Kinds of Righteousness	235
12.1. Submitting to God's righteousness (Rom. 10:2-3)	235
12.2. "As if based on works" (Rom. 9:31-32)	241
12.3. The righteousness of Christ (Rom. 3:21-26)	246
Summary	250
<i>Chapter IV: Paul's Universalist Soteriology</i>	252
§ 13 The Christological Argument in Soteriology	252
13.1. Paul and his Jewish heritage	253
13.2. The centre of salvation history	259
13.3. The principle of contemporary application	262
§ 14 A Solution Before the Plight?	267
14.1. Paul and the alleged "covenantal nomism"	267
14.2. Paul's consistency questioned	275
14.3. What is the "plight" of man?	282
<i>Excursus: A Hermeneutical Problem – Lutherans, Calvinists, and Dispensationalists study Jewish Christianity</i>	287
§ 15 The Principles of Predestinarian Soteriology	293
15.1. Providing a solution to the problem of theodicy	293
15.2. Paul's apocalyptic eschatology	299
15.3. Divine coercion and Christocentric universalism	302
<i>Conclusion</i>	307
Bibliography	315
Index of Passages	333
Index of Authors	343
Index of Subjects	348

Abbreviations

1. Periodicals, Series, Reference Works

AGJU	Arbeiten zur Geschichte des antiken Judentums und des Urchristentums
ALGHJ	Arbeiten zur Literatur und Geschichte des hellenistischen Judentums
AncB	Anchor Bible
ABD	Anchor Bible Dictionary
AGSU	Arbeiten zur Geschichte des Spätjudentums und Urchristentums
AnBib	Analecta Biblica
ANFa	Ante-Nicene Fathers
ASOR	American Schools of Oriental Research
ATD	Altes Testament Deutsch
ATHANT	Abhandlungen zur Theologie des Alten und Neuen Testaments
ATHD	Acta Theologica Danica
AzTh	Arbeiten zur Theologie
BA	Biblical Archaeologist
BBB	Bonner Biblische Beiträge
BBR	Bulletin for Biblical Research
BDR	Blass/Debrunner/Rehkopf, Grammatik des neutestamentlichen Griechisch
BETHL	Bibliotheca Ephemeridum Theologicarum Lovaniensium
BEvTh	Beiträge zur Evangelischen Theologie
Bib	Biblica
BK	Biblischer Kommentar
BKAT	Biblischer Kommentar. Altes Testament
BNTC	Black's New Testament Commentaries
BZ	Biblische Zeitschrift
BZAW	Beihefte zur Zeitschrift für die alttestamentliche Wissenschaft
BZNW	Beihefte zur Zeitschrift für die neutestamentliche Wissenschaft
CB	Coniectanea Biblica
CB.NT	Coniectanea Biblica. New Testament Series
CBQ	Catholic Biblical Quarterly
CCWJCW	Cambridge Commentaries on Writings of the Jewish and Christian World 200 BC to AD 200
DJD	Discoveries in the Judaean Desert (of Jordan)
EETH	Einführung in die evangelische Theologie
EHS.T	Europäische Hochschulschriften. Reihe 23, Theologie
EJ	Encyclopedie Judaica
EJTh	European Journal of Theology
EKK	Evangelisch-Katholischer Kommentar

EQ	Evangelical Quarterly
EvTh	Evangelische Theologie
EWNT	Exegetisches Wörterbuch zum Neuen Testament, ed. H. Balz, G. Schneider
ExpT	Expository Times
FzB	Forschung zur Bibel
FRLANT	Forschungen zur Religion und Literatur des Alten un Neuen Testaments
GCS	Die griechischen christlichen Schriftsteller der ersten drei Jahrhunderte
GTA	Göttinger Theologische Arbeiten
HAT	Handbuch zum Alten Testament
HNT	Handbuch zum Neuen Testament
HR	History of Religions
HThK	Herders Theologischer Kommentar
HTR	Harvard Theological Review
ICC	International Critical Commentary
Interp.	Interpretation
IVP	InterVarsity Press
JBL	Journal of Biblical Literature
JJS	Journal of Jewish Studies
JR	Journal of Religion
JSJ	Journal for the Study of Judaism
JSNT	Journal for the Study of the New Testament
JSNTS	Journal for the Study of the New Testament, Supplement Series
JSOT	Journal for the Study of the Old Testament
JSOTS	Journal for the Study of the Old Testament, Supplement Series
JThS	Journal of Theological Studies
Jud	Judaica
KAT	Kommentar zum Alten Testament
KEK	Kritisch-Exegetischer Kommentar
KuD	Kerygma und Dogma
LCC	Library of Christian classics
LCL	Loeb Classical Library
MNTC	Moffatt New Testament commentary
MS	Monograph Series
MSSNTS	Monograph Series. Society for New Testament Studies
NF	Neue Folge
NICNT	New international commentary on the New Testament
NIGTC	New International Greek Testament Commentary
NT	Novum Testamentum (=NovT)
NTA	Neutestamentliche Abhandlungen
NTD	Neues Testament Deutsch

NTS	New Testament Studies
NT.S	Novum Testamentum. Supplements
OTL	Old Testament library
PVTG	Pseudepigrapha veteris testamenti Graece
RB	Revue biblique
RGG	Religion in Geschichte und Gegenwart
RQ	Revue de Qumran
SBL	Society of Biblical Literature
SBL.DS	SBL Dissertation Series
SBLMS	SBL Monograph Series
SBLSBS	SBL Sources for Biblical Study
SBL.SP	SBL Seminar Papers
SBM	Stuttgarter Biblische Monographien
SBS	Stuttgarter Bibelstudien
SBT	Studies in Biblical Theology
SE SJ	Suomen eksegeettisen seuran julkaisuja
SEÅ	Svensk Exegetisk Årsbok
SJLA	Studies in Judaism in Late Antiquity
SJT	Scottish Journal of Theology
SMBen.BE	Serie monografica di ‘Benedictina’. Sezione biblico-ecumenica
SNT	Schriften des Neuen Testaments
SNTS	Society for New Testament Studies
SSN	Studia semitica Neerlandica
StTDJ	Studies on the texts of the desert of Judah
StTh	Studia theologica (Lund)
StUNT	Studien zur Umwelt der Neuen Testaments
SUTS	Suomalainen Uuden testamentin selitys
SVT	Supplements to <i>Vetus Testamentum</i>
SVTP	Studia in <i>Veteris Testimenti Pseudepigrapha</i>
TAik	Theologinen Aikakauskirja
TANZ	Texte und Arbeiten zum neutestamentlichen Zeitalter
TBLNT	Theologisches Begriffslexikon zum Neuen Testament
TEH	Theologische Existenz heute
THAT	Theologisches Handwörterbuch zum Alten Testament
ThBeitr	Theologische Beiträge
ThLZ	Theologische Literaturzeitung
ThR	Theologische Rundschau
ThSt	Theological Studies
ThW	Theologische Wissenschaft
ThWAT	Theologisches Wörterbuch zum Alten Testament
ThWNT	Theologisches Wörterbuch zum Neuen Testament
ThZ	Theologische Zeitschrift
TRE	Theologische Realenzyklopädie
TPI	Trinity Press International
TS	Theological studies

TSAJ	Texte und Studien zum Antiken Judentum
TToday	Theology Today (=ThTo)
TyndB	Tyndale Bulletin
USF	University of South Florida
UTB	Uni-Taschenbücher
VT	Vetus Testamentum
WBC	Word Biblical Commentary
WTJ	Westminster theological journal
WMANT	Wissenschaftliche Monographien zum Alten und Neuen Testament
WUNT	Wissenschaftliche Untersuchungen zum Neuen Testament
ZAW	Zeitschrift für die alttestamentliche Wissenschaft
ZNW	Zeitschrift für die neutestamentliche Wissenschaft
ZThK	Zeitschrift für Theologie und Kirche

2. Technical and Other Abbreviations

AV	Authorized Version
cf.	confer
col.	columna
ed(s).	editor(s)
ET	English Translation
f	fragment
FS	Festschrift (Studies in Honour of, etc.)
H	Hebrew text of Sirach
KJV	King James Version
LXX	Septuagint
m	Mishnah tractate
MS(S)	manuscript(s)
MT	Masoretic text
n	footnote
n.d.	no date
NEB	New English Bible
NTV	New International Version
NRSV	New Revised Standard Version
NT	New Testament
o.c.	opus citatum
OT	Old Testament
RSV	Revised Standard Version
v(v)	verse(s)
vol.	volume

Introduction

Paul's theology is a real challenge to scholars. His uniqueness is evident even from the fact that scholars have been completely unable to reach a consensus concerning the nature of his teaching or the structure of his soteriology. The direction of interpretation has changed over and over again. One scholar considers Paul a mystic and another sees him as a rationalistic Christian Pharisee. As regards soteriology, there has been a lengthy battle between those who define his soteriology as participationist eschatology and those who emphasize a juridical theology of justification. In such a situation it is more than interesting to make an attempt at finding a new approach and a new way of interpretation.

§ 1 Theodicy and Predestination in New Testament Exegesis

1.1. Occasion and purpose of the study

At the key point of the first chapter of Romans Paul introduces the heart of his message concerning the election and salvation which God has prepared for human beings. The gospel is the power of God, because in the gospel the righteousness of God is disclosed to this world, and it alone can bring salvation to those who believe (Rom. 1:16-17). Paul's description of the gospel is good predestinarian language. It contains all the elements needed: a criterion for eschatological salvation and a criterion for eternal damnation.

The aspect of predestination has not aroused great interest among scholars, however. Paul's soteriology has been studied from quite another perspective and with different premises. Thus there is room for a fresh start, especially as the texts themselves bring out the dynamics of predestinarian theology. This is true throughout Paul's letters, and especially as concerns Romans. In the history of New Testament scholarship this theme is not unknown, however.¹ For example, during the time of the Reformation it was considered one of the

¹ For some modern treatments of the subject see e.g. B. Mayer, *Unter Gottes Heilsratschluss. Prädestinationsaussagen bei Paulus*; and G. Röhser, *Prädestination und Verstockung. Untersuchungen zur frühjüdischen, paulinischen und johanneischen Theologie*. Questions concerning the Protestant tradition of interpretation have been discussed, for example, in P.K. Jewett, *Election and Predestination*.

most important features of Pauline (!) theology, and it greatly influenced the formulation of Protestant soteriology.

Due to the Protestant tradition this subject is also rather loaded with dogmatic presuppositions and hermeneutical premises. Ever since Calvin, and actually even since Augustine earlier, the idea of double predestination has had considerable influence on the interpretation of this theme in general, and the interpretation of Paul's letters in particular. The basic belief was that God has foreordained and elected some individuals to salvation, and left some unelected or even foreordained them to damnation.

Such a teaching can be found in the writings of Calvin:²

"We call predestination God's eternal decree, by which he compacted with himself what he willed to become of each man. For all are not created in equal condition; rather, eternal life is foreordained for some, eternal damnation for others. Therefore, as any man has been created to one or the other of these ends, we speak of him as predestined to life or to death."

Since this kind of teaching was based on the interpretation of certain passages in the letters of Paul, and especially Romans, Calvin's views have remained influential in Pauline studies and in commentaries on Romans. No study of the subject can be made without an analysis of and comment on this tradition.

An exegetical analysis of Paul's theology of predestination must not be dependent on dogmatics, however. We must concentrate on the texts themselves and further analyze Paul's tradition-historical background in Judaism. This leads us to undertake an investigation of the theology of predestination in Second Temple Jewish literature. This is the proper religious and theological context of Paul's teaching. Through the analysis we are able to pay attention to the problems and tensions between Paul and his Jewish contemporaries.

As the study concerns the theological dynamics of Jewish teaching during the Second Temple period, we are led to investigate the problem of theodicy. This is the context in which the theology of predestination was formulated in the time of Paul himself.

Such a context leads us to the primary task of this study. *In this work we shall investigate the relation between Jewish predestinarian theology and Paul's soteriology.* As the former originated in the context of the problem of theodicy, we must assess the relevance of this question in the theology of Paul, too.

There are several points of contact between Jewish predestinarian theology and the letters of Paul. Both write about the coming judgment of God. The election of God is a key subject as regards the anticipation of the end. And apocalyptic

² Calvin, *Institutes*, 3.21.5. See also McGrath, *Theology*, 451f.

eschatology naturally focusses its proclamation on the message of eternal salvation.

The investigation of Jewish theology can naturally be no more than a survey, because the emphasis is on the analysis of Paul's teaching. The purpose of chapter 3 is to penetrate to the question, how general and common the problem of theodicy was in the Second Temple period. This investigation also leads us to present criticism of the theory of covenantal nomism elaborated by E.P. Sanders, which is a leading paradigm in the study of this subject.

As regards the theology of Paul, we shall investigate especially the question how predestinarian themes occur in his soteriology (part II). This also comprises analyses of Pauline anthropology and the occurrence of the problem of theodicy itself. On the basis of these foundational subjects we can then in part III assess how Paul's predestinarian theology affected his conceptions of the status of the law and the nature of justification. In the last part (IV) of the book we shall assess and outline the overall picture of Paul's soteriology and discuss the value of the results in relation to other main interpretations of Paul's soteriology.

1.2. How to define predestination: on methodology

The word "predestination" refers to some kind of decree, but this does not yet help us to define the concept itself. When we pay attention to the meaning of the word we immediately encounter a great number of questions. What has been decreed and how did it happen? Is the decree unconditional or not? What is the goal of the one who has been predestined? What is the relation of man's will to the decree of God?

In academic scholarship there have been several attempts to provide a definition and all of them have both advantages and faults.

1. Definition according to the terminology. One could naturally investigate predestinarian theology by analysing the words which denote divine foreordination. In Greek the most important of these words is *προορίζω*, which occurs in several interesting contexts, for example in Romans 8. The same semantic field contains words such as *πρόθεσις* (< *προτίθημι*). It has a meaning which concerns God's plan and Paul uses it when speaking of God's election (Rom. 9:11). Words denoting election belong to the same group. This concerns, for example, the word *ἐκλογή*.³

The investigation of such words is not only possible but necessary. This is an essential element of the study, even though we are dealing with quite a

³ A definition based on relevant terminology is typical of dictionary articles. For an example, see Dinkler, *RGG* 5 (1986) 481-483. He does not over-simplify this approach, however, but also takes the tradition history into account.

simple point of departure. One of the problems in this line of study is, however, that we have few occurrences of relevant words in the New Testament. Thus it is not easy to construct a consistent interpretation merely on that basis.

The semantic aspect has its dangers, too, and we must beware of one-sidedness here. The use of Latin carries a danger, since the word *praedestino* has a somewhat deterministic teleological meaning. The verb *destino* relates to ordination and decreeing, and *destinatum* denotes a goal. It is quite natural that predestination is easily interpreted as a deterministic decreeing of a person's destiny.

In the analysis of Second Temple Jewish theology and Paul's teaching we cannot assume beforehand that the concept of predestination must be deterministic. Quite on the contrary, we must investigate the texts as they are and attempt to define the concept of predestination according to the available evidence. In this work we need to take seriously the demands of both modern semantics and contextual theological analysis.

2. A classical problem of Romans 9-11. As regards the theology of Paul, the problem of predestination has often been analysed by concentrating on the special section of Romans, i.e. chapters 9-11. This section has sometimes been considered an excursus on the problem of divine election. Thus the answer to the dilemma concerning Paul's theology of predestination has been sought in an analysis of these chapters.⁴

The advantage of this approach is that there is a clearly defined section which is easily subjected to investigation. One cannot neglect this section in any analysis of the problem of predestination. There is a danger, however, as regards the usefulness of this approach. If the section is separated from its context in Romans, it can lead to a one-sided conclusion once again. This is what has happened during the history of research. These chapters have been separated from the other parts of the letter, and they have been considered an independent essay on the subject of divine hardening. Such a treatment should not be welcomed in modern research.

3. The dogmatic approach: the question of double predestination. In the Protestant tradition we have had a strong tendency to use the concept of double predestination in the study of Paul's theology. This is primarily due to the influence of Calvinist theology, to which we referred above. In this tradition salvation has been prepared only for the elect, and others will be left unsaved.

⁴ For example, Röhser has studied the theme of predestination by concentrating on these chapters. This is why the problem arising from Romans is for him primarily the problem concerning divine hardening. Röhser, *Prädestination*, Iff. This question is naturally part of the question concerning the status of Israel in God's plan of salvation, but as regards the theology of predestination in general it is merely a part of the whole subject.

This kind of conception is completely deterministic. The fate of the individual has been foreordained even before he or she was born. During his or her lifetime he or she cannot really alter his or her fate, even though the gospel must be proclaimed to the elect.⁵

It is naturally tempting to make use of a clear concept of predestination in the interpretation of a difficult issue. We must resist this temptation, however, and attempt to find an unprejudiced approach instead. The danger of anachronistic interpretation is too great in the dogmatic assessment. On the contrary, we must attempt to find the basic dynamics of Second Temple Jewish theology and compare them with the teaching of Paul. Jewish theologians were convinced that God would sentence sinners to eternal damnation. This is common knowledge. But the conditions and nature of this kind of predestination are not evidently clear.

4. *Predestination as an election of grace.* There is furthermore a tradition beginning from Augustine where predestination is defined as an *electio gratiae*, God's divine decree of salvation. As regards a dogmatic analysis this is actually not clearly a separate approach from that of the concept of double predestination. Here the emphasis is on grace, however.

It is good to note that predestination can also be evaluated as a question of how God has prepared salvation for human beings. In our investigation of the subject we are here interested in God's election and the realization of that election in this world.⁶ This is not a denial of the critical remark as to whether this conception as such is not similar to the concept of double predestination. If the elect are predestined to salvation, others must be predestined to damnation.

This approach has its advantages, too. One must not forget the aspect of election when the descriptions of judgment seem to be prevalent. It seems to be clear, however, that when the overall picture of Paul's theology of predestination is outlined, it must comprise all possible aspects of the question. Too narrow a description results in a distorted picture and does not resolve the problems of Pauline soteriology.

⁵ The concept of double predestination occurs, for example, in the monographs of Schweitzer, *Mystik*, 102-104; and Sanders, *Paul*, 446f. The greatest problem in this tradition of interpretation is that after a scholar has accepted this approach he no longer questions the premises of the theology of predestination – even though the texts themselves point to a different conception.

⁶ This is the primary aspect on which Mayer concentrated in his monograph, Mayer, *Heilsratschluss*. He concentrated on Pauline passages where God's act of election is perceptible. This approach is good as regards the Christological texts of Paul. Mayer has presented an interesting analysis of them, even though his interpretation of Paul's soteriology in its entirety is rather narrow.

1.3. Predestination in the context of the problem of theodicy

There are some important conclusions which we can draw from previous attempts at defining the concept of predestination. Firstly, we must note that we should beware of an anachronistic approach in the analysis of Second Temple Jewish theology and the teaching of Paul. The contextual analysis itself should bring forth those features which form the basic structure of each concept of predestination.

It is clear that predestination must mean the decreeing of a person's eternal destiny or fate in one way or another. Predestinarian theology treats above all the question of how God sentences sinners to damnation or how he elects the righteous to salvation. This is why the term predestination belongs in the context where terms such as sin, judgment, grace and salvation occur. At this stage we do not need to define the concept more accurately. It is not good to restrict the analysis and lay out too many conditions in advance. An explanation of Paul's theology of predestination must be based on the texts themselves. In the analysis we must be cautious about the dogmatic premises because they can easily lead the explanation away from the intentions of the material studied.

In the analysis we must take the section Rom. 9-11 into account, but the analysis cannot centre solely on this. In the assessment of the theology of predestination we must consider Paul's teaching in its entirety. As regards the other subjects mentioned above, namely the idea of divine hardening and God's election, they must be regarded as important aspects of this study. They too, however, must be assessed in the context of the overall picture which is drawn by contextual tradition-historical analysis and theological construction.

In Jewish theology the problem of theodicy dictates the framework for the theology of predestination. The theme of predestination occurs in texts where the despotic power of ungodly rulers and the sinfulness of Israel are criticized. This point of departure directs the investigation of the subject of predestination. It also brings to the fore two methodological details. We must pay attention to the conception of sin and the respective anthropology of each writer. This helps us to define how they think God will solve the problem of Israel or the problem of the whole of humankind.

The problem of theodicy is actually the problem of sin. For this reason the same problem reaches a climax in the questions concerning the will and omnipotence of God. If sin prevails the omnipotence of God is called into question. If ungodly despots rule, the faithfulness of God is called into question. Thus it is the history of Israel itself which generates the basic problems which demand the solutions given in the theology of predestination.

This is methodically a proper context for the assessment of predestinarian

theology. This definition also outlines the purpose of the investigation as regards the other traditions of interpretation referred to above. There is an evident relation between the problem of theodicy and the theology of predestination, both in Jewish theology and in Paul's soteriology. The aim of this study is to find an answer to the question concerning the basic dynamics of this relation.

§ 2 *Different 'History-of-Religions' Approaches and the Context of Paul's Soteriology*

The long history of the study of Pauline soteriology is full of significant changes. This is why no proper discussion with earlier research is possible without a thorough overview of that history. One cannot bypass old studies since the views and explanations which were conceived at the beginning of the century have had a surprisingly strong influence, “Wirkungsgeschichte”, for a long time. Only when we know these theories can we properly understand modern scholarship and discern its details.

2.1. The traditional 'history-of-religions' approach (W. Bousset, A. Deissmann)

In early Protestant Pauline studies there was a tension between the traditional, systematic approach and that of the emerging study of the history of religions. For a long time the study of Paul's theology had concentrated mostly on his “dogmatics”. The analysis of Paul's theology was interested only in details of dogma. Great emphasis was naturally laid on the subject of justification, which at the Reformation had become the centre of theology. According to the prevailing method, theology was believed to be solved when the right “centre” was found.

This traditional view was popular in Germany until the end of the nineteenth century, as is shown in A. Schweitzer's history of Pauline studies. A change in scholarship took place when the school of ‘history of religions’ presented its own theories about the genealogy of Paul's thinking. New ideas were introduced, especially by R. Reitzenstein in his study of Paul's letters.¹

This new school of the history of religions soon became a rival for the dogmatic tradition. Paul's theology was approached from quite a new direction. Paul was no longer regarded as a systematic theologian, “the first Christian dogmatist”, but as a religious thinker and even a meditative mystic. The object of study was Paul's “religion”. According to W. Bousset, Paul was the founder of a cultic religion, and H. Weinel, in turn, regarded him as a religious mystic.²

The ideas of the ‘history-of-religions’ school were built on the foundation laid by F.C. Baur. He had introduced a pattern for the history of the early

¹ See the ET of Schweitzer, *Paul and His Interpreters*. A presentation of Reitzenstein e.g. in Kümmel, *History*, 268-269.

² See Bousset, *Kyrios Christos*, 104ff. This description of Bousset and Weinel is presented by Beker, who emphasizes that the history-of-religions approach was a reaction against earlier dogmatic study. Beker, *Paul*, 13.

Church. According to Baur, Paul was an opponent of Peter and formed an antithesis to an alleged conservative Palestinian Jewish Christianity.³ According to the history-of-religions school, Paul belonged in the sphere of Hellenistic thinking. This is why his theology and “mysticism” was explained in the context of Hellenistic philosophy and Hellenistic religions.⁴

For Bousset the Hellenistic mystery religions were a key to Paul’s soteriology. In this phase of study the idea of divine election was not considered an important feature in soteriology. According to Bousset, salvation meant merely a mystical union with a divine heavenly being. He thought that the soteriology of Paul, as well as the soteriology of Hellenistic Christian theology in general, was based on a Hellenistic cult of the *kyrios*. The proclamation of Jesus as a heavenly Lord was thus of Greek origin.⁵ And further, when baptism and the Holy Communion were explained against a similar background, the whole outlook of Christianity was that of a mystery religion.⁶

A. Deissmann was also familiar with the interpretation of the history-of-religions school, but he shifted the emphasis from pagan Hellenism to Hellenistic Judaism. He disagreed with his predecessors and did not attempt to explain the structure of Paul’s theology according to Hellenistic mystery religions. He rejected Bousset’s conception and focused on Hellenistic Jewish theology, instead. In this sense he protected the link between Paul and early Jewish Christianity.⁷ The core of Paul’s theology, however, was again found in a concept of mystical relationship with Christ (“being in Christ”) – a feature that is rather easy to understand against Deissmann’s background in the scholarship of the history-of-religions school. In this way he supported and strengthened the idea of the “spiritual” nature of Paul’s soteriology. According to Deissmann, the Hellenistic element in Paul’s thinking can be detected in his way of describing faith as “being in Christ” and Christ himself as “Spirit”.⁸

³ This is also evident in Baur’s concept of Christology, see Baur, *Paulus*, 620ff. The ideas of Baur are presented in general by Kümmel, *History*, 127ff.

⁴ See Bousset, *Kyrios Christos*, 75ff. For critical assessments of Baur’s scheme, see e.g. Vielhauer, *EvTh* 25 (1965) 24-72, and Balz, *Methodische Probleme*, 23-24.

⁵ Berger has detected the backgrounds of this kind of hermeneutics which concentrates on the idea of a cultic hero. According to his analysis, Bousset has been linked to German Idealism through Fichte and Carlyle. In this Idealism history was seen as a playground of great personalities, “heroes”, who gave form to the great intentions and “ideas” of the transcendent. When this kind of Idealism was connected with the theory of the history of religions it produced the conception of a cultic hero. Berger, *Exegese und Philosophie*, 90-93.

⁶ Bousset, *Kyrios Christos*, 57, 99. See the analysis of Colpe, *Die religionsgeschichtliche Schule*, 194-195. A critique of Bousset’s influence is given in an article by Hurtado, bearing a similar title, *TS* 40 (1979) 306-317.

⁷ Deissmann, *Paulus*, 100, 101.

⁸ Deissmann, *Paulus*, 107ff. The origins of an interpretation of participatory soteriology

Deissmann, too, was one of those scholars who desired to get rid of the dogmatic “Paulinismus” of German scholarship.⁹ He proposed to replace it with history in the manner of Bousset and other predecessors. Furthermore, Deissmann is important for his assessment of the nature of Paul’s thinking. For Deissmann, Paul was in fact not a real theologian. He was more a man of prayer than a thinker and learned exegete.¹⁰

Dogmatic Pauline scholarship was thus replaced by a history-of-religions paradigm, where Paul was regarded as a mystic concentrating on subjective experience. He was distanced from both systematic thinking and Second Temple Jewish theology. As far as the latter was concerned there were two interpretations, though. The earlier history-of-religions school was interested in the mystery religions of the Hellenistic world. Later the emphasis was on Jewish theology, and apocalyptic literature in particular.

A tension between the dogmatic approach and the history-of-religions scholarship seems to be somewhat over-emphasized. Traditional “Paulinismus” belonged in a sense to the pre-critical period and after the birth of historico-critical study it is only natural to consider its views rather time-bound. It is, however, justified to search for a systematic structure in any writer’s presentation.

Not only dogmatic studies but also nearly all the human sciences are based on such a “common-sense” presupposition. The denial of this starting-point would result in a kind of post-modern eclecticism, according to which it is even theoretically impossible to obtain factual knowledge from cultural objects.¹¹ Furthermore, one should not forget the linguistic level of study.

can thus be detected in the history-of-religions school. I would not make precise claims about the innovator of the interpretation, though, since – as it seems – several scholars presented it simultaneously at the beginning of the century.

⁹ Deissmann, *Paulus*, 2.

¹⁰ “Mit seinem Besten gehört Paulus nicht in die Theologie, sondern in die Religion.” Deissmann, *Paulus*, 4. For the analysis see Beker, *Paul*, 15.

¹¹ In the area of Pauline studies there has been an ongoing debate over the question whether in Paul’s theology it is possible to discern a doctrinal core which would explain his thinking. For the discussion see Beker, *Paul*, 13f. Räisänen has rightly criticized previous efforts at searching for this kind of doctrinal centre in the footsteps of J.P. Gabler, i.e. trying to separate “timeless” dogma from time-bound material. Räisänen, *Beyond*, 3ff. At the same time, however, he unfortunately serves as an example for a view which abandons the task of making a systematic analysis in theological hermeneutics. In the footsteps of W. Wrede (New Testament theology does not differ from a history of religion) – and Deissmann in principle – he treats Paul as an incoherent writer. Räisänen, *Beyond*, 16, 105, 126; Räisänen, *Law*, 201

Index of Passages

1. Old Testament		<i>Job</i>	
		20:28	118
<i>Genesis</i>		21:20	118
1:3	131	21:30	118
5:3	172		
18:19	170	<i>Psalms</i>	
		1:5	31
<i>Exodus</i>		2:12	118
8:19	138	4:4	31
12:24-26	213	5:12	231
15:17-18	264	7:9	31
18:20	215	9:6-18	139
19:1	290	30:6	118
19:3	290	31:24	31
35:21-24	212	32:10	31
		32:11	231
<i>Numbers</i>		51:6	98
25:4	118	52:3	231
25:13	90 , 218	64:11	31
32:14	118	76:8	118
		76:9	120
<i>Deuteronomy</i>		78:49	118
10:16	141	84:7	108
24:1	32	89:4	173
30	45, 84	89:18	231
30:1-3	46	89:20-29	173
30:6	141	94:3	231
30:15-16	46	97:10	31
33:21	247	103:6	31, 247
33:29	231	106:23	118
		106:30	90, 218
<i>Joshua</i>		109:31	31
22:27	212	110	173
		110:5	118
<i>1 Samuel</i>		116:11	98
12:7	247	140:17	31
		143:2	223
<i>Ezra</i>			
9:13-14	33	<i>Isaiah</i>	
		2:1-4	159
<i>Nehemiah</i>		5:25	118
9	33	9:11	118
		10:4	118

11:10	118	11:3	35
13:9	118	11:31-33	63
14:5	139	12:1-3	63
26:20	104		
30:30	118	<i>Amos</i>	
40:9	33	9:11	118
41:17	33		
42:24	33	<i>Habakkuk</i>	
43:15	33	1:2-3	30
44:6	33	1:13	30
50:1-2	32	2:1ff	
52:7	78	2:2-4	110
59:18	118	2:3	104, 110
63:15-64:11	120	2:4	31, 101, 102, 110, 111, 112, 114, 115, 187, 312
64:1	121		
		2:20	31
<i>Jeremiah</i>			
1:5	170		
4:4	141	<i>Zephaniah</i>	
4:8	118	1:15f.	118
9:2	108	2:2f.	118
12:13	118	3:3-4	31
17:14	231	3:5	31
23:5-6	118		
25:15	118	<i>Haggai</i>	
30:8-9	118	2:23	118
30:24	118		
33:15-16	118	<i>Zechariah</i>	
51:45	118	3:8-10	118
<i>Lamentations</i>		<i>8Hev XII gr</i>	
1:12	118	17.29-30	102
2:1f.	118		
5:7	32		
<i>Ezekiel</i>		2. Jewish Literature	
7:19	118		
18:2-4	32	A. Apocrypha	
18:5-8	32		
18:23	32	<i>Tobit</i>	
22:21	118	13:5	85
34:23	32		
36:25	32	<i>Additions to Esther</i>	
37:5	32	4:6f.	74
<i>Daniel</i>		<i>Baruch</i>	
7:7	35	1:15-20	33
7:14	76	2:6-7	74, 207
9:4-19	76	3:32	133
8:5-21	35	4:1	133

<i>Greek Daniel</i>		21:1-6	46, 214
3:26-46	74	21:2	126
		27:10	126
<i>I Maccabees</i>		33:11-15	44
1:2-3	35	33:14-15	41
1:41-54	63	36:8	119
1:48	64	39:8	231
2	139	39:16	38
2:39-48	65	40:10	38
2:48	139	41:11	43
2:49-54	90, 214, 218	46:23-24	90, 218
2:64	64		
13:41-42	66		
14:30-39	66		
		<i>Wisdom of Solomon</i>	
		1:12-15	133
		1:15	43
<i>2 Maccabees</i>		1:15-2:1	38
6:5	63	2:12	38
7:9-19	65	2:19-20	65
7:14	74, 257	3:1-10	257
		3:10	39
<i>Sirach</i>		4:7-11	65
1:11-20	37	4:17	43
1:25-30	46	4:19-20	43
2:7, 11	46	5:15-16	65
2:9	43	6:3-4	213
5:5-6	37	6:17-19	48, 214
5:6	119	8:4	213
5:8	42	11:9	119
7:17	43	11:23	48
8:7	42	12:4, 19	213
10:6	213	12:19	48
10:8-9	37	16:5	119
10:12	46	18:20	119
10:12-13	42		
11:20-21	213		
11:28	43		
15:11	44		
15:12	38		
15:14-15	45, 214	<i>Apocalypse of Abraham</i>	
15:16-17	45, 214	31:2-8	71
15:17	133		
15:19	213		
15:20	46		
16:11-12	42	<i>Apocalypse of Adam</i>	
16:12	213	1:5	127
16:26-27	133		
17:1-6	38		
17:6-7	45, 214	<i>Apocalypse of Moses</i>	
17:25	46	20	126
17:25-26	42	20f.	127
		<i>Life of Adam and Eve</i>	
		39:2	127

<i>Assumptio Mosis/</i>		2:1-14	71
<i>Testament of Moses</i>		3:8	71
1:14	179	3:20	71
		3:21	73
<i>Testament of Abraham</i>		3:32-33	70
12-14	75	4:7-12	71
		4:25	71
<i>2 Baruch/Apocalypse of Baruch</i>		4:30	73
5:2-4	71	5:30	71
13:2-6	71	6:25-28	71
48:47	123	6:57-59	70
51:1,3	127	7:10-15	73
54:5	239	7:19-22	72
54:15,21	127	7:28-42	75
78:5-7	71	7:33-35	71
		7:37	71
<i>1 Enoch</i>		7:60	76
<i>see also:</i>	11, 23, 61, 62	7:117-118	73, 207
1-5	74	7:122-125	127
6-11	35, 61	9:7-8	72
7:1-5	35	9:15-25	62, 76
7:6	35	9:19	73
8:3-4	35	9:30-34	72
9:3-5	35		
9:4-5	36	<i>Jubilees</i>	
10:2	36	1:23	141
10:2-4	35	5:13	123
10:12	36	15:33-34	64
10:12-13	35	22-23	62
10:16-17	36	22:16ff.	140
37-71	76	23:17-31	85
38:2	110	23:24,26,30	64
50:1	127	30:21-23	64
53:6	110	36	62
62:5-9	76		
84:4	119	<i>Psalms of Solomon</i>	
85-90	63	<i>see also:</i>	11, 23
90:2	35	1:8	284
90:9	64	2	39, 40, 43
90:24ff.	64	2:1-5	39
91:7-9	119	2:3-5	43
94-102	62	2:10	40
98:8-16	62	2:11f.	284
98:10	75, 207	3:1-12	75
100:4-5	75	3:8	255
		8	39
<i>4 Ezra</i>		8:6-17	43
<i>see also:</i>	11, 23, 56, 61, 62, 69,	8:13	284
	139	9:3-5	214
1:4-6	70	12	43

12:4-6	43	<i>TGad</i>	
14:1-4	75	4:5	168
14:6-9	75		
15:10-30	75	<i>TBenjamin</i>	
17:15	284	4:5	168
17:24	139	5:2-3	214
		10:11	159
<i>Pseudo-Philo</i>			
11:1-2	123		
12:2	139	C. Dead Sea Scrolls	
<i>Sibylline Oracles</i>			
2:218	123	<i>CD</i>	
3:669-673	75	I,7-11	64
3:670-700	62	III,10-14	85
3:741-750	62, 76	III,20	127
4:80-96	35	VI,11-17	86
4:40-43	76	XI,2f.	140
4:180-190	76	XI:14ff.	140
8:222-224	123	XIII	86
		XV,5-10	86
		XX,22-27	86
<i>Testaments of the Twelve Patriarchs</i>			
<i>TRueben</i>			
3:6	168	<i>IQH</i>	
		I,23	122
		I,27	126
		I,30	122
		II,15	90
		II,23-24	80, 81, 82
<i>TLevi</i>			
3:2	122	IV,29-30	126
15:2	122	VI,24-28	140
18	62	VII,16-22	181
18:2-3	76	X,36	122
18:7-11	207	XIV,14	90
18:10-11	62, 77, 254	XV,10	85
19:1-2	213	XV,12-21	81
		XV,17	81, 82
		XVII,20	122
<i>TJudah</i>			
23	85	<i>IQM</i>	
24:1-4	254	I,1ff.	68
		XIV,4-5	254
<i>TIssachar</i>			
3:7	168	<i>IQS</i>	
		I,11	85
<i>TDan</i>			
1:7	168	III,4-12	91
		III,6-9	89
		III,17-21	81
<i>TNaphtali</i>			
8:2-3	77	III,21-25	83
		IV,12	81
		IV,23	127

V,1	85	<i>4QPatr</i>	
V,7	85	1-4	77
V,7-9	84		
V,8-10	215	<i>11QMelch</i>	
V,20-21	85	1-5	77
VIII,1-2	88	15-16	78
VIII,1-5	215	25	77
VIII,2f.	88		
VIII,5-8	88		
VIII,6-8	68	D. Josephus	
VIII,14-15	68	<i>Antiquities</i>	
IX,3-6	62, 89	11.297-301	34
IX,5-6	264	11.304ff.	34
IX,9-11	77	11.321-328	34
XI	207, 247	12.129-144	36
XI,12	256	12.248-256	63
		12.253	63
<i>1QSa</i>		12.319, 386	63
II,11ff.	77	12.414	65
II,17-21	77	13.46	66
		13.172	49, 79
<i>1QpHab</i>		14.176	40
<i>see also:</i>	31, 86	14.285	140
II,1-2	86	15.417	140
II,2	86	18.12-15	49
V,11	86		
V,11-12	67	<i>Jewish War</i>	
VIII,1-3	87, 102	2.134-161	86
VIII,7-13	86	2.137	84
VIII,8-13	62	2.162-163	49
VIII,16	86	2.164-166	69
IX,4-6	62	5.398	40
IX,9	86		
XI,4-5	86		
XII,8-9	86	E. Rabbinic	
<i>4Q 285</i>	77	<i>mAboth</i>	
		2:19	85
<i>4QAaronA</i>	77	<i>mKelim</i>	
<i>4QFlor</i>		1:8	140
3-6	264		
6-7	215	<i>mTohorot</i>	
10-13	77	7:6	139
<i>4QMMT</i>		<i>mNiddah</i>	
<i>see also:</i>	67	10:4	139
b, 2ff.	216		
c, 27	216	<i>GenRabb</i>	
		12:5	127

3. New Testament		2:12-29	133
		2:14	133
<i>Matthew</i>		2:16	121, 124, 135
27:19	123	2:17-29	96
		2:26	133
<i>Mark</i>		2:26-27	133
7:3ff.	140	2:28	140, 152, 153
		2:29	134, 137, 141
<i>John</i>		3	95, 100, 179
5:30	122	3:2	98
19:13	123	3:3	98
		3:3-4	96, 97
<i>Acts</i>		3:4	97, 98, 99
3:13	122	3:5	99, 119
3:14	110	3:5-6	99
4:28	179	3:5-9	155
7:52	110	3:6	98, 122
15:10-11	290	3:9	97, 119, 126, 135, 137,
18:12	123		138, 144, 145, 152,
25:6-17	123		179, 223, 228, 230,
			249
<i>Romans</i>		3:11-18	190
1-3	135	3:19	123, 144, 146
1-8	151	3:19-20	197
1:3-4	172	3:20	135, 208, 219
1:5	106, 115	3:21	125, 157, 232, 238,
1:16	106, 112, 120, 121, 137, 141, 157	3:21-22	243, 248, 261
1:16-17	1, 101ff., 117	3:21-26	112, 119
1:16-18	117, 120	3:22	126, 246
1:17	31, 104, 106, 107, 109, 110, 112, 120, 138, 187, 261, 262, 293, 294	3:22-23	109, 138, 152, 223,
		3:22-24	262
		3:23	248, 257
1:18	114, 116, 119, 120, 121, 138, 261, 301	3:23-24	260
		3:24	126, 138, 144, 249
1:18-32	117	3:25	148
1:18-2:29	137, 139		179, 230
1:18-3:20	119, 125, 138	3:25-26	115, 124, 155, 187,
1:19-32	119	3:26	249, 258
1:20	119	3:27	156, 249
1:22-32	190	3:27-28	109, 115, 120, 306
1:23	127	3:27-31	231, 232
2	132	3:28	230
2:1-3:8	119	3:30	211
2:4-5	156	3:31	232
2:5-6	117	4:3	115, 141, 233
2:6	123	4:5	199
2:9	140	4:8	105, 107, 193
2:12	123, 132, 194	4:9	109, 193
			193

4:11	193	8	95, 179, 183, 185
4:13	109	8:1	305
4:15	200	8:3	179, 258
4:16	115	8:10	127, 172, 304
4:24-25	262	8:11	172, 301, 304
4:25	228, 258	8:15	174
5:1	109	8:18	168
5:1-11	240	8:18-39	175, 258
5:8	149, 260	8:20	131
5:8-10	156	8:21	127
5:9	119	8:23	304
5:10	260	8:28-29	169, 171, 173
5:11	115	8:28-30	166, 167, 168, 174, 175, 177
5:12	129, 144, 192, 193		170, 171, 173, 304
5:13f.	194, 198, 199	8:29	173, 174, 175
5:14	195, 193, 194	8:30	4, 6, 23, 95, 96, 97, 99, 100, 149ff., 150, 151, 156, 161, 175, 187, 240, 280
5:15	123, 195, 260	9-11	158
5:16	122, 130, 145, 155, 202		141, 152
5:17	123, 195		152
5:18	131, 148, 258	9:2-3	169
5:19	130, 131, 195	9:6	157
5:20	202	9:8	150, 153, 157, 182
5:20-21	146	9:11	154
5:21	131, 197	9:13	115, 154
5:23	138	9:18	115, 155
6:2-4	127	9:18-23	115, 156, 176
6:5	301	9:19	141, 155, 156
6:6-20	197	9:22	157
6:11	232	9:23	109
6:13	197	9:24	211
6:23	131, 148, 260	9:25	241, 242
7	147, 198, 245	9:27	153
7:1-10	199	9:30	153
7:7	198, 203	9:30-32	109
7:7-13	194, 198, 206	9:30-10:4	115
7:7-25	199	9:31-32	235, 237
7:8	206	9:32	141
7:9	203		244
7:9-10	198, 199	9:33	157, 240
7:10	146	10	183
7:10-13	199	10:2	238
7:11	206	10:2-3	262
7:12	190, 204, 208	10:3	240
7:13	199, 204, 205	10:3-4	115
7:14	127, 144, 197, 199	10:3-6	115
7:14-25	206, 211	10:4	262
7:22	199	10:6	240
7:23	145	10:8	115
7:24	127	10:9-10	176
			152, 156, 179

10:10	115	15:42-50	130
10:12	138	15:45	304
10:13	156, 176, 177, 188, 294	15:45-50 15:49	301 172, 304
10:14	303	16:13	304
10:16-21	157		
10:17	176	<i>2 Corinthians</i>	
10:21	153	2:16	107, 108
11	146, 147, 158	2:17	243
11:2	170	3:18	304
11:3	153	4:4	304
11:4	153	5:10	123, 124
11:5	157	5:17	305
11:6	157	5:21	249
11:11	154, 157	7:1	304
11:11-36	159	7:10	304
11:20	154, 157	13:5	304
11:25	157, 158	15:18	174
11:25-27	159	15:19	193
11:26	156, 157, 159		
11:30-31	145, 156, 157	<i>Galatians</i>	
11:31	157	1:6	304
11:32	144, 145, 148, 159, 185, 228	1:13	218, 225
		1:14	217, 225
13:8-10	208	2:15	139, 221
13:9-10	190	2:15-16	221, 222
13:11	304	2:16	109, 225, 290
14:10-12	123	2:16-17	223
14:12	123	2:21	290
14:14	232	3:3-21	290
14:23	115	3:6	193
15:8-9	141	3:10	219
		3:11	104, 111
		3:16-4:9	225
<i>1 Corinthians</i>		3:19	197, 203
1:22-24	141, 172	3:22	144, 146, 147, 148,
1:23-24	179		303
1:30	305		
2:2	179	3:23	111
2:7	170, 179	3:24	111, 203
3:8	123	3:24-25	290
3:17	304	3:26	305
5:11	304	3:28	141
7:18-19	134	5:1	304
12:13	141	5:2-6	134
15	172	5:3	219
15:9	225	5:4	304
15:21	193	5:19-21	190
15:22	127, 301		
15:23	172		
15:40-48	127		

Ephesians

- 1:4 170
1:5 172, 178

2 Thessalonians

- 1:5 122
2:1-2 243

Philippians

- 3:2-11 227
3:4-6 226
3:4-8 222, 225ff.
3:5-6 217
3:6 132, 218, 237, 239
3:7 227, 238, 245
3:8 144, 228
3:9 239
3:17 304

Hebrews

- 4:16 124
10:35-39 111
10:37-38 112
10:38 31, 103
10:39 111

1 Peter

- 1:20 170

Colossians

- 1:14-18 172

1 Thessalonians

- 1:3 178
1:10 117, 178, 300
3:5 304
4:14 178
5:9 178
5:9-10 178

4. Early Christian

- Odes of Solomon*
11:2 141
- Polycarp*
6:2 123

Index of Authors

- Allison, D.C.Jr., 269
Althaus, P., 173, 205, 231
Avermarie, F., 23, 55, 269
Avi-Yonah, M., 63
Badenas, R., 240, 242, 243
Balz, H.R., 9
Barrett, C.K., 130, 131, 179, 255, 265
Barth, K., 104, 133, 186, 288
Bauer, W., 227, 230, 232, 243
Baur, F.C., 8, 9, 25, 27
Becker, J., 77, 151, 161
Beker, J. Chr., 8, 10, 22, 24, 25, 128, 131,
 140, 145, 148, 151, 152, 159, 161,
 168, 171, 176, 259, 260, 261, 270,
 275, 299, 301, 305
Benoit, P., 256, 257
Berger, K., 9, 13
Berger, P.L., 33
Best, E., 178
Betz, H.D., 27, 34, 146, 221, 222, 223,
 224, 225
Betz, O., 92, 127
Black, M., 35, 68, 88, 97, 105, 106, 114,
 127, 239
Bornkamm, G., 148, 198, 288
Bousset, W., 8, 9, 10, 18
Bowman, J.W., 290
Brandenburger, E., 69, 70, 130, 131, 196,
 202, 297
Brooke, G., 269, 270
Bruce, F.F., 39, 48, 66, 69
Bultmann, R., 12, 13, 14, 15, 25, 27, 28,
 129, 130, 148, 158, 161, 190, 193,
 202, 203, 209, 217, 231, 246, 247,
 288, 295
Burton, E. de Witt, 223
Caird, G.B., 52, 155, 272
Campbell, D.A., 105, 109, 110, 111, 112
Carson, D.A., 289
Cathcart, K.J., 118
Cavallin, H.C.C., 101, 103, 105, 108
Chafer, L.S., 290
Charlesworth, J.H., 254
Childs, B.S., 301
Christiansen, E.J., 299
Collins, J.J., 24, 55, 61, 62, 63, 67, 76,
 77, 78, 79, 86, 88, 257, 301
Colpe, C., 9
Conzelmann, H., 179, 300
Cooper, K.R., 52, 56, 57, 272, 274
Cranfield, C.E.B., 97, 106, 108, 119, 125,
 126, 127, 151, 152, 154, 168, 170,
 171, 174, 180, 191, 195, 231, 232,
 237, 239
Crenshaw, J.L., 30, 32, 33, 37, 41, 43, 50,
 51, 303
Cross, F.M., 67, 68, 79, 80, 215
Cullmann, O., 259
Daube, D., 254
Davies, G.N., 107, 127, 156, 299
Davies, P.R., 64
Davies, W.D., 15, 16, 81, 128, 152, 189,
 197, 198, 303, 305
Deines, R., 139, 140
Deissmann, A., 9, 10, 15, 22, 198, 302
De Lorenzi, L., 150
DiLella, A., 37, 38, 42, 46, 48
Dinkler, E., 3, 153, 156, 157, 167
Dobbeler, A. von, 275
Dodd, B., 112
Dodd, C.H., 99, 100, 106, 108, 114, 117,
 127, 151, 154, 163, 172, 180, 185,
 202
Donaldson, T.L., 218
Dülmén, A. van, 133, 196, 198, 205, 252,
 263
Dunn, J.D.G., 22, 29, 96, 97, 98, 99, 103,
 104, 105, 106, 109, 111, 112, 113,
 118, 121, 123, 125, 126, 127, 131,
 134, 138, 140, 145, 146, 148, 151,
 163, 174, 177, 191, 195, 204, 205,
 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 217, 218,
 224, 225, 226, 227, 231, 232, 237,
 238, 243, 244, 249, 255, 275, 287,
 292, 295, 298, 299
Dupont-Sommer, A., 80
Eckstein, H-J., 147
Eichholz, G., 125, 227, 297

- Eichrodt, W., 30, 32, 33
 Eissfeldt, O., 29
 Ellis, E.E., 254
 Eskola, T., 13, 14, 282
 Fee, G.D., 179
 Feuillet, A., 101, 105, 107
 Fichtner, J., 118, 119
 Finegan, J., 140
 Fischer, Th., 66
 Fishbane, M., 254
 Fitzmyer, J.A., 98, 100, 101, 102, 103,
 108, 113, 119, 134, 138, 168, 175,
 240, 244, 295
 Flusser, D., 80, 82, 181, 270
 Fuller, D.P., 289, 290
 Gabler, J., 10, 281
 Garlington, D.B., 23, 294
 Garnet, P., 52, 56, 57, 59, 74, 83, 85, 86,
 90, 91, 92, 215, 218, 265
 Gaston, L., 22, 106, 107, 159
 Getty, M.A., 275
 Gnilka, J., 225
 Goppelt, L., 17, 125, 259, 261, 262
 Greenberg, M., 32
 Gruenler, R.G., 13
 Gruenwald, I., 24
 Grundmann, W., 256, 266
 Gundry, R.H., 44, 52, 53, 56, 57, 58, 72,
 227, 272, 284
 Gutbrod, W., 191
 Gärtnner, B., 68, 79, 88, 89, 215, 264, 265
 Haacker, K., 27, 159
 Hagner, D.A., 44, 267, 268, 269, 285
 Hahn, F., 222
 Hahn, H.-Chr., 118, 212, 231
 Hanson, P.D., 36, 61
 Harnisch, W., 69, 70
 Hawthorne, G.F., 228
 Hays, R.B., 109, 110, 111, 112, 115, 275,
 277, 280
 Heckel, U., 139
 Heidegger, M., 13, 25
 Hengel, M., 24, 27, 30, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38,
 45, 46, 49, 50, 55, 65, 67, 68, 76,
 81, 83, 90, 133, 191, 215, 218
 Hengel, M. – Deines, R., 269
 Hengel, M. – Schwemer, A.M., 24
 Herion, G.A., 118
 Herold, G., 114, 120, 121, 293, 301
 Hiers, R.H., 74, 118
 Hofius, O., 18, 109, 113, 125, 126, 150,
 152, 159, 248, 249, 302
 Hollander, H.W. - de Jonge, M., 77
 Holm-Nielsen, S., 80
 Holtz, T., 178
 Hooker, M.D., 52, 271, 273, 274
 Howard, G., 111
 Hurtado, L.W., 9, 24, 76, 78
 Hübner, H., 145, 146, 147, 150, 190, 191,
 202, 209, 212, 224, 231, 275, 277,
 280, 281
 Hägglund, B., 166, 168, 175, 288
 Isaac, E., 35
 Jackson, B.S., 270
 Janowski, B., 89
 Jeremias, G., 64, 67, 80, 87
 Jeremias, J., 27, 48, 66, 69, 131, 159
 Jervell, J., 152
 Jewett, P.K., 1, 166, 171, 180, 183, 184,
 185
 Jüngel, E., 15, 247, 249, 256
 Kaiser, W.C., 212, 213
 Kertelge, K., 102, 248
 Kim, S., 18
 Klausner, J., 66
 Klinzing, G., 79, 89, 91, 215, 264, 266
 Koch, D.-A., 101, 102, 103, 104, 106
 Kraft, R.A., 28
 Kraus, H.-J., 31
 Kreitzer, L.J., 24
 Kruse, C.G., 190, 198, 199, 202
 Kuhn, H.-W., 83
 Kuhn, K.G., 80, 88
 Käsemann, E., 24, 103, 146, 148, 155, 160,
 196, 197, 204, 231, 242, 243, 246,
 247, 248, 299
 Kümmel, W.G., 8, 9, 22, 125, 126, 128,
 198
 Laato, T., 20, 23, 44, 45, 214, 285, 296,
 297
 Lange, A., 80, 81, 82, 83
 Lichtenberger, H., 127
 Liddell, H.G. - Scott, R., 123, 227
 Lohmeyer, E., 70, 212, 213, 217, 226, 298
 Lohse, B., 166
 Lohse, E., 247, 249
 Longenecker, B.W., 21, 22, 23, 69, 72, 73,
 139, 150, 162, 285, 299
 Longenecker, R.N., 147, 191, 219, 222,
 223

- Luz, U., 130, 131, 148, 165, 167, 169, 170, 173, 175, 182, 186, 192, 193, 194, 205, 259, 260, 297
- Lübking, H.-M., 150, 158
- Lüdemann, G., 150, 159
- Lührmann, D., 27, 28, 75, 190, 209, 217, 218, 255, 257, 264
- Maier, G., 17, 37, 45, 46, 214, 296
- Marböck, J., 34, 38, 41, 44
- Martin, B.L., 22, 127, 130, 135, 190, 191, 192, 195, 197, 218, 219, 242, 283
- Martinez, F.G., 24, 102
- Martinez, F.G. – Barrera, J.T., 81, 85, 265
- Marx, A., 80, 88, 92, 256
- Mattern, L., 61, 155, 253, 284
- Maurer, Chr., 123
- Mayer, B., 1, 5, 17, 144, 165, 169, 170, 174, 178, 180, 185, 303
- McGrath, A.E., 2, 166, 180, 184, 186, 288
- McKenzie, J.L., 32
- McNamara, M., 52, 56, 59, 272
- Merrill, E.H., 47, 80, 82, 84, 85, 92, 181, 182
- Michael, J.H., 228
- Michel, O., 98, 100, 106, 109, 113, 114, 115, 117, 118, 122, 123, 126, 130, 131, 145, 146, 168, 169, 170, 172, 174, 196, 197, 231, 237, 238, 239, 243, 244, 249
- Milik, J.T., 35, 80, 81, 88, 215
- Montefiore, C., 15, 18
- Moo, D.J., 52, 56, 96, 101, 108, 109, 113, 114, 118, 127, 130, 134, 141, 149, 169, 170, 172, 191, 192, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 204, 205, 219, 233, 249, 272, 275
- Moody, R.M., 101, 105, 107, 108
- Moore, G.F., 18, 19, 23, 61, 272
- Moule, C.F.D., 52, 56, 57, 209, 272
- Moyise, S., 127
- Munck, J., 150, 159
- Mundle, W., 61, 69, 70
- Murphy, R.E., 37, 38, 41, 42, 47
- Murphy-O'Connor, J., 52, 56
- Mussner, F., 159
- Müller, Chr., 150, 156, 158, 159
- Müller, K., 61, 64
- Neill, S. - Wright, T., 21
- Neusner, J., 54
- Nickelsburg, G.W.E., 29, 35, 39, 64, 65, 257
- Nickelsburg, G.W.E. – Kraft, R.A., 56
- Nickelsburg, G.W.E. – Stone, M.E., 48, 63, 65, 69, 74, 75
- Nygren, A., 113, 133
- Osten-Sacken, P. von der, 68, 81
- Overbeck, F., 22
- Overman, J.A. – Green, W.S., 23, 28, 56, 269
- Philonenko, M., 24
- Plag, C., 150, 159
- Pohlenz, M., 81
- Porton, G.G., 28, 55, 69, 269
- Prato, G.L., 37, 45
- Puukko, A.F., 16
- Qimron, E. - Strugnell, J., 216
- Rad, G. von, 30, 31, 32, 33, 47
- Rajak, T., 65, 66
- Reichrath, H., 154
- Reicke, B., 199
- Reitzenstein, R., 8
- Rengstorff, K.H., 139
- Reumann, J., 109
- Rhoads, D., 90
- Ridderbos, H.N., 125
- Riesner, R., 27
- Ringgren, H., 47, 62, 68, 80, 84, 87, 91, 92, 182, 256, 266
- Robertson, O.P., 289, 290
- Rogerson, J.W., 258
- Rowland, C., 22
- Rudolph, W., 30, 31
- Räisänen, H., 10, 22, 53, 54, 56, 72, 96, 97, 100, 129, 130, 132, 133, 134, 139, 150, 152, 153, 157, 158, 159, 164, 190, 191, 193, 194, 201, 202, 203, 204, 206, 207, 209, 211, 224, 226, 233, 236, 253, 272, 275-282, 285, 291, 312
- Röhser, G., 1, 4, 23, 24, 150, 155, 161, 168, 169, 172, 185, 186, 256, 297
- Saldarini, A.J., 49, 50, 52, 53, 55, 56, 58, 60, 272
- Sanday, W. – Headlam, A.C., 105, 151
- Sanders, E.P., 3, 5, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 27, 29, 40, 42, 47, 51, 52-60, 63, 71, 72, 83, 86, 91, 100, 132, 139, 156, 164, 166, 175, 182, 183,

- 191, 196, 202, 203, 205, 206, 207, 209, 210, 211, 214, 217, 223, 224, 226, 227, 229, 233, 235, 236, 238, 244, 253, 254, 256, 264, 267-275, 281, 282, 284, 285, 287, 288, 289, 291, 292, 296, 297, 305, 312
- Sanders, J.A., 114, 190, 199
- Schade, H.-H., 24
- Schiffman, L.H., 63, 66, 69, 74
- Schimanowski, G., 22, 23
- Schlatter, A., 107
- Schlter, H., 99, 100, 102, 108, 117, 120, 121, 125, 127, 131, 134, 137, 138, 140, 145, 146, 155, 163, 168, 169, 172, 176, 194, 199, 202, 222, 227, 238, 239, 242, 243, 244, 249, 261
- Schmidt, K.L., 179
- Schmitt, R., 150, 151, 156, 160
- Schmithals, W., 15
- Schnabel, E.J., 23, 45
- Schoeps, H.-J., 15, 16, 17, 125, 130, 136, 148, 252, 259, 263, 298, 300, 305
- Schrage, W., 179
- Schreiner, T.R., 22, 127, 137, 191, 192, 203, 212, 215, 219, 226, 229, 275
- Schrey, H.-H., 33
- Schüpphaus, J., 75
- Schrer, E., 18, 33, 39, 66
- Schweitzer, A., 5, 8, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 19, 24, 25, 174, 180, 183, 288, 295, 300, 302, 305
- Schäfer, P., 24
- Scofield, C.I., 290
- Scott, J.J., Jr., 30, 32, 41, 50, 56, 270, 283, 294
- Segal, A.F., 24
- Seifrid, M.A., 22, 23, 39, 54, 75, 141, 162, 214, 240, 246, 247, 248, 253, 256, 258, 265, 267, 274, 277, 285, 295, 297, 304
- Siebert, F., 150, 151, 159
- Skehan, P.W. - DiLella, A.A., 38, 41, 43, 45, 46, 48, 214
- Smend, R. - Luz, U., 199
- Smith, R.L., 30
- Snodgrass, K.R., 135, 208, 210, 217, 291
- Stauffer, E., 160, 198
- Stemberger, G., 49, 69
- Stendahl, K., 150, 158
- Stowers, S.K., 99
- Strack, H.L. - Billerbeck, P., 16, 102
- Strobel, A., 110
- Stuhlmacher, P., 15, 17, 18, 74, 98, 99, 113, 114, 117, 120, 125, 126, 127, 128, 131, 133, 138, 140, 145, 148, 151, 152, 161, 163, 169, 172, 173, 195, 196, 197, 199, 200, 203, 204, 216, 232, 238, 242, 244, 246, 247, 248, 259, 260, 261, 262, 275, 294, 297, 301, 303, 306
- Stumpff, A., 90, 227
- Stählin, G., 120
- Sweeney, M.A., 30
- Synofzik, E., 178
- Talmon, S., 28, 32, 55, 263
- Tcherikover, V., 34, 35, 36
- Thielman, F., 21, 22, 31, 40, 192, 196, 227, 228, 237, 275, 282, 283
- Thiselton, A.C., 13
- Thompson, A.L., 61, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 136, 294
- Thüsing, W., 172, 173, 178
- Tomson, P.J., 19, 28, 189, 190
- Tyson, J.B., 212, 213, 222, 224
- VanderKam, J.C., 67, 80, 216
- Vermes, G., 89, 265
- Vielhauer, Ph., 9
- Vischer, W., 153, 160
- Wagner, G., 157
- Wanamaker, C.A., 117, 178
- Watson, F., 150, 158, 275, 287
- Weber, F., 18, 287
- Wedderburn, A.J.M., 131, 132, 135, 198, 275, 276
- Weima, J.A.D., 275, 277
- Weinel, H., 8
- Westerholm, S., 20, 21, 22, 50, 153, 154, 190, 194, 195, 211, 212, 233, 267, 275, 277
- Westermann, C., 32
- Whitehorne, J., 35, 36, 63
- Wilckens, U., 96, 98, 99, 100, 102, 106, 107, 113, 114, 117, 119, 121, 122, 125, 126, 127, 130, 134, 137, 138, 140, 142, 145, 149, 151, 154, 155, 163, 173, 193, 196, 199, 202, 220, 237, 238, 242, 260, 261, 295
- Winger, M., 22, 191, 232
- Winninge, M., 23, 40, 43, 54, 75, 128, 142, 214, 253, 284, 297, 302

- Winston, D., 38, 39, 47, 48, 85
Witherington (III), B., 125, 126, 149
Woude van der, A.S., 77
Wrede, W., 10, 281
Wright, A.G., 39, 43
Wright, N.T., 151, 158, 159
Yadin, Y., 84
Zahn, Th., 133
Ziesler, J.A., 97, 105, 108, 127, 132, 134,
 137, 175, 182, 202, 238, 242

Index of Subjects

- Aaron, 88, 90, 218
Abraham, 105, 107, 136, 170, 289, 298
Adam, 45, 73, 122, 126, 128, 130, 144, 192, 193, 195, 198, 202, 204, 206, 260
Adam-typology, 127, 129ff., 133, 136, 138, 145, 148, 158, 170, 176, 179, 260, 304
Aeons, 136, 179, 259, 300, 304
Alcimus, 63, 65
Alexander Balan, 66
Alexander the Great, 34, 35
Anthropocentrism, 50
Anthropology, 14, 15, 46, 47, 125ff., 129, 131, 132, 136, 143, 147, 161, 192, 204, 220
Antiochus III the Great, 36, 37
Antiochus IV Epiphanes, 37, 62, 63, 64, 65
Antiochus Eupator, 63
Apocalyptic
- literature, 24, 61, 62, 74
- theology, 61ff., 74, 78, 120
Apokatastasis, 160, 185, 186
Apostasy, 68, 82, 84, 90, 104, 128, 289
Arminius, 155
Atonement, 76, 116, 167, 182, 184, 248, 249, 258, 263, 265, 305
Augustine, 165, 166, 168, 175, 184, 185
Authentic existence, 13, 14
Autonomic anthropology, 162, 164
Avodat Israel, 208ff., 212, 217, 219, 220, 226, 227, 231, 235, 241, 244, 251, 255, 265, 298, 299, 310
Babylon, 30, 31
Bagoses, 34
Bar mitzvah, 198
Being in Christ, 9, 11, 16, 19, 268
Ben Sira
- biography, 36, 37
- creation, 38, 44, 45, 47
- dualism, 41, 43
- eschatology, 38, 42, 47, 48
- law, 38, 45
- nomism, 37, 42, 46
- synergism, 44, 48
Boasting, 230f., 233
Boundary, *see*: Identity markers
Calvin, 2, 154, 155, 168, 180, 185
Calvinism, 5, 58, 168, 171, 172, 174, 183, 184, 191, 218, 287, 288ff., 292, 295
Chaldeans, 30
Christ
- cross, 121, 286
- death of, 232, 256
- resurrection, 115, 117, 158, 173, 228
- and Torah, 240
Christology, 13, 124, 164, 224, 252, 263
Christocentric predestination, 177ff., 185, 258, 302
Circumcision, 49, 54, 59, 64, 85, 133, 134, 140, 141, 210, 211, 218, 226
Consequent eschatology, 11
Contrast formulas, 148ff., 303
Cor malignum, 73
Covenant, 40, 96, 119, 175, 211, 221, 256, 288
Covenantal nomism
- Christological premise, 22, 254
- criticism of, 20, 21, 52, 59, 267ff.
- and dispensationalism, 229, 290
- and diversity, 40, 55
- functional feature, 58
- “getting in” and “staying in”, 53, 59, 267, 291
- inconsistency of, 57, 59
- legalism, 52, 56, 58, 91, 209, 236
- pattern of religion, 18, 19, 20, 53, 59, 60, 272f.
- and Paul, 273f.
- and sociology, 53, 54, 58, 59, 60, 273
- theory of, 19, 22, 26, 52, 132, 224, 226, 235, 241, 267ff., 280, 290
Creation, 42, 46, 47, 304
Crisis, theology of, 19, 33, 50, 61, 66, 93, 95, 154, 283, 293

- Day or Wrath, 74, 75, 116ff., 122, 177, 200, 276
- Deification, 11
- Desecration of the Temple, 63ff.
- Determinism, 5, 32, 42, 45, 47, 146, 154, 181, 295
- Diadochi, 35
- Dietary laws, 210
- Dispensations, 227, 229, 289, 290, 291
- Dispensationalism, 287, 289ff., 312
- Divine coercion, 302ff., 305, 313
- Divine hardening, 149, 154, 157, 158, 175, 182
- Double predestination, 2, 5, 12, 82, 83, 92, 150, 156, 166, 169, 171, 173, 174, 177, 180ff., 271, 288, 289
- Dream visions, 63
- Dualism, 39, 40, 43, 49, 61, 81, 137, 150, 221
- Dualistic soteriology, 41, 51, 64, 71, 75, 78, 80, 82, 126, 142, 143, 153, 156, 163, 166, 186, 227
- Ebed Yahweh*, 265
- Ecclesiasticus, see Ben Sira
- Egypt, 35
- Election, 4, 5, 33, 41, 152, 155, 157, 158, 165ff., 169, 170, 172ff., 182, 185, 221, 231, 254, 271, 309
- Enoch, 1st Book of
- eschatology, 63, 74, 119
 - dualism, 36, 75
 - soteriology, 35, 75
- Entmythologisierung, 12, 13
- Eschatology
- Judaism, 50, 58, 76
 - Paul, 116, 118, 168, 172, 299ff., 301
- Essenes, 49, 90, 140
- Ethnocentrism, 137, 140, 147, 150, 217, 223, 224, 238
- Existential interpretation, 13, 14, 15, 25, 161, 202
- Existentialism, 12, 13, 249
- Ezra, 4th Book
- eschatology, 71, 72
 - methodological problems, 70
 - nomism, 72
 - relation to apocalyptic, 70, 72
 - soteriology, 71, 73, 136, 139, 162
 - synergism, 72
- Faith, 97, 105, 106, 107, 108, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 223, 228, 247
- Faithfulness (of man), 102, 103
- Five-point Calvinism, 183, 184, 289
- Flesh, 127, 223
- Foreknowledge
- and calling, 169, 173
 - and Christocentrism, 176, 177ff.
 - covenantal meaning of, 170
 - and determinism, 170, 178, 183
 - terminology, 169
- Foreordination
- and determinism, 4, 181
 - and predestination, 2, 3, 171, 175ff., 301, 180
- Free will, 19, 20, 45, 46ff., 73, 84ff., 92, 155, 166, 182, 258, 271
- Gabinius, 39
- Gentiles/Nations, 133, 134, 135, 139, 140, 223, 276
- Gerizim, 34
- Giant story, 35
- Glory, 126, 127, 128
- Gnosticism, 12, 14, 25, 130, 264
- God
- creator, 51, 304
 - faithfulness, 7, 32, 95, 96, 97, 103, 161, 187, 305
 - forbearance, 115, 249
 - justice, 30, 98, 122, 123
 - lordship, 33, 49, 62
 - mercy, 115
 - righteousness, 18, 95, 98, 99, 102, 104, 105, 109
 - wrath, 117ff., 125, 148, 300, 301
- Halakha, 189, 250
- Hardening, *see*: Divine hardening
- Hasidic piety, 90
- Hasmoneans, 39, 65, 66, 90
- Hellenism, 34, 35
- Hellenistic cult, 9
- Hellenistic Judaism, *see*: Judaism
- History-of-religions school, 8, 9, 13, 14, 15, 25, 28, 217, 278, 281, 305
- Holy war, 68
- Hyrcanus II, 39

- Idolatry, 64
- Individualism, 50
- Identity, religious, 54, 135, 233, 262
- Identity markers, 22, 210, 211, 212, 217, 224, 233, 238
- "Innocent sinners", 195
- Israel
 - and Christ, 239
 - disobedience of, 6, 21, 31, 39, 90, 96, 97, 153
 - faithfulness of, 31
 - promises to, 33, 152, 154, 161, 221, 233
 - rejection of, 62, 70, 82, 83, 98, 146, 157
 - restoration of, 40, 63, 65, 90, 116, 157, 159
 - in Romans 9-11, 149ff., 160, 175, 187
- Iustitia distributiva*, 214
- Jerusalem
 - capture, 39
 - destruction, 69ff., 118
- Jesus, 9, 122
 - *see also:* Christ
- Jewish theology
 - diversity, 25, 56, 93
 - eschatology, 11, 24, 162
 - post-exilic situation, 32
 - Second Temple period, 6, 15, 17, 18, 21, 22, 25, 27, 40, 44, 49, 90, 119
- Jews
 - and Gentiles/Greeks, 137, 138ff., 145, 177, 221ff., 225ff., 230ff.
 - *see also:* Israel; Judaism
- Jonathan Maccabaeus, 66, 67
- Josephus, 34, 36, 40, 48, 49, 55, 63, 65, 69, 79, 140
- Judas Maccabaeus, 64, 65, 66
- Judaism
 - Hellenistic, 9, 16, 34, 37, 38, 55, 122
 - Second Temple period, 28, 39, 41, 63
- Judgment
 - eschatological, 62, 74, 94, 100, 114, 130, 155, 253, 295, 300
 - final judgment, 42, 75, 121, 124, 146, 187
 - of God, 98, 115ff., 122, 302
- Judgment seat, 123, 124
- Juridical metaphors, 122ff., 295
- Justification
 - by faith, 101, 108ff., 116, 222, 233, 247, 251
 - God's power (*Macht*), 246ff.
 - in Judaism, 28, 30f., 37, 78, 91, 249, 255
 - juridical nature, 98, 193, 196, 197, 200, 203, 294, 300
 - in Paul, 101ff., 130, 167, 239, 246ff.
 - of the wicked, 162, 176, 238, 249, 255, 256
- Kerygma, 14
- Kyrios, 9, 131
- Law
 - Christ the end of, 240
 - and death, 191ff.
 - keeping of, 132, 134, 219
 - moral law, 190, 191, 218
 - obedience, 47, 49, 102, 110, 213, 218, 220, 236
 - paradoxical function, 190ff., 201
 - and righteousness, 132, 189, 203, 226, 230, 289
 - of righteousness, 242ff.
 - and sin, 135, 191, 192, 193, 196ff., 200, 201ff., 204, 277
- Law of faith, 232
- Legalism, 43, 52, 71, 91, 209, 217, 233, 235f., 268, 271, 275, 299
- Limited atonement, 184
- Lutheranism, 52, 287, 292
- Maccabees, 65, 237
- Manasseh, 30, 34
- Marcionism, 204
- Martyrs, 257
- Mattathias, 64, 90
- Melchizedek, 77
- Menelaus, 63
- Merkavah literature, 24
- Messiah
 - of Aaron, 77
 - eschatological atonement, 76
 - priestly Messiah, 76, 77
 - king, 76, 77
 - Son of David, 76, 118
 - Son of Man, 76
- Messianic expectations, 62, 110, 150, 256, 283
- Michael (archangel), 63, 78
- Mishnah, 85
- Miqveh*, 140

- Monergism, 20
- Moses, 192, 193ff., 289
- Mystery religions (Hellenistic), 9, 10, 11, 17, 305
- Myth, 13, 14, 278
- Nationalism, *see: Ethnocentrism*
- Neo-Kantian philosophy, 13
- New covenant, 218
- Noachide code, 190
- Nomism, 41, 46
- Nomistic service, 212, 222
- Obedience, 41, 50, 110, 128, 162, 214, 219, 220, 236, 290
- Obedience of faith, 108, 110, 114, 115, 294
- Oral law, *see: Halakha*
- Origen, 186
- Paradoxical polarization, 137ff., 139, 142, 151, 153, 187, 199, 201, 204, 219, 222, 226, 227, 228, 240, 245, 251, 260, 262, 266, 298, 308f.
- Participationist eschatology, 19, 268
- Participationist soteriology, 9, 11, 12, 16, 26, 217, 304, 305
- Paul
 - apocalyptic, 10, 24, 25, 117, 120, 155, 162, 177, 247, 260, 299
 - biography, 27, 217, 218, 225, 226, 285
 - Christocentric theology, 124, 252ff., 258, 259, 261, 265, 297, 303
 - Christological principle, 253, 261, 263, 266, 267, 274, 276, 282ff., 285, 311
 - Christology, 113, 167, 207
 - covenant, 224
 - alleged inconsistencies of, 132, 133, 135, 193, 275ff., 280
 - and Judaism, 21, 27, 253, 268, 275, 285
 - justification, 8, 113, 152, 174, 225, 250, 254, 273, 297, 304
 - and legalism, 202, 275
 - and Israel, 149ff., 198
 - and Jewish theology, 128, 133, 161, 190, 207, 208, 211, 253, 262, 265, 274, 283, 296, 298, 305
 - and mysticism, 8, 9, 11, 16, 17
 - Pharisaism, 16, 28, 217, 225, 228
 - predestinarian soteriology, 17, 95ff., 125, 141f., 145, 160ff., 260, 284, 296f., 305
 - problem of the "I", 127, 198ff., 245
 - radical anthropology, 125ff., 131, 248
 - righteousness, 113, 130, 152, 226, 241, 245, 250
 - theology of the law, 20, 21, 132, 147, 189ff., 194, 200ff., 207, 245, 250, 263, 267, 275ff., 279, 310
 - zeal, *see: Zeal*
- Paulinismus, 10
- Pelagius, 166, 175
- Persian religions, 80
- Persians, 34
- Pharisees, 48, 49, 189
- Philo, 55
- Phinehas, 90, 218
- Pilate, 122
- ΠΙΣΤΙΣ ΧΡΙΣΤΟΥ debate, 109ff.
- Plight and solution debate, 267ff., 269, 273, 281, 282ff., 286, 311
- Pompey, 39
- Predestination
 - definition of, 3, 49, 183
 - and determinism, 48, 50, 156, 176, 303
 - and soteriological dualism, 142, 143, 270
 - in Paul, 19, 95ff., 137, 142, 144ff., 149, 172, 175, 186, 199, 256, 273, 296f., 305
 - at Qumran, 79ff., 84, 92, 143, 181
- Predestinarian theology, 1, 6, 17, 23, 50, 101, 116, 125, 128, 135, 139, 141, 143ff., 149, 150, 155, 158, 160, 163ff., 182, 186, 188, 220, 228, 230ff., 232, 237, 240, 241, 248ff., 257, 260, 270, 284, 293ff., 302, 305, 306, 308f.
- Predestinarian statement, 144, 145ff., 159, 228, 231, 302
- Predestination of judgment, 121, 132, 143, 160ff., 187, 228, 309
- Predetermination, 165ff., 301
- Priesthood, 65, 66
- Principle of counting as loss, 147, 221ff., 233, 245, 310
- Principle of contemporary application, 254ff., 262ff., 284, 285, 311
- Problem of theodicy
 - concept of God, 95
 - determinism, 162
 - obedience, 97
 - *see also: Theodicy*
- Prospective predestination, 47
- Protestant theology, 128, 268, 269, 288

- Psychological interpretation, 277ff., 281
- Ptolemaic rule, 35, 36
- Ptolemy V Epiphanes, 36
- Purity regulations, 139, 140, 189, 216
- Qumran community
 - admittance, 84
 - apocalyptic, 83
 - atonement, 87ff., 91, 92, 216, 264, 265
 - council, 88, 89, 92
 - covenant, 85, 90, 263
 - creation, 68, 80
 - determinism, 81, 82, 83, 84, 181
 - dualism, 68, 162
 - election, 82, 86, 166, 256
 - eschatology, 28, 68, 69, 77, 78, 81, 86, 92
 - Essenes, 67, 79
 - history, 67, 68, 79, 86
 - justification, 91, 92, 256
 - Man of lies, 67, 86
 - oaths, 85
 - obedience, 84ff., 90, 215, 264
 - offerings, 89, 264
 - priesthood, 67, 79, 84, 89, 216
 - repentance, 81, 83, 84, 85
 - righteousness, 83, 88, 91, 256
 - Sadducees, 68, 69
 - salvation, 77, 82, 83, 86, 87, 92, 152, 166, 265
 - synergistic soteriology, 82, 87, 91, 92, 143, 181, 265
 - Teacher of Righteousness, 66, 67, 80, 87, 88, 216, 256, 264
 - Temple, 67, 79, 80, 86, 88, 216, 264, 265
 - Temple symbolism, 88, 89, 215, 264
 - Two spirits, 81, 82, 83
 - Wicked Priest, 67, 77, 86, 215, 216
 - works of law, 215, 216
 - Zadokite priesthood, 79, 88
- Rabbinic theology, 15, 16, 18, 21, 23, 90, 136, 189
- Rabbis, 128
- Reformation, 1, 8, 164, 183, 287
- Reformed orthodoxy, 183, 184
- Remnant, 40, 88, 153, 154, 159, 265
- Responsibility of man, 42, 44, 46, 49, 182, 258
- Resurrection, 172, 257, 301
- *see also:* Christ
- Righteousness of God, 18, 98, 106, 107, 112, 117, 119, 141, 158, 224, 235ff., 246ff., 250, 261, 294, 306
- Righteousness
 - Judaism, 30, 46, 71f., 84ff., 214
 - Paul, 101, 111, 116, 222, 223, 226, 228, 232, 235ff., 239, 242, 244, 255, 310
- Ritual law, 190, 191, 211, 218, 219
- Roman rule, 39, 40
- Rome, 40, 90
- Sabbath, 210
- Sadducees, 28, 68
- Samaria, 34, 36
- Sanballat, 34
- Sanhedrin, 67
- Sapiential literature, 23
- Sapiential theology, 14, 28, 36, 38, 43, 84, 87, 96, 133, 214, 294
- Salvation, 40, 78, 141, 164, 176, 189
- Salvation history, 130ff., 145ff., 149, 158, 169, 187, 196, 202, 204, 221, 243, 259ff., 291, 300
- "Secondary rationalization", 277, 279
- Second Temple Judaism
 - diversity of, 23, 25, 26, 27, 28, 54, 253, 268
- Seleucids, 35, 36, 66
- Self-righteousness, 237f., 241, 244, 245, 272
- Septuagint, 104, 113, 114
- Simon II, 36, 37
- Simon Maccabaeus, 66, 67, 140
- Sin
 - Judaism, 31, 37, 64, 72, 84
 - Paul, 122, 123, 125ff., 129, 135, 137, 143, 146, 147, 194, 195, 205, 283
 - personified power, 197
- Sinners and the righteous, 127, 133, 139, 258
- Sirach, *see:* Ben Sira
- Sirach, Hebrew, 38, 41, 48
- Sociology of knowledge, 278
- Sola fide*, 107
- Son of Man, 76
- Soteriological dualism, 41, 51, 64, 71, 75, 78, 80, 82, 126, 142, 143, 153, 156, 163, 166, 186, 227, 270, 283, 284, 295, 302, 307

- Soteriology
 - soteriological synergism, 48, 78, 87, 88, 91
 - in Paul, 128, 140, 161, 163, 252ff., 260ff., 263, 265, 282
- Stoicism, 47, 81
- Suffering, 30, 31, 33, 43, 87, 99, 101, 115, 168, 174, 257, 258
- Supralapsarism, 171
- Symbolic structure, 24
- Synergism, 20, 44, 46, 48, 56, 58, 85, 87, 88, 128, 163, 231, 254, 271, 296
- Synergistic nomism, 44, 57, 72, 85, 91, 93, 214, 245, 272, 296. 307
- Synod of Dort, 184
- Syria, 35, 63
- Tabernacle, 212, 213
- Temple, 34, 39, 62, 63, 65, 88, 90, 120, 140, 235, 265
- Theocentrism, 50
- Theodicy
 - in apocalyptic, 29, 65, 257, 294
 - in Ben Sira, 37, 47
 - in 4 Ezra, 69ff., 72, 73
 - in Paul, 95ff., 114, 115, 150, 152, 160, 162, 186, 232, 258, 293ff., 305, 308f., 312
 - problem of, 2, 6, 27, 28, 30, 33, 40, 50, 78, 93, 95, 100, 101, 160, 214, 384, 293, 307ff.
 - at Qumran, 68, 83, 86, 87
- Torah, 18, 29, 51, 133, 200, 213, 215, 217, 265
- Torah, paradox of, 199, 200
- Tora-Ontologie*, 133
- Total depravity, 135, 184
- Unbelief, 97
- Universalgeschichte, 136
- Universalism, 185
- Universalistic soteriology, 166, 177, 185, 302ff., 312
- Universal sinfulness, 125ff., 130, 132, 136, 137ff., 142, 187, 200, 207, 260, 280, 296
- Voluntarism, 47, 85
- Works of the Law, 22, 58, 89, 208ff., 212, 217, 219, 220, 222, 230, 231, 233, 241, 242, 243, 244, 298
 - *see also: Avodat Israel*
- Worship, 212, 213
- Wrath of God, *see: God*
- Yahweh, *see: God*
- Yezer hara^c*, 136
- Zadokite priesthood, 67, 68, 79, 88
- Zeal, 90, 217, 218, 223, 226, 228, 231, 237, 238, 240, 245, 264
- Zealots, 90, 218, 237

Wissenschaftliche Untersuchungen zum Neuen Testament

Alphabetical Index of the First and Second Series

- Anderson, Paul N.*: The Christology of the Fourth Gospel. 1996. *Volume II/78.*
- Appold, Mark L.*: The Oneness Motif in the Fourth Gospel. 1976. *Volume II/1.*
- Arnold, Clinton E.*: The Colossian Syncretism. 1995. *Volume II/77.*
- Avermarie, Friedrich und Hermann Lichtenberger* (Ed.): Bund und Tora. 1996. *Volume 92.*
- Bachmann, Michael*: Sünder oder Übertreter. 1992. *Volume 59.*
- Baker, William R.*: Personal Speech-Ethics in the Epistle of James. 1995. *Volume II/68.*
- Balla, Peter*: Challenges to New Testament Theology. 1997. *Volume II/95.*
- Bammel, Ernst*: Judaica. Volume I 1986. *Volume 37 – Volume II 1997. Volume 91.*
- Bash, Anthony*: Ambassadors for Christ. 1997. *Volume II/92.*
- Bauernfeind, Otto*: Kommentar und Studien zur Apostelgeschichte. 1980. *Volume 22.*
- Bayer, Hans Friedrich*: Jesus' Predictions of Vindication and Resurrection. 1986. *Volume II/20.*
- Bell, Richard H.*: Provoked to Jealousy. 1994. *Volume II/63.*
- Bergman, Jan*: see *Kieffer, René*
- Beitz, Otto*: Jesus, der Messias Israels. 1987. *Volume 42.*
– Jesus, der Herr der Kirche. 1990. *Volume 52.*
- Beyschlag, Karlmann*: Simon Magus und die christliche Gnosis. 1974. *Volume 16.*
- Bittner, Wolfgang J.*: Jesu Zeichen im Johannesevangelium. 1987. *Volume II/26.*
- Bjerkelund, Carl J.*: Tauta Egeneto. 1987. *Volume 40.*
- Blackburn, Barry Lee*: Theios Anēr and the Markan Miracle Traditions. 1991. *Volume II/40.*
- Bockmuehl, Markus N.A.*: Revelation and Mystery in Ancient Judaism and Pauline Christianity. 1990. *Volume II/36.*
- Böhlig, Alexander*: Gnosis und Synkretismus. Teil 1 1989. *Volume 47 – Teil 2 1989. Volume 48.*
- Bötttrich, Christfried*: Weltweisheit – Menschheitsethik – Urkult. 1992. *Volume II/50.*
- Bolyki, János*: Jesu Tischgemeinschaften. 1997. *Volume II/96.*
- Büchli, Jörg*: Der Poimandres – ein paganisiertes Evangelium. 1987. *Volume II/27.*
- Bühner, Jan A.*: Der Gesandte und sein Weg im 4. Evangelium. 1977. *Volume II/2.*
- Burckhardt, Christoph*: Untersuchungen zu Joseph und Aseneth. 1965. *Volume 8.*
- Cancik, Hubert* (Ed.): Markus-Philologie. 1984. *Volume 33.*
- Capes, David B.*: Old Testament Yaweh Texts in Paul's Christology. 1992. *Volume II/47.*
- Caragounis, Chrys C.*: The Son of Man. 1986. *Volume 38.*
– see *Fridrichsen, Anton.*
- Carleton Paget, James*: The Epistle of Barnabas. 1994. *Volume II/64.*
- Crump, David*: Jesus the Intercessor. 1992. *Volume II/49.*
- Deines, Roland*: Jüdische Steingefäße und pharisäische Frömmigkeit. 1993. *Volume II/52.*
– Die Pharisäer. 1997. *Volume 101.*
- Dietzfelbinger, Christian*: Der Abschied des Kommenden. 1997. *Volume 95.*
- Dobbeler, Axel von*: Glaube als Teilhabe. 1987. *Volume II/22.*
- Du Toit, David S.*: Theios Anthropos. 1997. *Volume II/91*
- Dunn, James D.G.* (Ed.): Jews and Christians. 1992. *Volume 66.*
– Paul and the Mosaic Law. 1996. *Volume 89.*
- Ebertz, Michael N.*: Das Charisma des Gekreuzigten. 1987. *Volume 45.*
- Eckstein, Hans-Joachim*: Der Begriff Syneidesis bei Paulus. 1983. *Volume II/10.*
– Verheißung und Gesetz. 1996. *Volume 86.*
- Ego, Beate*: Im Himmel wie auf Erden. 1989. *Volume II/34.*
- Eisen, Ute E.*: see *Paulsen, Henning.*
- Ellis, E. Earle*: Prophecy and Hermeneutic in Early Christianity. 1978. *Volume 18.*
– The Old Testament in Early Christianity. 1991. *Volume 54.*
- Ennulat, Andreas*: Die ›Minor Agreements‹. 1994. *Volume II/62.*
- Ensor, Peter W.*: Jesus and His ›Works‹. 1996. *Volume II/85.*
- Eskola, Timo*: Theodicy and Predestination in Paul's Soteriology. *Volume II/100.*
- Feldmeier, Reinhard*: Die Krisis des Gottessohnes. 1987. *Volume II/21.*
– Die Christen als Fremde. 1992. *Volume 64.*
- Feldmeier, Reinhard and Ulrich Heckel* (Ed.): Die Heiden. 1994. *Volume 70.*

Wissenschaftliche Untersuchungen zum Neuen Testament

- Fletcher-Louis, Crispin H.T.:* Luke-Acts: Angels, Christology and Soteriology. 1997. *Volume II/94.*
- Forbes, Christopher Brian:* Prophecy and Inspired Speech in Early Christianity and its Hellenistic Environment. 1995. *Volume II/75.*
- Fornberg, Tord:* see *Fridrichsen, Anton.*
- Fossum, Jarl E.:* The Name of God and the Angel of the Lord. 1985. *Volume 36.*
- Frenschkowski, Marco:* Offenbarung und Epiphanie. Volume 1 1995. *Volume II/79 – Volume 2 1997. Volume II/80.*
- Frey, Jörg:* Eugen Drewermann und die biblische Exegese. 1995. *Volume II/71.*
- Die johanneische Eschatologie. Volume I. 1997. *Volume 96.*
- Fridrichsen, Anton:* Exegetical Writings. Hrsg. von C.C. Caragounis und T. Fornberg. 1994. *Volume 76.*
- Garlington, Don B.:* The Obedience of Faith. 1991. *Volume II/38.*
- Faith, Obedience, and Perseverance. 1994. *Volume 79.*
- Garnet, Paul:* Salvation and Atonement in the Qumran Scrolls. 1977. *Volume II/3.*
- Gräßer, Erich:* Der Alte Bund im Neuen. 1985. *Volume 35.*
- Green, Joel B.:* The Death of Jesus. 1988. *Volume II/33.*
- Gundry Volf, Judith M.:* Paul and Perseverance. 1990. *Volume II/37.*
- Hafemann, Scott J.:* Suffering and the Spirit. 1986. *Volume II/19.*
- Paul, Moses, and the History of Israel. 1995. *Volume 81.*
- Hartman, Lars:* Text-Centered New Testament Studies. Hrsg. von D. Hellholm. 1997. *Volume 102.*
- Heckel, Theo K.:* Der Innere Mensch. 1993. *Volume II/53.*
- Heckel, Ulrich:* Kraft in Schwachheit. 1993. *Volume II/56.*
- see *Feldmeier, Reinhard.*
- see *Hengel, Martin.*
- Heiligenthal, Roman:* Werke als Zeichen. 1983. *Volume II/9.*
- Hellholm, D.:* see *Hartman, Lars.*
- Hemer, Colin J.:* The Book of Acts in the Setting of Hellenistic History. 1989. *Volume 49.*
- Hengel, Martin:* Judentum und Hellenismus. 1969,³1988. *Volume 10.*
- Die johanneische Frage. 1993. *Volume 67.*
- Judaica et Hellenistica. Volume 1. 1996. *Volume 90.*
- Hengel, Martin and Ulrich Heckel* (Ed.): Paulus und das antike Judentum. 1991. *Volume 58.*
- Hengel, Martin and Hermut Löhr* (Ed.): Schriftauslegung im antiken Judentum und im Urchristentum. 1994. *Volume 73.*
- Hengel, Martin and Anna Maria Schwemer* (Ed.): Königsherrschaft Gottes und himmlischer Kult. 1991. *Volume 55.*
- Die Septuaginta. 1994. *Volume 72.*
- Herrenbrück, Fritz:* Jesus und die Zöllner. 1990. *Volume II/41.*
- Herzer, Jens:* Paulus oder Petrus? 1998. *Volume 103.*
- Hoegen-Rohls, Christina:* Der nachösterliche Johannes. 1996. *Volume II/84.*
- Hofius, Otfried:* Katapausis. 1970. *Volume 11.*
- Der Vorhang vor dem Thron Gottes. 1972. *Volume 14.*
- Der Christushymnus Philipper 2,6–11. 1976,²1991. *Volume 17.*
- Paulusstudien. 1989,²1994. *Volume 51.*
- Hofius, Otfried and Hans-Christian Kammler:* Johannesstudien. 1996. *Volume 88.*
- Holtz, Traugott:* Geschichte und Theologie des Urchristentums. 1991. *Volume 57.*
- Hommel, Hildebrecht:* Sebasmata. Volume 1 1983. *Volume 31 – Volume 2 1984. Volume 32.*
- Hvalvik, Reidar:* The Struggle for Scripture and Covenant. 1996. *Volume II/82.*
- Kähler, Christoph:* Jesu Gleichnisse als Poesie und Therapie. 1995. *Volume 78.*
- Kammler, Hans-Christian:* see *Hofius, Otfried.*
- Kamlah, Ehrhard:* Die Form der katalogischen Paräneze im Neuen Testament. 1964. *Volume 7.*
- Kieffer, René and Jan Bergman* (Ed.): La Main de Dieu / Die Hand Gottes. 1997. *Volume 94.*
- Kim, Seyoon:* The Origin of Paul's Gospel. 1981,²1984. *Volume II/4.*
- »The ‘Son of Man’ as the Son of God. 1983. *Volume 30.*
- Kleinknecht, Karl Th.:* Der leidende Gerechtfertigte. 1984,²1988. *Volume II/13.*
- Klinghardt, Matthias:* Gesetz und Volk Gottes. 1988. *Volume II/32.*

Wissenschaftliche Untersuchungen zum Neuen Testament

- Köhler, Wolf-Dietrich: Rezeption des Matthäusevangeliums in der Zeit vor Irenäus. 1987.
Volume II/24.
- Korn, Manfred: Die Geschichte Jesu in veränderter Zeit. 1993. Volume II/51.
- Koskenniemi, Erkki: Apollonios von Tyana in der neutestamentlichen Exegese. 1994.
Volume II/61.
- Kraus, Wolfgang: Das Volk Gottes. 1996. Volume 85.
– see Walter, Nikolaus.
- Kuhn, Karl G.: Achtzehngebet und Vaterunser und der Reim. 1950. Volume 1.
- Laansma, Jon: I Will Give You Rest. 1997. Volume II/98.
- Lampe, Peter: Die stadtömischen Christen in den ersten beiden Jahrhunderten. 1987, ²1989.
Volume II/18.
- Lau, Andrew: Manifest in Flesh. 1996. Volume II/86.
- Lichtenberger, Hermann: see Avemarie, Friedrich.
- Lieu, Samuel N.C.: Manichaeism in the Later Roman Empire and Medieval China. ²1992.
Volume 63.
- Loader, William R.G.: Jesus' Attitude Towards the Law. 1997. Volume II/97.
- Löhr, Gebhard: Verherrlichung Gottes durch Philosophie. 1997. Volume 97.
- Löhr, Hermut: see Hengel, Martin.
- Löhr, Winrich Alfred: Basilides und seine Schule. 1995. Volume 83.
- Maier, Gerhard: Mensch und freier Wille. 1971. Volume 12.
– Die Johannesoffenbarung und die Kirche. 1981. Volume 25.
- Markschies, Christoph: Valentinus Gnosticus? 1992. Volume 65.
- Marshall, Peter: Enmity in Corinth: Social Conventions in Paul's Relations with the Corinthians. 1987. Volume II/23.
- Meade, David G.: Pseudonymity and Canon. 1986. Volume 39.
- Meadors, Edward P.: Jesus the Messianic Herald of Salvation. 1995. Volume II/72.
- Meißner, Stefan: Die Heimholung des Ketzers. 1996. Volume II/87.
- Mell, Ulrich: Die »anderen« Winzer. 1994. Volume 77.
- Mengel, Berthold: Studien zum Philipperbrief. 1982. Volume II/8.
- Merkel, Helmut: Die Widersprüche zwischen den Evangelien. 1971. Volume 13.
- Merklein, Helmut: Studien zu Jesus und Paulus. 1987. Volume 43.
- Metzler, Karin: Der griechische Begriff des Verzeihens. 1991. Volume II/44.
- Metzner, Rainer: Die Rezeption des Matthäusevangeliums im 1. Petrusbrief. 1995. Volume II/74.
- Mittmann-Richert, Ulrike: Magnifikat und Benediktus. 1996. Volume II/90.
- Niebuhr, Karl-Wilhelm: Gesetz und Paränesis. 1987. Volume II/28.
– Heidenapostel aus Israel. 1992. Volume 62.
- Nissen, Andreas: Gott und der Nächste im antiken Judentum. 1974. Volume 15.
- Noormann, Rolf: Irenäus als Paulusinterpret. 1994. Volume II/66.
- Obermann, Andreas: Die christologische Erfüllung der Schrift im Johannesevangelium. 1996.
Volume II/83.
- Okure, Teresa: The Johannine Approach to Mission. 1988. Volume II/31.
- Paulsen, Henning: Zur Literatur und Geschichte des frühen Christentums. Hrsg. von Ute E. Eisen. 1997. Volume 99.
- Park, Eung Chun: The Mission Discourse in Matthew's Interpretation. 1995. Volume II/81.
- Philonenko, Marc (Ed.): Le Trône de Dieu. 1993. Volume 69.
- Pilhofer, Peter: Presbyteron Kreitton. 1990. Volume II/39.
– Philippi. Volume 1 1995. Volume 87.
- Pöhlmann, Wolfgang: Der Verlorene Sohn und das Haus. 1993. Volume 68.
- Pokorný, Petr and Josef B. Souček: Bibelauslegung als Theologie. 1997. Volume 100.
- Prieur, Alexander: Die Verkündigung der Gottesherrschaft. 1996. Volume II/89.
- Probst, Hermann: Paulus und der Brief. 1991. Volume II/45.
- Räisänen, Heikki: Paul and the Law. 1983, ²1987. Volume 29.
- Rehkopf, Friedrich: Die lukanische Sonderquelle. 1959. Volume 5.
- Rein, Matthias: Die Heilung des Blindgeborenen (Joh 9). 1995. Volume II/73.
- Reinmuth, Eckart: Pseudo-Philo und Lukas. 1994. Volume 74.
- Reiser, Marius: Syntax und Stil des Markusevangeliums. 1984. Volume II/11.
- Richards, E. Randolph: The Secretary in the Letters of Paul. 1991. Volume II/42.
- Riesner, Rainer: Jesus als Lehrer. 1981, ³1988. Volume II/7.

Wissenschaftliche Untersuchungen zum Neuen Testament

- Die Frühzeit des Apostels Paulus. 1994. *Volume 71.*
- Rissi, Mathias:* Die Theologie des Hebräerbriefs. 1987. *Volume 41.*
- Röhser, Günter:* Metaphorik und Personifikation der Sünde. 1987. *Volume II/25.*
- Rose, Christian:* Die Wolke der Zeugen. 1994. *Volume II/60.*
- Rüger, Hans Peter:* Die Weisheitsschrift aus der Kairoer Geniza. 1991. *Volume 53.*
- Sänger, Dieter:* Antikes Judentum und die Mysterien. 1980. *Volume II/5.*
- Die Verkündigung des Gekreuzigten und Israel. 1994. *Volume 75.*
- Salzmann, Jörg Christian:* Lehren und Ermahnungen. 1994. *Volume II/59.*
- Sandnes, Karl Olav:* Paul – One of the Prophets? 1991. *Volume II/43.*
- Sato, Migaku:* Q und Prophetie. 1988. *Volume II/29.*
- Schaper, Joachim:* Eschatology in the Greek Psalter. 1995. *Volume II/76.*
- Schimanowski, Gottfried:* Weisheit und Messias. 1985. *Volume II/17.*
- Schluchting, Günter:* Ein jüdisches Leben Jesu. 1982. *Volume 24.*
- Schnabel, Eckhard J.:* Law and Wisdom from Ben Sira to Paul. 1985. *Volume II/16.*
- Schutter, William L.:* Hermeneutic and Composition in I Peter. 1989. *Volume II/30.*
- Schwartz, Daniel R.:* Studies in the Jewish Background of Christianity. 1992. *Volume 60.*
- Schwemer, Anna Maria:* see *Hengel, Martin*
- Scott, James M.:* Adoption as Sons of God. 1992. *Volume II/48.*
- Paul and the Nations. 1995. *Volume 84.*
- Sieger, Folker:* Drei hellenistisch-jüdische Predigten. Teil I 1980. *Volume 20* – Teil II 1992. *Volume 61.*
- Nag-Hammadi-Register. 1982. *Volume 26.*
- Argumentation bei Paulus. 1985. *Volume 34.*
- Philon von Alexandrien. 1988. *Volume 46.*
- Simon, Marcel:* Le christianisme antique et son contexte religieux I/II. 1981. *Volume 23.*
- Snodgrass, Klyne:* The Parable of the Wicked Tenants. 1983. *Volume 27.*
- Söding, Thomas:* Das Wort vom Kreuz. 1997. *Volume 93.*
- see *Thüsing, Wilhelm.*
- Sommer, Urs:* Die Passionsgeschichte des Markusevangeliums. 1993. *Volume II/58.*
- Souček, Josef B.:* see *Pokorný, Petr.*
- Spangenberg, Volker:* Herrlichkeit des Neuen Bundes. 1993. *Volume II/55.*
- Speyer, Wolfgang:* Frühes Christentum im antiken Strahlungsfeld. 1989. *Volume 50.*
- Stadelmann, Helge:* Ben Sira als Schriftgelehrter. 1980. *Volume II/6.*
- Strobel, August:* Die Stunde der Wahrheit. 1980. *Volume 21.*
- Stuckenbruck, Loren T.:* Angel Veneration and Christology. 1995. *Volume II/70.*
- Stuhlmacher, Peter (Ed.):* Das Evangelium und die Evangelien. 1983. *Volume 28.*
- Sung, Chong-Hyon:* Vergebung der Sünden. 1993. *Volume II/57.*
- Tajra, Harry W.:* The Trial of St. Paul. 1989. *Volume II/35.*
- The Martyrdom of St. Paul. 1994. *Volume II/67.*
- Theißßen, Gerd:* Studien zur Soziologie des Urchristentums. 1979,³1989. *Volume 19.*
- Thornton, Claus-Jürgen:* Der Zeuge des Zeugen. 1991. *Volume 56.*
- Thüsing, Wilhelm:* Studien zur neutestamentlichen Theologie. Hrsg. von Thomas Söding. 1995. *Volume 82.*
- Tsuji, Manabu:* Glaube zwischen Vollkommenheit und Verweltlichung. 1997. *Volume II/93.*
- Twelftree, Graham H.:* Jesus the Exorcist. 1993. *Volume II/54.*
- Visotzky, Burton L.:* Fathers of the World. 1995. *Volume 80.*
- Wagner, Ulrike:* Die Ordnung des »Hauses Gottes«. 1994. *Volume II/65.*
- Walter, Nikolaus:* Praeparatio Evangelica. Hrsg. von Wolfgang Kraus und Florian Wilk. 1997. *Volume 98.*
- Watts, Rikki:* Isaiah's New Exodus and Mark. 1997. *Volume II/88.*
- Wedderburn, A.J.M.:* Baptism and Resurrection. 1987. *Volume 44.*
- Wegner, Uwe:* Der Hauptmann von Kafarnaum. 1985. *Volume II/14.*
- Welck, Christian:* Erzählte »Zeichen«. 1994. *Volume II/69.*
- Wilk, Florian:* see *Walter, Nikolaus.*
- Wilson, Walter T.:* Love without Pretense. 1991. *Volume II/46.*
- Zimmermann, Alfred E.:* Die urchristlichen Lehrer. 1984,²1988. *Volume II/12.*

*For a complete catalog please write to the publisher
Mohr Siebeck, P.O.Box 2040, D-72010 Tübingen, Germany.*