## H.G.M. WILLIAMSON

# Studies in Persian Period History and Historiography

Forschungen zum Alten Testament 38

**Mohr Siebeck** 

## Forschungen zum Alten Testament

Herausgegeben von Bernd Janowski (Tübingen) · Mark S. Smith (New York) Hermann Spieckermann (Göttingen)

38



### H.G.M. Williamson

## Studies in Persian Period History and Historiography

HUGH G. M. WILLIAMSON, born 1947; Graduate of Cambridge University; 1975–1992 Lecturer in Hebrew and Aramaic at Cambridge; since 1992 Regius Professor of Hebrew, University of Oxford and Student of Christ Church, Fellow of the British Academy.

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Dedicated to my colleagues in the Society for Old Testament Study in gratitude for the honour of being elected as President for the year 2004

#### Preface

It was a great honour to be invited by the editors of the series *Forschungen zum Alten Testament* to submit a collection of articles for publication. As they left the selection entirely to me, I decided that I could most helpfully include most of the articles and other studies which related to the lengthy period during which I focused my research and writing on the books of Chronicles, Ezra and Nehemiah. This is intended to lend the collection a certain coherence, and also fills in a good deal of the background work which related to my preparation of commentaries on these books.

The question which always arises in these circumstances is whether or not to revise the articles to take account of more recent work. I have decided against undertaking revision for one simple reason. Research on any particular topic is inevitably undertaken within the framework of the state of knowledge and the questions which are being raised at the time. If they then have any effect on the course of the subsequent discussion (which is not always the case!), within a decade or two the framework is altered and new questions have arisen. To tack on a little additional bibliography, or to make a few remarks in response to particular points of criticism, skews the presentation and leaves a misleading impression. The earliest pieces included here were written nearly thirty years ago. Inevitably, new material has come to light in the meantime, opinions have been modified and the course of the discussion has moved on. Although I am in no way ashamed of anything republished here, it would be equally surprising if I still agreed with every word that I wrote then. But it is as they were that they made their contribution, and I prefer that they be preserved within their own context rather than turned into something that they were never intended to be. New situations call for fresh work, not the reworking of old, and in fact the final article in this collection is precisely an attempt to revisit a problem with which I had dealt long before in an attempt to bring the discussion up to date.

The exceptions to this self-imposed rule should be mentioned for the sake of accuracy. First, for aesthetic reasons the attempt has been made to adopt a unified style for references and the like, not to reproduce the several different systems that characterize the different journals and *Festschriften* in our field. In some cases, this has meant providing footnotes to include the references which in the original publication were provided only in collected bibliographies at the end of the article, and there is no article which has not had to receive some modification to conform to the style adopted for this book. Since in addition

most of the collection was written before the days when the use of word-processors was common, the whole was at the same time put on disk for the convenience of the publisher. For undertaking this monumental task, I should like to express my sincere thanks to Dr Francesca Stavrakopoulou of Worcester College, Oxford; whatever is pleasing about the text's appearance is due to her dedicated labours.

Secondly, the nature of chapter 12 should be explained. At its base lies an article of the same name that was published in the *Tyndale Bulletin*. At about the same time, I was also preparing an article for a *Festschrift* for Professor Seeligmann of Jerusalem. The topics overlapped in one particular, but some detail included in the latter was not reproduced in the former. For the present book, therefore, I have incorporated the material from the Seeligmann volume which did not find inclusion in the other (about two pages in all). The details of the original article which has here been plundered are 'The Dynastic Oracle in the Books of Chronicles', in A. Rofé and Y. Zakovitch (eds.), *Essays on the Bible and the Ancient Near East: Isac Leo Seeligmann Volume*, 3 (Jerusalem, 1983), 305–18.

Finally, the first chapter has not been previously published. It was written many years ago for a composite volume which in the end never appeared. Although again it is something of a child of its time, it also sets out some of my thinking about the problems and possible solutions relating to the whole enterprise of history writing in connection with the province of Judah in the Persian period, and I find that on this I have not changed my mind in major ways. It therefore serves rather well in place of an introduction to the whole.

Since not everything could be included in this volume, I have added a list of my other publications on the material relevant to its concerns after the list of acknowledgments.

It remains for me only to thank the editors of this series once again for inviting me to make this selection, and to the editorial staff at Mohr Siebeck for their helpfulness in bringing the project to fruition.

Christ Church, Oxford

H.G.M. Williamson

## Table of Contents

Preface
Acknowledgments
Historical Studies
1. Early Post-Exilic Judaean History
A. The Nature of the Sources
B. Procedure
C. The Early Years
D. From Zerubbabel to Nehemiah
E. Nehemiah
F. The Last Century of Achaemenid Rule
2. Judah and the Jews
3. The Governors of Judah under the Persians
4. Nehemiah's Walls Revisited
5. The Historical Value of Josephus' <i>Jewish Antiquities</i> xi. 297–301 74  A. Evidence for the Use of a Source
B. The Value of Josephus' Source
D. Conclusions
D. Conclusions
Chronicles
6. Introduction to M. Noth, <i>The Chronicler's History</i> 93
7. Sources and Redaction in the Chronicler's Genealogy of Judah 106
8. 'We are Yours, O David': The Setting and Purpose of
1 Chronicles 12:1–23
9. The Origins of the Twenty-Four Priestly Courses:
A Study of 1 Chronicles 23–27
10. The Accession of Solomon in the Books of Chronicles
11. The Temple in the Books of Chronicles

12. Eschatology in Chronicles	. 162
A. The Present Position	. 163
B. Alternative Viewpoints: Survey and Critique	. 166
C. The Dynastic Oracle	. 176
D. Later development	
E. The Significance of 2 Chronicles 7:12–22	
F. Conclusions	
Ezra-Nehemiah	
12 Doct Evilla Historiagraphy	100
<ul><li>13. Post-Exilic Historiography</li><li>14. Ezra and Nehemiah in the Light of the Texts from Persepolis</li></ul>	
A. Language  B. Support of Local Cults	
C. Travel and Transportation	
D. Conclusion	
15. Scripture Citing Scripture: <i>The Historical Books</i>	
A. The Law	
B. Narrative	
C. The Prophets	
16. The Composition of Ezra 1–6	
A. Ezra 2	
B. Ezra 1	
C. Ezra 4:6–6:22	
D. Ezra 3:1–4:5	
E. Provenance and Purpose	
F. Concluding Summary	
17. The Belief System of the Book of Nehemiah	
A. The Nehemiah Memoir	
B. Other Material in the Book of Nehemiah	
C. The Final Redactor	
18. Structure and Historiography in Nehemiah 9	
19. The Problem with First Esdras	
Indexes	
Biblical Passages	
Modern Authors	. 318
Subjects	324

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To Mercer University Press for **19.** 'The Problem with First Esdras', in J. Barton and D. Reimer (eds.), *After the Exile: Essays in Honour of Rex Mason* (Macon, 1996), 201–16.

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'The Family in Persian Period Judah: Some Textual Reflections', in W.G. Dever and S. Gitin (eds.), Symbiosis, Symbolism, and the Power of the Past: Canaan, Ancient Israel, and Their Neighbors – from the Late Bronze Age through Roman Palestina (Winona Lake, 2003), 469–85



#### 1. Early Post-Exilic Judaean History

The historian of the province of Judah during the Achaemenid period (538–333) BCE) appears at first sight to be unusually well provided with detailed and reliable sources. First, within the Bible the books of Ezra and Nehemiah are paramount, but further light is shed, to a greater or lesser extent, from such prophetic books as Haggai, Zechariah, Malachi, Isaiah 56-66, Joel, and possibly others. Second, the evidence from archaeological discoveries, whether architectural, artifactual, or epigraphic, has been brought together in a magisterial synthesis by Ephraim Stern<sup>1</sup> that must be the envy of those working in other periods, whether earlier or later. Third, there is no shortage of written material from the regions beyond Judah: the corpus of Old Persian texts may be modest, but it has been well studied and has the merit of taking us to the very heart of the empire.<sup>2</sup> Complementary points of view are expressed in the Greek historians. supremely Herodotus, with whose writings historiography is generally thought to have come of age. No less valuable for our purpose are the papyri from Elephantine in Egypt<sup>3</sup> and from Wâdī ed-Dâliveh in Palestine itself. Finally, though from a much later period. Josephus includes material in his account of this period<sup>4</sup> which most scholars believe to be of some value.

#### A. The Nature of the Sources

As so often proves to be the case, closer examination reveals that the historian is not left without difficulties in exploiting this apparent abundance of material. First, despite the progress that recent years have seen in the study of the Achaemenid empire, there is still an almost total silence about Palestine in Persian and Greek sources. Thus even if we understood fully Herodotus's

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> E. STERN, Material Culture of the Land of the Bible in the Persian Period 538–332 BC (Warminster and Jerusalem, 1982).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R.G. Kent, Old Persian: Grammar, Texts, Lexicon (AOS, 33; 2nd edn; New Haven, 1953).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See A. Cowley, Aramaic Papyri of the Fifth Century BC (Oxford, 1923); B. PORTEN, Archives from Elephantine: The Life of an Ancient Jewish Military Colony (Berkeley and Los Angeles, 1968); P. Grelot, Documents Araméens d'Égypte (Paris, 1972).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Ant. 11.

account of the organization of the satrapies, we should still know nothing from that quarter about the constitutional status of Judah. This may come as something of a surprise to those who are used to relying on the now classic *History of* the Persian Empire by A. T. Olmstead; do not considerable portions of his work deal explicitly with Judah and her relations with the central imperial power? It needs to be realized, however, that for those sections Olmstead depends wholly, and sometimes none too critically, upon the biblical record. Its integration with the wider history of the empire was a matter of (perhaps almost unconscious) hypothesis – not to be rejected for that reason alone, as we shall see below, but equally not to be accorded the status of objectivity. Similarly, the importance of Judah to the Achaemenids is probably exaggerated in the minds of Olmstead's readers simply because of his particular interest in the subject. By contrast, it comes as something of a shock to the biblical scholar when perusal of the three modern syntheses of the history of this period – by the classicist J.M. Cook, 6 the Iranian scholar R.N. Frye, 7 and in the recent massive volume devoted to this period in the Cambridge History of Iran series<sup>8</sup> – reveals that scarcely any attention whatsoever is paid to characters and events which he or she had always considered fundamental. The somewhat parochial nature of the present chapter needs therefore to be borne in mind.

Second, for all their apparent fullness, the biblical sources suffer from certain defects from the point of view of the historian. Chief among these is the lack of any overall chronological framework. In the pre-exilic period, when Judah was still an independent monarchy, state records (presumably) furnished the Deuteronomistic Historian with such basic information as the order of the kings and the length of their reigns. For whatever reason, no such records have survived from the post-exilic period. Their nearest equivalents, the lists of high priests, are not necessarily complete and in any case are not generally synchronized with our other sources of information. The problems that this circumstance poses are compounded by the fact that there were three Persian kings named Artaxerxes, three named Darius, and two named Xerxes, and that these are not satisfactorily distinguished from each other in the majority of our sources. Consequently, even where there are cross-references to these kings in the biblical texts, there remains uncertainty as to which king is being referred to.

Before the full horror of this situation can be appreciated, it is necessary also to take into account the true nature of our primary source, the books of Ezra and Nehemiah. Despite the evident attempts of editors to weld them together into a literary and theological unity, it is becoming increasingly apparent that these

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> A. T. Olmstead, History of the Persian Empire (Chicago and London, 1948).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> J. M. Cook, The Persian Empire (London, 1983).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> R.N. FRYE, The History of Ancient Iran (Handbuch der Altertumswissenschaft, III.7; Munich, 1984).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> I. Gershevitch (ed.), The Cambridge History of Iran, 2: The Median and Achaemenian Periods (Cambridge, 1985).

books were assembled from originally completely discrete sources. This is not the place to undertake a full literary analysis, but the results of such a study may be usefully, if somewhat cavalierly, stated.

The account of the return of the Jews from their Babylonian exile to Judah and their restoration of the temple in Ezra 1–6 was built up from first-hand official records by an editor working long after the events in question. These records, which are mostly cited *in extenso*, are of outstanding value as raw materials for a history, but their narrative conjoining is only what the editor could deduce from the sources themselves, and so is devoid of independent historical value. Where there are references to the kings in these documents, the historical contexts are for the most part reasonably secure; but not all are so dated.

The account of Ezra's journey to Jerusalem and his reform (Ezra 7–10; Nehemiah 8) is also to be regarded as a once quite independent source. At least, that is the best that can be said about it, for many scholars are extremely skeptical about its historical value. <sup>10</sup> I have tried to argue elsewhere <sup>11</sup> that such skepticism may not be warranted, but even if that be granted, we must still accept that only one year's activity is described, with no antecedent cause or subsequent effect alluded to. In other words, the material may be detailed, but it remains isolated, the reference to 'the seventh year of Artaxerxes' in Ezra 7:7 being notoriously slippery.

The situation is not dissimilar in the case of Nehemiah. The importance of his so-called memoir is celebrated on all sides, and rightly so when it is taken on its own terms. In their enthusiasm, however, scholars seem generally to overlook the fact that the events recorded here fall into two groups. The first is focused almost entirely on the wall-building and its immediate aftermath, and so again spans no more than a year at most. The remainder comprises a number of brief paragraphs describing various social and religious reforms, not themselves dated for the most part, but possibly belonging together as a record of some of the activities of Nehemiah's 'second term' as governor. Once again, therefore, isolated moments of Judah's history are brilliantly illuminated, but nothing connects them firmly to anything recorded in our other sources.

Finally, the rest of the material in the book of Nehemiah is a motley collection of once separate sources, many, perhaps, drawn from the temple archives, if their somewhat priestly bias is to be taken at face value. Only here do we approach the possibility of bridging our historical gaps by way of lists of high priests in Nehemiah 12. Unfortunately, however, many believe that these lists are defective. They seem too short to cover the period in question, so that

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> See H.G.M. WILLIAMSON, 'The Composition of Ezra i-vi', JTS ns 34 (1983), 1-30 (below, 244-70).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> C.C. Torrey, The Composition and Historical Value of Ezra-Nehemiah (BZAW, 2; Giessen, 1896); cf. W. Th. In der Smitten, Esra: Quellen, Überlieferung und Geschichte (SSN, 15; Assen, 1973), for a more recent bibliography.

<sup>11</sup> H.G.M. WILLIAMSON, Ezra, Nehemiah (WBC, 16; Waco, 1985).

whether by haplography of repeated names or some other reason it is not impossible that some names have dropped out. This at once casts doubt on any attempt confidently to locate chronologically the high priests mentioned in our other sources on the basis of these lists. Furthermore, as presented to us now, the lists' own chronological indicators are apparently governed more by ideological than by historical concerns. The reference to 'Darius the Persian' in Neh. 12:22 is a case in point, <sup>12</sup> and the summarizing dates in v. 26, which should in any case be ascribed to the very latest level of redaction in these books, seem more concerned to conflate than to order the material in hand.

The outcome of these considerations is that even though by comparison with other eras the history of Judah in the Achaemenid period seems to many to be a precious necklace, it turns out on examination to be rather an assortment of isolated gems which have lost the chain that ought to be keeping them in shapely order. In scholarly writing characters and events are slid up and down the scale of absolute chronology in a totally bewildering variety of permutations.

There is one further introductory point concerning our sources that ought not to need saying but that in fact needs to be emphatically underlined. These works were not written with historical interests primarily in view. It is therefore very frustrating to find that there are several issues in addition to chronology that seem fundamental to us in the historical enterprise, which they pass over as of no significance. The best-known example concerns an issue that we have already seen is not resolved to everyone's satisfaction by extra-biblical sources either, namely the constitutional status of Judah and the position of its leaders. In one of his now classic essays, Alt<sup>13</sup> was able to exploit this situation in order to argue that before Nehemiah's time Judah was administered as part of the province of Samaria within the satrapy of 'Beyond the River'. Only with the appointment of Nehemiah did Judah gain the status of a separate province with its own governor. Since Alt wrote, the discussion of his theory has been prolonged and shows no sign of resolution yet. To re-examination of the texts<sup>14</sup> have been added considerations from epigraphical sources. 15 But whereas we might have hoped (and some have claimed) that these would settle the matter, we find in fact that they come up against chronological problems of their own. In brief, the clearest evidence ought to come from the references to 'governor' on bullae and seals, but sadly the experts disagree over whether they come before or after Nehemiah. 16

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> See WILLIAMSON, Ezra, Nehemiah, 364-65.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> A. Alt, 'Die Rolle Samarias bei der Entstehung des Judentums', in A. Alt (ed.), Festschrift Otto Procksch (Leipzig, 1934), 5–28; reprinted in Kleine Schriften zur Geschichte des Volkes Israel, 2 (Munich, 1953), 316–37.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> M. SMITH, Palestinian Parties and Politics that Shaped the Old Testament (New York and London, 1971), 193–201; S.E. McEvenue, 'The Political Structure in Judah from Cyrus to Nehemiah', CBQ 43 (1981), 353–64.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> N. AVIGAD, Bullae and Seals from a Post-Exilic Judean Archive (Qedem, 4; Jerusalem, 1976).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> See Stern, Material Culture of the Land of the Bible, 199–209.

If the later date is upheld, then clearly their evidence, however valuable in other respects, is mute with specific regard to Alt's theory. But Alt in turn, it needs to be said, based his argument very much on silence, and as ought to be clear by now, such arguments need to be treated with the very greatest caution in the present context. Japhet<sup>17</sup> has done well to show the extent to which ideological concerns may account for the lack of attention to political issues in Ezra in particular. Although this cannot wholly account for the ambivalent attitude of the official records included in Ezra 1–6, it serves at any rate as a warning not to expect clear answers to most of the questions which we pose today almost as a matter of course.

#### B. Procedure

Our discussion thus far leaves us with the difficult problem of how best to proceed. One possibility is to become an academic sniper, picking off all hypotheses without necessarily having anything very positive to propose in their place. For the reasons we have noted, this approach is extremely easy for the period under consideration; for every date or connection proposed, to go no further, it is always possible to intone the response that there is an alternative, so that nothing should be considered certain. The present book is hardly the place for such self-indulgence, however.

Second, we may proceed to retell the biblical story, more or less modified according to critical predilections, and with extra-biblical tidbits thrown in where possible. This is the standard procedure in history textbooks, but ultimately it is not satisfying. The reason is that it tries to make a single narrative thread out of what are, generally speaking, historically unrelated subjects. It was the genius of the biblical authors to do this for their theological purposes, and of course that was, and remains, a legitimate exercise. But it is not the same enterprise as historiography as generally understood. Thus the endless debate about the relative chronology of Ezra and Nehemiah becomes less pressing if the need to relate them to one another is dropped: their purposes, status, and spheres of authority are clearly shown in the texts to be distinct, and it is better to treat them as such. The same can be said for the tensions between official documents and their later theologically-motivated editors, and so on.

I propose, then, that at this stage the most fruitful advance may be made by tracing two distinct histories: of political institutions and of religious thought and practice. The advantage of my proposal is that it allows us to compare like with like. In this way, despite all the gaps in our knowledge, there is the potential for a relative chronology within each of the categories concerned. I am not

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> S. Japhet, 'Sheshbazzar and Zerubbabel', ZAW 94 (1982), 66-98.

unaware of the objection that political and religious history cannot be separated in the biblical world. I accept that objection to a limited extent, if by it is meant that political leaders may sometimes have acted out of religious motives and convictions and vice versa. But I should still maintain that there is a sufficient distinction to enable us to proceed. After all, Judah was by now part of a large and totally non-Jewish empire. In Judah as much as in Babylon the Jews were having to learn how to live both by 'the law of your God and the law of the king' (Ezra 7:26).

Again, the opinion is frequently advanced that increasingly through the Persian period political power was bifurcated between the secular governor, with his responsibility for taxation on behalf of the central authorities of the satrapy and the empire, and the high priest, who raised internal revenue by way of a temple tax necessary for the administration of what some regard as a temple-state. Powerful support for this view will no doubt be claimed from the newly-published coin<sup>18</sup> bearing the inscription 'Johanan the priest' alongside coins of a similar type inscribed with the name of the province, *yhd*. Furthermore, Meyers<sup>19</sup> has recently argued that this situation prevailed already from the sixth century BCE on. Yet even if this were so (and the evidence, it has to be said, remains very slight; one wonders to what extent earlier scholars assumed it on the basis of the situation later in the Hellenistic period and more recent writers have merely perpetuated the idea), it would still not invalidate my proposal: the political role of the high priest would still need to be kept distinct from a history of religious thought.

In the bulk of this chapter, therefore, attention will be concentrated on the political history of Judah in the Achaemenid period, with developments in religious thought referred to only where they impinge upon this particular area. One consequence of this procedure is that comparatively little notice will be taken of Ezra. This may seem strange to some readers who are familiar with his dominant position within biblical and post-biblical tradition. The fact is, however, that his political impact appears to have been minimal, and readers will have to judge whether our presentation is the poorer without him.

I have stated that as far as possible two branches of history – political and religious – need to be kept distinct. Ideally, a third area of study should be included, namely what may be broadly classified as social history. Whitelam<sup>20</sup> has recently entered a powerful plea to the effect that this should be taken far more seriously than is customary in the research of historians of ancient Israel, and indeed he implies that it should take precedence over what he calls text-based reconstructions. Among the disciplines whose importance he urges, he

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> D. Barag, 'Some Notes on a Silver Coin of Johanan the High Priest', BA 48 (1985), 166-68.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> E.M. MEYERS, 'The Shelomith Seal and the Judean Restoration: Some Additional Considerations', ErIsr 18 (1985), 33\*-38\*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> K. W. Whitelam, 'Recreating the History of Israel', JSOT 35 (1986), 45–70.

refers to social scientific methods, new archaeology, settlement patterns, demographic studies, the effects of climate, disease, shifting trade patterns, and so on. For many, recent literary study has eroded confidence in the biblical texts for the early history of Israel, at least until the founding of the monarchy, <sup>21</sup> and Whitelam claims that this erosion is likely to continue into even later periods. As a result, one plank of what he regards as a nineteenth-century western approach to historiography is removed. The other plank is the view that 'men make history', with its consequence that history is the study of leading personalities. But, urges Whitelam, this is just a reflection of the bias of our literary sources. In fact, 'the novel can only be understood in terms of the recurrent and regular', and to ignore the primacy of the latter, for which literary sources are not at all best suited as evidence, is to court the danger of encouraging 'the reduction of complex historical reality to simplistic categories'.

With specific reference to the period under discussion here, he deserves to be cited in full:

What kind of history is it that devotes its attention to the precise chronological sequence of Ezra and Nehemiah, or how many Elyashibs and Sanballats may have figured in the history of Israel and is able to say little, if anything, about the wider social reality?<sup>22</sup>

Standard treatments of Ezra and Nehemiah, for instance, concentrate upon the personalities and the politics of the biblical narratives and the perplexing problem of their chronological relationship. There is little time left to investigate the situation of Palestine vis-à-vis the Persian empire, particularly changing trade patterns, or to outline changes in settlement patterns in Palestine as a result of the change in political hegemony. It is only when such questions are seen to be significant that strategies will be devised to investigate these complex problems.<sup>23</sup>

There is much in Whitelam's criticisms of current writing on Israel's history that is justified, and indeed most of his points have already been made by others, even if in less concentrated form. Nevertheless, it is difficult to avoid the impression that he has somewhat exaggerated his case in order to make his point more forcefully, and he himself recognizes that text-based history retains some validity. Although it would be inappropriate to take up the issues fully here, some remarks are in order to justify the more conservative approach adopted in the present chapter.

First, the methods that Whitelam advocates have been largely developed as tools for historical research in the context of what is misleadingly termed prehistory, that is to say the history of non- or pre-literate societies. It would be churlish, however, to deny the value of written historical sources where they are available. They give us access, albeit partial and one-sided, to a wealth of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> See J. A. Soggin, A History of Israel: from the Beginnings to the Bar Kochba Revolt, AD 135 (London, 1984).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> WHITELAM, 'Recreating the History of Israel', 53.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> WHITELAM, 'Recreating the History of Israel', 54.

information that is simply unobtainable in any other form, and it is only the consequence of natural human interest that gives them particular prominence in the work of many historians.

Second, although it is true that few, if any, of the biblical texts are free of major critical problems, Whitelam has overstated the negative consequences of these difficulties, at least so far as the later biblical period is concerned. If historians pay much attention to the detailing and, where possible, unravelling of these problems, that is because they hope to move towards their resolution, and not to their being ruled out altogether as primary evidence. This is certainly the case with our review of the sources available for the history of Achaemenid Judah.

Third, it needs to be remembered that the types of evidence that Whitelam favours are also highly ambiguous, material remains being in themselves largely mute and the subject of hypothesis and controversy among the experts.

Fourth, Whitelam's article is a call for a new research strategy, not an exposition of work accomplished. As he candidly recognizes, many of the necessary data are not yet available, and those that are have yet to be collected and organized. We may thus heartily endorse his appeal for work to be done in this area and at the same time recognize that in a chapter such as the present one it will not be possible at this stage to include such material.

Fifth, this conclusion is more particularly the case with regard to our period where, despite a few pioneering efforts, <sup>24</sup> such a programme lies way in the future. Since all such work is more than usually inter-disciplinarian, the historian is at the moment left waiting for his colleagues in cognate disciplines to advance along the lines of their own expertise before seeing what can be made of their results.

Finally, although acknowledging that the unique or unusual stands out only by contrast with what is normal, it would be wrong to deny that those who were present at the time had a less clear idea of this contrast than we do today. Such considerations will sometimes have determined what was recorded. Of course, such perceptions entail value judgements, but it is precisely because many historians of Israel share some of the values of those whom they study that the latter retain an interest which other data do not. If all historical writing reflects the bias of its writers, then a more traditional approach should not be dismissed as totally illegitimate. The history of ideas or institutions or religion may not be the interest of a social historian, and the latter may well have far more to say about these subjects than we have yet imagined. But that does not amount to a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> E. g. H. G. KIPPENBERG, Religion und Klassenbildung im antiken Judäa: Eine religionssoziologische Studie zum Verhältnis von Tradition und gesellschaftlicher Entwicklung (SUNT, 14; Göttingen, 1978); W. SCHOTTROFF, 'Arbeit und sozialer Konflikt im nachexilischen Zeit', in L. and W. SCHOTTROFF (eds.), Mitarbeiter der Schöpfung: Bibel und Arbeitswelt (Munich, 1983), 104–48.

## Index of Biblical Passages

#### Old Testament

Genesis		33:1	256
2:7	178	35:30	108
3:19	178	35:35	158
3.19 4	77	36:6	251
9:20-7	77	36:35	158
17:5	291	37:17, 22, 25	178
17:5		38:2	178
17:16	179		
	177–9	Leviticus	
22:2, 14	155–6	2.12	100
23:4	155	2:13	189
23:6	255	4:22	255
23:9, 11	155	6:5–6	234
25:27–34	76	8:8	30
28:17	154	9:24	154
35–6	76	10:1-2	133
37:5 ff.	79	16:21	283
38:7, 10	114	23:4	238
41	79	23:37	238
45:9	251	23:39–43	237
46:9	111	23:40	238
50:24	256	26:8	122
Exodus		Numbers	
3:8	256	1:16	255
3:17	256	2:3-31	255
3:21-2	254	3:4	133
11:2	254	4:3	266
12:8-9	235	7:1-83	255
12:35-6	254	7:84-6	255
14:14	273	10:8	137
22:27	255	14:4	286
25:9	158	16:1	77
25:31, 36	178	18:15	236
25:40	158	18:19	189
26:31	158	22	77
27:2	178	22:5–6	251
28:8	178	25:7 ff.	77
28:30	30	27:12–23	149
31:2	108	27:19	143
32:16	253	27:21	30

31:6     137     19     77       34:18-28     255     I Samuel       Deuteronomy       1:30     273     10:11-12     123       1:37 f.     140     18:6, 7     123	
I Samuel       Deuteronomy     2:12-17, 22 ff. 77       1:30     273       10:11-12     123	
1:30 273 10:11-12 123	
1:30 273 10:11–12 123	
1.5/1. 140 10.0.7 125	
3:22 273 19:24 123	
7:3 274 20:4 ff. 121	
10:4 253 21:12 123	
16:1–8 236 22:1–5 120	
16:7 235 23:14 120	
16:13–15 238 24:1 120	
20:4 273 25:6, 10 123	
23:4 18 27:6 120	
23:18 178 29–30 121	
29:8 287 29:3 82	
31:2f. 141 29:5 123	
31:5 143	
31:6 143 2 Samuel	
31:7 143–4 3:37 178	
31:8 143 5:9 116	
31:14 143 5:11–25 118	
31:23 142–4 7:2 147	
32:30 122 7:7 179	
34:9 144, 149 7:12 176, 179	
7:13	
Joshua 7:14 177, 180, 1	183, 185
1 146 7:16 180	
1:2 ff. 144 8:8, 11 147	
1:5 143 12 77	
1:6 142–3 17:22, 24–5 121	
1:7-8 287 17:27 121	
1:7 143 18:1–4 121–2	
1:9 142–3 19:13 121	
1:16–20 144 19:16ff. 121	
3:7 144 20:1 122, 124	
4:14 144 23:1 123	
5:10-12 234 23:8-39 115	
9:15 255 23:8 130	
9:27 234 24 153	
10:14, 42 273	
11:23 141 1 Kings	
21:44 141 2:1 143	
23:10 273 2:1 ff. 144, 149	
2:3 287	
Judges 2:4 183	
1:18, 34 77 2:10–12 145	
3:15 79 2:15 178	
6 154–5 3:4 150	
6:34 116 3:5–15 150	
13 79 3:14 183	

3:16–28 6:38 8 6:7	150 265 262 234	29:13–14 30:21 51:1, 11	243 178–9 254
6:21	158	Ezekiel	
8:19-20	182	11:15	292
8:21	186	20:12-24	275
8:25	183	33:24	292
8:50	160	44	234
8:51, 53	186		
9:3-9	191	Amos	
9:5, 6	183, 193		204
9:11	252	4:13	284
10:26-9	151	5:8-9	284
11:14ff.	77	9:5-6	284
12:16	123		
12:31	178	Micah	
14:25-8	258	5:1	109, 193
2 Kings		<b>7</b> 1 · · ·	
8:19	190	Zephaniah	
	232	3:5	243
14:6 17			
	266	Haggai	
19:8 f.	76 252		11 12 24 02 04
19:9–14	253	1:1	11, 13, 34, 83, 86
19:35 f.	76	1:14	34, 83, 86
19:37	179	2:2	34, 83, 86
22:4	174	2:3	265
22:11–20	300	2:4	41, 86
Ingiah		2:18	265
Isaiah		2:20-23	34
2:3	156	2:21	34, 83
7:8	41, 266	2:23	290
7:9	243		
30:17	122	Zechariah	
30:29	156	1:2-6	243, 290, 293
37:38	179	1:7, 8–17	171
38:9	253	3:1-10	86
41:2	254	4:10	243
41:8	293	6:11–14	171
41:25	254	6:11	86
44:28	254	6:12	216, 290
45:1, 13	254	7:5	41
49:9, 11	110	1.3	41
50:11	178	Malaahi	
51:2	293	Malachi	
55:3	186-8	1:9	178
Jeremiah		Psalms	
	224		156
17:19–27	234	24:3 38	156 283
17:27	275	50 51	283
29:7	220	<i>3</i> I	203

105:37	254	2:1	11
106	283-4	2:2	21, 79, 83
130	283	2:14	79, 83
132:1	187	2:41	136, 266
132:8-10	186	2:42	128
132:11–12, 17	187	2:55	37
		2:58	37
Proverbs		2:59-63	160
2.10	100	2:59	30
2:19	109	2:61	29
		2:63	29–30, 34
Ruth			230
4.11	100	2:66–7	
4:11	109	2:68–9	245–6, 298
4:19	112	2:68	246–7, 249, 265, 299
		2:69	30, 169–70, 249
Ecclesiastes		2:70	37, 132, 248
2.20	177	3:1-4:5	264-7
3:20	177	3:1-6	13, 264, 266–7
		3:1	245–6, 248, 265, 298
Esther		3:2	232
1	70		
1	79	3:3	41, 264
1:22	260	3:4	238
3:12	56	3:6	298
8:9	56	3:7-4:3	264
9:3	56, 252	3:7	265
		3:8	131, 246, 265–6, 268–9,
Daniel			298-9
	0.00	3:10-11	265
2:4	260	3:10	266
2:48	214	3:12–13	265
3	77		
3:2, 3	56	3:13	168
3:4-6	251	4	28, 74, 168
3:27	56	4:1-3	15, 41, 160-1, 258, 266-
6:8	56		7
9:12–13	235	4:2	83, 266
9.12-13	233	4:4-5	41, 264
г.		4:5	258-9, 261
Ezra		4:6-6:22	257–63
1–6	160, 168, 202	4:6-6:18	168
1	250–56	4:6-24	258-61
i:1	13, 246, 251, 253–4, 298	4:6-11	301
1:2-4			
	13, 27, 250–4	4:6–7	266
1:4	252–3	4:6	16, 259
1:5-6	254	4:7–24	65
1:5	246	4:7–23	34, 59
1:6	252	4:7	18, 260
1:7-11	13, 224, 254–6	4:8-23	16–17
1:8	84, 216, 225–6	4:8	260
1:9-11	247, 249	4:9-10	260
1:11	216, 226, 256, 265	4:10	266
2	13, 15, 27, 29, 32, 37,	4:11	260-1
_	245–50	4:12	17, 258
2:1-2	13		
2.1-2	1.0	4:13	35

4:17–22	18, 261	7:8–9	248
4:20	35	7:9	297
4:21	19	7:10	232
4:23	259	7:12-26	27, 104, 233
4:24	246, 257–9, 261, 265,	7:14	42–3, 232
7.27	298	7:15–20	222
5.1 4.10	261–3	7:17–20 7:17–20	220
5:1-6:18			
5:1-2	257, 261	7:17	42
5:1	265	7:19	37
5:2	86	7:21–4	36, 42
5:3-17	172	7:21	216, 228
5:3-5	262	7:22	223
5:3-4	261	7:24	35–7, 223
5:3	55	7:25-6	42
5:4	15	7:25	262
5:5	261	7:26	8, 232
5:6-17	261	8	224, 248
5:6-12	262	8:1–14	104
5:6, 7	262	8:3	168
5:8	217–18	8:14	79
5:9	261	8:20	36
5:10	15, 30	8:25–7	225, 229
5:14	11, 13, 34, 84, 216–17,	8:27	169–70, 225
	251, 255	8:31	246
5:16	13, 265, 267	8:33	29
5:17	215, 262	8:34	225
6:1–2	262	8:36	56, 228-9, 252
6:1	215	9-10	28
6:2–12	301	9	234
6:2	216	9:1-2	43, 238, 274
		9:1-2 9:9	
6:3–12	261		290
6:3-6	301	9:12	274
6:3–5	13, 251	10:3	203, 232
6:3	254	10:6	87
6:4	217–18	10:7	251
6:6–7	172	10:9	246, 297
6:7	34	10:15	282
6:9-10	220-1	10:16-17	246, 297
6:9	223	10:16	43, 282
6:10	223		•
6:13–14	262, 264	Nehemiah	
6:14	210, 259	1.1 2	65
6:15–18	262	1:1-3	65
		1:1	216, 296
6:15	246, 265, 298	1:3	252
6:18	232, 236, 269	1:5–11	276, 292
6:19-22	263, 269	2	224
6:19	246, 298	2:1	296
6:21	41	2:4	276
6:22	262	2:6	19, 207
7:1-5	283	2:7-8	38
7:1	74, 211, 268	2:7	56, 228
7:6	232	2:8–9	228
7:7	5, 29	2:8	275
	-, -/	2.0	213

2.0	56 220	6.15	(F 211 20)
2:9	56, 230	6:15	65, 211, 296
2:10	18, 49	6:16	275
2:12	275	6:17–19	18, 20
2:13–15	64	6:18	203
2:13	65	7	13, 27, 29, 32, 37
2:14	70	7:1-4	277
2:16-18	20	7:2	275
2:16	204, 277	7:4-6	20
2:17	65	7:4-5	204, 277
2:18	275	7:4	70
2:20	275	7:5	29, 275
3	14–15, 68, 202	7:6-72	245
3:1-32	64, 277	7:7, 19	79, 83
3:1	85, 87, 203	7:44	136
3:4	29	7:45	128
3:5	203, 205, 277	7:57, 60	37
		7:69–71	245–7, 298–9
3:6	68, 71		
3:8	66–7, 70–2	7:69	29, 170, 247–9
3:11	71	7:70	169, 246
3:13	67, 69, 71	7:71	170
3:21	29	7:72–8:1	245, 265
3:30	203	7:72	37, 246, 248, 298
3:34	67	7:73	296
3:35	18	8-10	208-9
3:36-7	275–6	8	104, 234, 296–7
4	38	8:1	232
4:1-14	273	8:2	232, 245–6, 296–7, 298
4:3	275–6	8:3, 5, 7, 8	232
4:8	204, 275	8:9	34, 232
4:9	275	8:13-15	237
4:13	204	8:13	232, 300
4:14	273, 275	8:14	232
4:15-17	20	8:15	238, 251
5	20, 205	8:16-17	237
5:1	36	8:16	238
5:2-5	35	8:18	232
5:4	20, 35, 37	9	233, 280, 282–93
5:5, 7, 8	36	9:1-5	282
5:9	36, 275	9:1	211
5:13	275	9:3	232, 284
5:14-19	60-3, 206, 216	9:4	284
5:14-18	38, 230	9:6	285
5:14-15	20	9:7–8	285–6
5:14-13	19, 38, 55, 82–3	9:7-8 9:7	291
5:15	19, 38, 33, 82–3		286
		9:9-11	
5:19	206, 276	9:12–21	286–7
6:1	203–4, 277	9:16	286
6:2	15	9:17	286-7
6:5	220	9:22–31	209, 287–8
6:7	173	9:22-5	287
6:9	276	9:26-7	288
6:10, 11	274	9:27	289
6:14	204, 206, 276	9:28, 29–31	288

9:32–7	209, 288–9	13:4	87, 211
9:32	263, 283, 286	13:6–7	224
9:33	284	13:10-14	205
9:35-6	290	13:10-13	53, 275
9:36	286	13:14	187, 206, 276
10	233	13:15-22	205–6
10:2-28	205	13:15–21	274
10:2	34	13:15	211
10:17	79, 83	13:18	275
	, ,	13:19	
10:29-40	278		220
10:29	37, 232	13:22	206, 276
10:30-1	234	13:23–31	206
10:30	205, 232	13:23–30	205
10:31-40	234	13:23–8	28
10:31	205	13:23	211
10:32–9	53	13:25	274-5
10:32	205	13:26	273, 275
10:35	205, 232, 234-5	13:28	23, 85
10:36-7	205	13:29-31	264
10:37	232	13:29	276
10:38-9, 40	205	13:30	127
11	27	13:31	205–6, 276
11:1-20	277	13.51	203-0, 270
		1 Chronicles	
11:1-2	204		
11:1	249	19	95, 101, 106, 114, 120,
11:3–20	277		167–8
11:3–19	136	1:7–13	150
11:19	128	2:2-8	107
11:24	39	2:3-4:23	106-14
11:25–36	31	2:3-8	111, 114
12:10-11	75, 86	2:3	113–14
12:11	85	2:9	112–13
12:22	6, 75, 80, 85–8	2:10-17	107–8, 112–13
12:23	85	2:18-24	108, 113
12:25	128	2:18–19	111
12:26	60, 211, 264	2:20	107
12:27-43	203, 277		
12:31–9	64, 67	2:21–3	111
12:32, 33	80	2:24	109–11
12:35	137	2:25-33	107, 112–13
		2:34-41	111, 113
12:38	71–2	2:42-50	107, 112
12:39	68, 71	2:50-2	107–8, 110
12:41	137	2:52, 53–5	111
12:44-7	279–80	2:55	111–12
12:44	211	3	111, 113
12:47	210	3:1-16	107
13	20	3:1, 4, 5	113
13:1-3	273	3:18	84, 255
13:1	211, 232	3:19–24	106, 111
13:3	232	3:19-21	167
13:4-14	206	3:19	12, 33, 58, 83
13:4-9	275	3:22	168
13:4-8	18		
13.4-0	10	4:1–23	114

4.1	111 120	1.4	110 241
4:1	111, 138	14	118, 241
4:2-4	107, 110	14:7	116
4:4	110	14:8	192
4:5–7	108, 110	15–16	129
4:8–23	111	15:4	136
4:21–3	106	15:5–10	137
4:39	192	15:11	137–8
5:1-2	106	15:12, 14, 15	137
5:3	138	15:16 ff.	136
5:20	117	15:21, 24	136
6:1-81	111	15:25 ff.	137
6:31-2	158	15:26	117
6:31 ff.	136	15:28	137
7:6–12	111	16:4 ff.	136
8:1-40	111	16:10, 11	192
9:1–18	136	16:37	138
9:17 ff.	128	16:38	136
9:19	128	16:39	157
10:13–14	151, 192	16:40	232
10:14	189	17	147, 151–2
11:1–9	119	17:6	179
11:1–3	118	17:10	180, 192
11:4-9	118	17:11–14	177
11:6	82	17:11	176, 178–9
11:7	116	17:12–13	181
11:10	118–19	17:12	177, 184
11:10-47	115, 119	17:13	183, 189
11:11-47	118	17:14	180, 184, 189
11:11	130	17:16-27	180
11:13 f.	120	17:17, 23, 24	184
11:15 ff.	120	17:25	192
12:1-23	115–25	17:27	184
12:1	117–18	18-20	147
12:9	116, 121	18:1	192
12:15	121–2	18:8	146, 152
12:16	121	18:11	152
12:17	116, 124	20:4	192
12:18	116, 118, 121	21	153
12:19	116–18, 121–2, 125	21:3	192
12:20	121	21:20	154
12:21	116	21:22-5	155
12:22	121	21:26-22:1	154
12:23	11516, 118	21:29	157
12:24-38	119	22:1-10	142
12:24 ff.	115	22:1	146
12:25	116	22:2-4	265
12:34	117	22:2, 3 f.	146
12:35	116	22:5	146, 185
12:39-41	119	22:6	143
12:39	117	22:6ff.	141, 144-5
13–16	151	22:7–8	147
13:1–5	151	22:8	152
13:2	132	22:9–10	147, 177, 181
		-	,,

22:9	141, 181	28:11-18	147
22:10	182, 184	28:20	142-3
22:12-13	143, 182	29:1-2	146, 185
22:13	143	29:1	182
22:14-19	183	29:2–9	146
22:15	146	29:7	168–70
22:17	117	29:8	135
22:18	141	29:11	189
22:18–19	147	29:23	144, 189
22:19	147	29:24	144
23–27	126–40, 268–9	29:25	145
23:1-2	96		
23:2	127, 132, 137	2 Chronicles	
23:3-6	127-8, 131-2, 134	1	241
23:3	266, 268	1:1	145
23:4	265		150
23:6-24	131, 138	1:2-6	
		1:3-6	157
23:13–14	131	1:4	147
23:24	266, 268	1:5	108
23:25–32	131–2	1:12	183
23:27	266, 268	1:14-17	151
24:1-19	132–3	2:6	146
24:1-2	236, 269	2:7–15	265
24:2	133	2:7, 13–14	158
24:5	132	2:14	146, 158
24:7–18	126–7, 140		
24:7	139	2:16	146
		3:1	146, 155–6
24:20–31	133, 138	3:2	265
25:1–31	129–31, 138	3:14	158
25:1–6	136	5–7	262
25:4	130	5:1	146, 152
25:5	116	5:2-6:11	151
25:8	131–2	5:2-14	148
26:1-19	128-9	5:5	157
26:12	133	5:11 ff.	265
26:13	131–2	5:12	136
26:20-32	133–4	6:7–9	147
26:21	135		
		6:9	177
27	134	6:11	148
28:1	96, 127, 135, 137	6:15–17	187
28:2-8	141	6:15	183
28:2–3, 4–10	147	6:16	182-3
28:5–6	177, 182	6:41-42	148, 186
28:5	189	7:1-3	148
28:6-7	181	7:1	154, 188, 192
28:7-10	182	7:6	148, 265
28:7-8	143	7:8–19	234
28:7	182–5		191–4
28:8	185	7:12–22	
28:8 ff.	144	7:13–15	191-2
		7:17–18	182, 193
28:9	143, 182	7:17	183
28:10	142–3, 182	7:19–22	193-4
28:11–19	157	7:19	185

8:12-15	148	28	194
8:14	135, 253	28:16, 23	117
8:16	160	29:1	110
9:8	189	29:5-11	243
10:16	122	29:13–14	136
11:5–10	98	29:23–30	145
11:12	116	29:34	269
11:16	192	29:35	160
11:22–3	98	30	234
	194	30:1	253
12:1			
12:2–8, 9	258	30:3	236, 269
12:6–7	192	30:5–9	251
12:6	194	30:5	236
12:12	192	30:6-9	160, 192, 243, 293
13:4–12	159	30:10	232
13:5–8	188–9	30:11	192
13:5	177, 183	30:25	132
13:13-18	194	31:3, 4	232
14:10	117	31:17	131
15:2	194, 243	32:3, 8	117
15:4, 15	192	32:20	192
16:7–10, 12	194	32:21	82, 179
16:9	243	32:24, 26	192
17:9	232, 253	32:30	97-8
18:31	117	32:32	187
19:2	117	33:12, 13	192
19:7	243	33:14	71
19:9	143	33:19, 23	192
20:2-4	194	34:7	192
20:2-4	192	34:9	174
	194	34:14, 15	232
20:13–23		,	300
20:20	195, 243	34:19–28	
21:1-4	98	34:19, 30	232
21:7	177, 183, 190	35	234, 269
21:12	253	35:4	135, 253
22:7	178	35:6	236
23:3	177, 183, 190	35:8	132
23:18	135, 232, 236	35:12	232, 236
24:9	251	35:13	235
24:20	116, 124	35:15	136
25:4	232	35:20-5	98
25:8	117	35:20-4	97
26:6	98	35:26	187, 232, 236
26:7	117	36:12-16	194
26:9	69	36:12, 13	192
26:10	98	36:22	149
26:13, 15	117		
_ 5,			

## Apocrypha

1 Esdras		Baruch	
1:21-2, 31	300	2:2	235
2	74		
2:12	301	1 Maccabees	
3:1-5:6	13	2:1	126, 139
3:1-5:3	294	2.1	120, 139
5:7 ff.	297	2 Maccabees	
5:45	303	2 Maccabees	
5:70-1	302	2:18	300
6:23-5, 26-33	301		
8:1	74		

#### New Testament

Luke		Revelation	
1:5-9	126	14:18	263
		18:2	263
1 Peter			
5:13	263		

## Index of Modern Authors

Abel, FM. 139	Berger, PR. 13, 84, 255
Ackroyd, P.R. 84, 100, 103, 122, 139,	Berlin, M. 132
148–9, 159, 164, 171, 174–5, 200, 208,	Bernard, P. 213–14
241, 244, 268, 286, 289, 291–2	Bertholet, A. 103, 200, 204, 223, 247,
Adinolfi, M. 187	260, 282
Aharoni, Y. 12, 51, 53–4, 59, 83	Betlyon, J. W. 44, 50, 57
Ahlemann, F. 200	Betz, O. 136
Ahlström, G.W. 42	Beuken, W. A. M. 171–3, 187–8
Aistleitner, J. 67	Bewer, J. A. 245, 252, 256
Albright, W.F. 31, 47, 50–1, 58, 84, 86,	Beyse, KM. 84, 171–2
112, 170	Bianchi, F. 40
Alexander, P.S. 250, 305	Bickerman, E.J. 13, 78, 251, 253
Allan, J. 169	Biella, J.C. 67
Allen, L.C. 99, 110, 296	Blenkinsopp, J. 26, 29, 39–40, 43, 160,
Allrik, H.L. 31, 226, 245–6	272–4, 277, 297–9
Alt, A. 6–7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 26–7, 30,	Bloch, H. 77–80
33–4, 37, 46–50, 55, 59–60, 64, 70	Bloch, R. 241
Anderson, A. A. 187	Boer, P. A. H. de 122
Anderson, B. W. 188, 255	Bogoljubov, M. N. 213
Anderson, G. A. 45	Botterweck, G. J. 174, 177, 181
Anderson, G. W. 102, 291	Bowman, R.A. 213–16, 218–19, 225, 263,
Assaf, D. 281	282
Attridge, H. W. 303–4	Braun, R.L. 100, 102, 146, 152, 175,
Auld, A.G. 97	182–3, 185, 242, 245, 267
Avigad, N. 6, 11–12, 16, 33, 48, 50–1,	Bream, H. N. 98
53–9, 61, 64, 66, 70–1, 73	Bresciani, E. 55
Avi-Yonah, M. 65–6, 126	Briant, P. 221, 227, 230
D 1 D 1 1/2	Bright, J. 21, 84, 162
Baker, D.L. 163	Brockington, L. H. 84, 87–8, 263
Balentine, S.E. 272	Bromiley, G.W. 67
Baltzer, K. 117, 209	Broshi, M. 69
Barag, D. 8, 21–3, 44–5, 53, 89	Bruce, F.F. 126, 163
Barton, J. 272	Brunet, AM. 113, 174, 181, 186, 291
Batten, L. W. 84, 216, 245	Bull, R.J. 24, 269
Baumgartner, W. 169	Burn, A. R. 16, 214
Becking, B. 271	Burrows, M. 67
Bedford, P.R. 26, 37, 40	Bussche, H. Van den 179
Beeston, A.F.L. 66	Butler, T.C. 138
Beltz, W. 106	Califf N. 212
Bengtson, H. 82	Cahill, N. 212
Bentzen, A. 172	Cameron, G. G. 61, 212–13, 215, 227
Benveniste, E. 227–8	Caquot, A. 177, 182, 187, 189
Benzinger, I. 108, 130, 176	Carradice, I. 212

Carrez, M. 209, 283 Carson, D.A. 305 Carter, C.E. 31-2 Cassuto, U. 108 Cazelles, H. 102, 202 Childs, B.S. 211, 282 Clements, R.E. 40, 266 Clines, D.J.A. 38, 102, 217, 234–5, 237-8, 272, 278, 282, 284 Cody, A. 126 Coggins, R.J. 24, 137, 210, 269 Collins, M.F. 159 Cook, J. M. 4, 14, 16, 46, 49, 214 Coppens, J. 174, 282, 286, 291 Cowley, A. 3, 17, 21, 43, 49, 56, 79, 155, 212, 253 Cox, C.E. 295-6 Crenshaw, J.L. 284 Crim, K. 259 Croft, S. J. L. 102 Cross, F.M. 12, 17, 22, 47, 49, 51-2, 54-5, 83, 85-7, 98, 102-3, 138, 155, 166-8, 170, 173, 200, 214, 217, 233, 239-40, 296 Crowfoot, J.W. 68 Curtis, E.L. 106, 113, 116-17, 121, 130, 132, 139, 147, 176, 193

Dandamaev, M. 221 Daniels, D.R. 272, 277 Davies, G.I. 58 Davies, P.R. 26, 41 Davies, W.D. 48, 199-200 Debevoise, N.C. 78 Degen, R. 213, 225 Delaunay, J. A. 213-14, 216, 218-19 Delitzsch, F. 109 Demsky, A. 106 Descamps, A. 282, 291 Destinon, J. von 78 De Vries, S.J. 158 Díaz, R.M. 58 Dillard, R.B. 100, 150 Dion, P.-E. 26, 29, 38, 99, 153, 250 Dogniez, C. 295 Doré, J. 209, 283 Driver, G.R. 19, 110, 212, 227 Driver, S.R. 99, 117 Dumbrell, W.J. 19 Durham, J.I. 143

Ehrlich, A.B. 68 Eissfeldt, O. 67, 95, 188, 244, 257, 264 Emerton, J. A. 19, 155, 173, 245 Eph'al, I. 44 Eppstein, V. 123 Eskenazi, T. C. 26, 28, 31, 36, 278, 300–1 Evans, C. D. 15, 30 Ewald, H. 130 Exum, J. C. 271

Feldman, L.H. 74, 78 Fensham, F.C. 11, 284 Finkelstein, L. 48, 199, 200 Fishbane, M. 234–8, 241, 258, 274, 302 Fisher, L.R. 117 Fitzgerald, G.M. 68 Fitzmyer, J. A. 55-6, 250 Flanagan, J.W. 159 Fohrer, G. 110 Frank, H.T. 106 Freedman, D. N. 83, 102, 138, 166-8, 170, 173, 182, 299 Frei. P. 223 Fretheim, T.E. 187 Friedman, R.E. 157, 201, 272, 292 Fritz, V. 106 Frye, R.N. 4, 16, 43, 49

Gadd, C.J. 74 Galling, K. 15, 30, 81, 83-5, 101, 136, 164, 171-2, 177, 245, 247, 251, 254 Gamberoni, J. 155 Garbini, G. 51 Gardner, A.E. 300, 303 Gardner, P. 168 Garrett, J.L. 126 Gärtner, B. 161 Gerleman, G. 99 Gershevitch, I. 4, 14, 16, 46, 212-15, 219, 222, 227 Gese, H. 30, 136, 256 Geva, H. 64, 66, 71-3 Ghul, M.A. 66 Gibson, J.C.L. 55, 155 Gignoux, Ph. 213 Gilbert, M. 209, 283, 286, 292 Ginsberg, H.L. 252 Goettsberger, J. 120, 152, 185, 264 Goldman, M.D. 252 Goldstein, J.A. 139 Goodman, M. 295 Goulder, M.D. 149 Grabbe, L. L. 25, 36, 44-5 Grafman, R. 71, 73

Greenfield, J. 45, 55-7, 83, 215

Grelot, P. 3, 209, 283 Jeremias, J. 126 Grønbaek, J.H. 123 Johnson, M.D. 113, 167 Gröndahl, F. 112 Jongkees, J.H. 168-9 Justi, F. 79, 254 Gunkel, H. 283 Gunn, D.M. 124 Kaiser, O. 102 Gunneweg, A.H.J. 102, 126, 211, 216, 220, 244, 268, 273, 277, 282, 293 Kalimi, I. 305 Kamioka, K. 213-14 Hackens, T. 45 Kapelrud, A.S. 202 Hallo, W.W. 15 Kaufman, S.A. 54 Kaufman, Y. 127 Hallock, R.T. 61, 212, 214-15, 219-20, 222, 224, 226–7, 229–30 Kautzsch, E. 30, 103, 130, 200, 247 Halpern, B. 28, 299 Keil, C.F. 94, 109, 121-2, 167, 177-8, Hamburger, H. 170 189, 246, 259 Hänel, J. 95-6, 119, 128, 130-1, 136, 139, Kellermann, U. 18-19, 68, 103-4, 173, 149, 154, 181 200-1, 205, 209, 233, 273, 276-7, 280 Hanhart, R. 248, 302 Kent, R.G. 3, 169 Hanson, P.D. 165, 190, 208, 210, 292 Kenyon, K. 64, 66, 68, 71-2 Haran, M. 102 Kilian, R. 156 Harrelson, W. 188, 255 Kippenberg, H. G. 10, 24, 35, 89, 140, Harrison, R. K. 167, 173 157, 159, 201, 269 Hatch, E. 80, 82 Kitchen, K.A. 253 Hauer, C.E. 118 Kittel, R. 94, 130, 248 Haupt, P. 130 Klein, R.W. 233, 246, 296 Hayes, J.H. 11, 13–14, 33, 55, 199, 292 Klein, S. 112 Heider, G.C. 156 Kline, M.G. 145 Heim, R.D. 98 Klostermann, A. 257 Hengel, M. 136 Knibb, M. 210 Hensley, L. V. 250 Knight, D. A. 291 Herr, L.G. 58 Koch, H. 220-3, 229 Herzfeld, E.E. 169, 212, 219 Koch, K. 200, 223, 297 Hill, G.F. 169 Kooij, A. van der 295, 299-300 Hinnells, J.R. 213 Korpel, M.C.A. 271 Hinz, W. 213-17, 219-20, 222, 225, 227, Kraeling, E.G. 212, 217 229 Kraemer, D. 271-2 Kreissig, H. 26, 35, 37 Hoffner, H.A. 117 Hoglund, K.G. 24, 33-4, 41, 43, 272, 277 Kropat, A. 116 Hölscher, G. 30, 77–8, 103, 200, 247 Kugel, J.L. 283 Horsley, R.A. 26 Kuhl, C. 258 Kühlewein, J. 284 Houtman, C. 115, 233-7, 269 Kuhrt, A. 216 Im, T.-S. 102, 151 Kuschke, A. 171, 256 In der Smitten, W.Th. 5, 19, 104, 173, Kutscher, E. Y. 11, 54, 217 200, 209, 233, 297, 302 Ishida, T. 201 Lang, B. 258 Lapp, N.L. 57 Ivry, A.L. 274 Lapp, P.W. 51, 53, 57, 86 Janssen, E. 292 LaSor, W.S. 67, 69 Japhet, S. 7, 15, 32, 35, 100, 102, 116, Lemaire, A. 12, 29, 33, 40, 45, 58, 155, 120, 153, 167, 173–5, 179, 182–3, 214 185-6, 189-90, 192-3, 200, 242, 289, Lemke, W.E. 99, 107, 147, 152–3, 179–80, 291, 293 190, 233, 239 Jastrow, M. 219 Leuze, O. 46

Levenson, J.D. 256 Levine, B.A. 213–14 Lewis, D.M. 214–16, 227, 229 Liddell, H.G. 82 Lindblom, J. 123 Lipiński, E. 57–8 Liver, J. 127, 135, 139, 257 Lloyd, A.B. 14 Lohfink, N. 142–5 Lohse, E. 163 Lozachmeur, H. 214 Luria, B.Z. 124

Maass, F. 171 McCarter, P.K. 99, 239 McCarthy, D. J. 142-4, 209, 280, 291 McConville, J.G. 280 McCown, C.C. 18 Macdonald, J. 157 McEvenue, S.E. 6, 33, 55 Mackenzie, D.N. 220 McKenzie, S.L. 153, 239-40, 296-7, 299 Madsen, A. A. 106, 113, 116-17, 121, 130, 132, 139, 147, 176, 193 Malamat, A. 74 Marcus, R. 74, 76-7, 80-2, 85 Mason, R. 173, 210, 243, 293 Massaux, É. 282, 291 Mathias, D. 242-3 Mattingly, H. 169 Mayes, A. D. H. 292 Mazar, B. 18, 87 Meillet, A. 169 Mendelsohn, I. 106 Mendenhall, G.E. 181 Mettinger, T. N. D. 180 Meyer, E. 170, 250 Meyers, E.M. 8, 12, 22, 33, 58-9 Michaeli, F. 69-70, 106, 113, 174 Micheel, R. 153, 242 Mildenberg, L. 21, 56 Milgrom, J. 274 Milik, J.T. 126 Millar, F. 295 Miller, J.M. 11, 13-14, 33, 55, 199, 292 Miller, P.D. 33, 115, 117, 155, 233 Möhlenbrink, K. 145, 149 Moore, C.A. 98 Morgenstern, J. 81, 86, 263 Mørkholm, O. 21, 56 Mosis, R. 100, 103, 115, 118-19, 141, 151, 158, 174-5, 182-3, 185, 210, 241, 297 Moucharte, G. 45

Myers, J.M. 67, 84-5, 87-8, 100, 112, 115, 120, 130, 139, 144, 184, 193, 200, 215, 253, 291, 303 Naamani, I.T. 218 Naveh, J. 18, 45, 51-2, 54-7, 83, 155, 213, 216, 225 Neill, S.C. 153 Nelson, R.D. 292 Neusner, J. 78 Newsome, J. D. 102, 124, 138, 166-8, 170, 172-3, 181-2, 242 Nickelsburg, G.W.E. 304 Nicole, E. 153 Nikel, J. 245 Noe, S.P. 168-9 Noordtzij, A. 174, 177 North, R. 60-1, 98, 174, 291 Norton, G.I. 297 Noth, M. 74, 79, 93-105, 106-7, 110, 112, 115, 118, 120, 123-4, 137, 148,

Mowinckel, S. 19, 82, 85–7, 103–4, 200,

205, 208, 233, 246-9, 269, 297, 300

Müller, W.W. 66

Oded, B. 292 Oesterley, W.O.E. 94 Olmstead, A.T. 4, 89, 172, 260 Olyan, S.M. 45

152, 164, 167, 200, 241, 247, 291

Parker, S.B. 123 Payne Smith, R. 219 Perichanian, A.G. 28 Petersen, D.L. 102, 124, 129-30, 138, 242 Petit, T. 229 Pfeiffer, R.H. 163 Phillips, A. 210 Pietersma, A. 296 Pisano, S. 297 Plöger, O. 162-6, 175, 188, 194, 208, 210, 292 Pohlmann, K.-F. 103, 162, 168, 200, 208, 246-7, 249, 295, 297, 300 Polzin, R. 61, 116, 200 Porten, B. 3, 56, 83, 222 Porter, J. R. 85, 102, 143, 149, 291 Postgate, J. N. 57 Poulssen, N. 184 Praetorius, F. 112 Pritchard, J.B. 47

Propp, W. H. 28, 299

Rabin, C. 126	Schemann, F.A.C. 78
Rabinowitz, I. 19	Schenker, A. 297, 301-3
Rad, G. von 95-6, 103, 120, 124, 128,	Schmidt, E.F. 169, 212-13, 215, 219
148-9, 163-4, 174, 177, 191, 193,	Schmidt, L. 123
241–3, 273, 284, 291	Schmidt, P. 136
Rahmani, L. Y. 21, 56, 83	Schneider, H. 200
Rainey, A. 14, 46, 117, 260	Schottroff, L. 10
Redpath, H. A. 80, 82	Schottroff, W. 10, 187
Reed, W.L. 106	Schramm, B. 41
Rehm, M. 99, 147, 152	Schreckenberg, H. 78
Reicke, B. 163	Schultz, C. 15, 30
Reid, P. V. 179	Schürer, E. 126, 139, 295, 305
Rendsburg, G. 20	Schwartz, D.R. 44
Rendtorff, R. 233	Schwartz, M. 222
Richards, K.H. 26, 28, 31, 36	Schwyzer, E. 169–70
Richardson, H.N. 51	Scott, R. 82
Robert, Ph. de 179	Seeligmann, I.L. 125, 179, 181, 183–4,
Robinson, E.S.G. 169	241–2, 258 Sagal J. R. 213, 216, 17, 260
Robinson, T. H. 94	Segal, J.B. 213, 216–17, 269
Rofé, A. 151	Seitz, C.R. 292
Rogerson, J. W. 94	Sellers, O.R. 83
Römer, T. 32	Sellin, E. 30, 50
Romerowski, S. 153	Seybold, K. 171
Rost, L. 256	Shaheen, N. 72
Rothstein, J. W. 95–6, 106, 118–19, 128,	Shaked, Sh. 213, 216, 225
130–1, 136, 139, 149, 154, 181	Shear, T.L. 168
Rouse, R. 153	Shinan, I.A. 302
Rowland, C.C. 210	Shutt, R.J.H. 78
Rowley, H. H. 83, 88, 202, 257, 269	Simon, M. 180
Rudavsky, O. 218	Simons, J. 64
Rudman, S. 162	Smend, R. 245
Rudolph, W. 60, 68, 83–5, 87–8, 93–4,	Smith, J. M. P. 115
96, 100–1, 104, 107–8, 110, 114–15,	Smith, M. 6, 13, 33, 55, 60, 81, 89
118, 120, 128, 130–1, 133, 135–7, 139,	Smith, P.A. 41
144, 147, 152, 154, 163–4, 167, 170–1,	Smith-Christopher, D.L. 26
173, 175, 177–8, 183–4, 188–9, 193,	Snaith, N.H. 85
200, 202, 208, 210, 216, 223, 236, 245,	Soggin, J.A. 9
247–8, 250, 252, 257, 259–61, 282–3,	Speiser, E.A. 178
287	Stade, B. 282
Ruffing, A. 273	Stager, L.E. 218, 220
Ryckmans, J. 66	Stark, J. K. 112
	Steck, O. H. 292
Sachau, E. 255	Steindler, G.M. 126
Saebø, M. 102	Stern, E. 3, 6, 15, 17, 21, 33, 47–51, 56,
Safrai, S. 139	59, 61, 218, 292
Saller, S.J. 50	Stern, M. 139–40
Sancisi-Weerdenburg, H. 216	Stinespring, W.F. 174
Sanders, J. A. 155	Stoebe, H.J. 123
Sapin, J. 32	Stone, M.E. 304
Sauer, G. 171	Strecker, G. 15, 32, 293
Saydon, P.P. 282	Sturdy, J. 123
Schaeder, H.H. 200, 257, 283	Sukenik, E.L. 50-1
Schalit, A. 78, 81, 85	Sumner, W. M. 214
	•

Tadmor, H. 44, 74 Tafazzoli, A. 213 Talmon, S. 126, 138, 179, 200, 253, 258-9, 264 Talshir, D. 302 Talshir, Z. 296, 301-2 Täubler, E. 78 Thackeray, H.St.J. 74, 77, 79 Theis, J. 245 Throntveit, M. A. 102, 159, 202, 242 Tollefson, K.D. 26, 271 Torczyner, H. 130 Torrey, C.C. 5, 82, 104, 148, 152, 200, 202, 223, 248, 256, 282-3, 296 Tov, E. 99, 235, 302 Trumbull, H.C. 189 Tucker, G.M. 291 Tuland, C.G. 68-9, 75, 80, 84, 87 Tuplin, C. 212, 214, 229 Tushingham, A.D. 64

Ulrich, E.C. 99, 153, 239, 271

VanderKam, J.C. 44, 271 Van Dyke Parunak, H. 258 Vardaman, E.J. 126 Vaux, R. de 13, 59, 106, 126, 134, 139, 220, 250, 257, 263 Veenhof, K.R. 215 Vermes, G. 295, 304–5 Vincent, L.-H. 50 Vogelsang, W. 213 Volz, P. 188

Waggoner, N.M. 21, 56 Washington, H.C. 28 Waterman, L. 171 Watzinger, C. 50 Weill, J. 79 Weinberg, J.P. 26-39, 42, 223 Weiss, I. H. 79 Welch, A.C. 95, 102, 120, 127-8, 130-1, 133, 136, 166-7, 291-2 Wellhausen, J. 94, 99, 106, 109-10, 191 Welten, P. 69, 98, 100-1, 116-17, 124, 138, 148-9, 151 Wenham, G.J. 145-6 Westermann, C. 242, 251, 285 Wette, W. M. L. de 94 White, J.B. 15 Whitehead, J.D. 254 Widengren, G. 11, 22, 33, 55, 199 Whitelam, K.W. 8-10 Wijngaards, J. 256 Wikgren, A. 74, 77 Wildberger, H. 252 Willi, T. 94, 97, 100-1, 118, 137, 148, 154, 174, 179, 194, 240-1 Wilson, R.R. 112 Winter, P. 126 Wiseman, D.J. 74 Wolff, H. W. 106 Wright, G.E. 24, 47, 260, 269 Wright, J.S. 84

Yadin, Y. 126, 134 Yamauchi, E. M. 20 Yardeni, A. 56

Zakovitch, Y. 151 Zeron, A. 121–2 Ziegler, K.-H. 78

## Subject Index

Abijah 188–9	citizen-temple community 27-8, 30-1,
Abraham 285, 293	35–7, 39–40, 43, 45
Ahzai 16, 21, 55, 59	coins 8, 21–2, 44–5, 47, 50, 52–3, 56–7,
Akkadian 55, 57, 214, 216, 218–19	83, 168–70
Alexander the Great 86-88	Croesus of Lydia 168
Alexandria 295	Ctesias 16
Amasai 121–2	Cyrus 13–15, 27, 29–30, 210, 226,
Amestris 16	251–2, 261–2, 264
Ammon(ite) 18, 58	Cyrus Cylinder 221
Arachosia 214, 216, 227	
Aramaic 51, 55–7, 60–1, 78, 117, 213–20,	Daric 30, 168–70
227, 254, 256, 260, 263, 302	Darius 4, 210–11, 259, 261, 263–4
'Araq el-Emir 18, 303	Darius I 13–14, 29–30, 46, 88, 168–72,
Ark 147, 151, 159, 186	220–2, 258
Arsames 16, 19, 227–8	Darius II 84, 88
Artaxerxes 4, 22, 49, 79, 81, 168, 210–11,	Darius III 88
257–9, 262	Darius the Persian 6, 88
Artaxerxes I 17–18, 27, 29, 35, 37, 65, 82,	Deuteronomistic History 93, 239–43
172, 214, 220	Diodorus Siculus 82
Artaxerxes II 22, 29, 81–2, 84, 87–9	doxologies of judgement 284
Artaxerxes III Ochus 22, 44, 81–2, 84,	Drachma 30, 170
87–9	Dung Gate 67–70
Asaph 136, 266	Edomitos 15
Assyria(ns) 17, 263	Edomites 15  Egypt(ion) 14 16 22 40 80 227 260
Baal 155	Egypt(ian) 14, 16, 22, 49, 89, 227, 260 Elamite 61, 214–15, 219
Babylon 8, 11, 13, 32, 42, 224, 227, 251,	
281	Elephantine 3, 17, 21–2, 43, 47, 49, 56, 79, 81–5, 89
Babylonian Chronicle 74	Eliashib 80, 85–7, 203
Bagohi 21-2, 81-4	Elnathan 12, 14, 16, 33, 54-5, 57, 59
Bagoses 21-2, 24, 44, 74-5, 79, 81-4, 89,	Ephraim Gate 70–1
140	Esarhaddon 41, 266
Behistun inscription 56	Ethan 136
Bethany 51	Exodus 254–6
Beth-hakkerem 15	Ezra 5, 8, 16, 20, 23, 29, 35, 42–3, 81,
Beth-zur 15, 83	222, 225, 229–30, 233, 258, 282
Beyond the River 6, 11, 14, 17–18, 20, 46	Ezra Memoir 104, 248, 283, 296-7
Bezalel 158	
Bigvai 21	fathers' house 28, 32
broad wall, the 70–1	Fish Gate 71
bullae 11–12, 33, 52–5	antakan mana 20, 129, 0, 126
Carabana 14	gatekeepers 30, 128–9, 136
Churchill Sir Winston 275	Genesis Apocryphon 304
Churchill, Sir Winston 275	Gerizim 152, 154, 157, 160, 269–70

Gershom 133 Gibeon 47-8, 51, 150, 154, 158-9 Gideon 154 gloss 110

Hananiah 84
haoma ceremony 213
Hebron 15, 118-20
Heman 136
Herodotus 3, 76, 169
Hezekiah 69, 159-60, 175
Hezekiah the governor 56
Hezekiah's tunnel 97
high priest 8, 21-2, 24, 27, 30, 34, 44-5, 75, 80, 84-7, 172-4, 211, 283
Hinnom Valley 69-70
holy war 273
Huramabi 158
Hyrcania 22-3, 89

immediate retribution 191–2 India 227 installation 141–2

Jaddua 86 jar handles 16, 47, 52-3 Jeduthun 136 Jehoiarib 139 Jehoshaphat 69 Jericho 15, 23, 51 Jerusalem 15, 18, 38, 47–8, 51–2, 64–73, 118-19, 140, 156, 161, 164, 204, 259, 268 Jeshanah 68 Jeshua 30, 86, 171, 261, 267 Jesus 22, 24, 44, 74, 81, 84-5, 87 Jewish Quarter, the 64 Joannes 22, 44, 74-5, 80, 84-7, 140 Johanan the priest 8, 21, 44, 53, 80-1, 84 - 7Joiakim 211 Josephus 3, 21, 23–4, 74–89, 168, 259, 300, 304 Joshua 141-5 Josiah, death of 97

Kandahar 227 Keilah 15 Khirbet Beit Lei 155 Kidron Valley 70 Kimhi 115 Kohathites 133 Lachish 15
Leontopolis 303
Letter of Aristeas 77
Levites 30, 127–8, 131, 133–8, 265–6, 269, 282
Levitical sermons 242–3
Lod, Hadid and Ono 15, 32
Lord of Hosts 173
lot-casting 204

Machpelah, cave of 155 Mannuya 230 Mareshah 15 Mechilta 79 Megabyzos 16–17, 49 Meshelemiah 128 Midrash Rabba 79 Migdol Papyrus 55–6 Mishneh Gate 68, 71 Mithredath 226, 254–5 Mizpah 15 Molek 156 Moriah 155–6 Moşah 52 Moses 158

Nebuchadnezzar 14 Nehemiah 6, 16–21, 23, 27, 29, 33, 37–9, 44, 46, 48–9, 59–63, 64–72, 82, 85, 210, 271–81 Nehemiah Memoir 5, 87, 103–4, 201, 205–8, 249, 271, 273–6 Nicolas of Damascus 77

Obed-edom 128-9, 136 Oholiab 158 Old Persian 3, 169, 215-16, 219, 227-8 Ophel 64, 66, 70-2 Ostanes 83

Palaeo-Hebrew 51, 57
Palmyrene 112
Parnaka 62, 220
Pelusium 76
Pentateuch 94–5, 149, 232–3
Persepolis 169, 212–15, 227
Persepolis texts 61, 212–31
Phoenicia(n) 22, 112
Piraeus 170
Pollux 169
Pool of Siloam 72
priests 131–3, 137, 140
prince of Judah 255–6

Tabeel 18

Qumran 139 4QSam<sup>a</sup> 98, 239-40

Rabshakeh 82 Ramat Raḥel 12, 16, 21, 33, 51, 53–5, 58–9 repetitive resumption 138, 258 rewritten Bible 304–5 routinization 280

Sabaean 66 sabbath 274-5 Samaria 6, 11, 13, 16-17, 20, 24, 27, 33-4, 41, 46-9, 57, 59-60, 81-3, 85, 292 Samaria Papyri 83, 214 Samaritans 23, 140, 152, 154, 157, 159-60, 164, 207, 268-70 Sanballat 17–18, 23, 49, 57, 87 Sardis 168, 227 Sargon II 266 seals 11-12, 17, 33, 45, 47-55, 57-9, 61 Sennacherib 76 Shechem 23-4, 47-8, 51, 140, 157, 159, 161, 207, 268 Shelomith 12, 14, 33, 54, 58-9 Shenazzar 84 Sheshbazzar 11, 13-14, 34, 46, 48, 55, 59, 84, 217, 225-6, 247, 251, 254 Shiloh 159 Shigmona 52 Shishak 192 singers, Levitical 30, 96, 129-31, 136, 266 Solon 20 source citation formulae 97 Succession Narrative 121, 124 summary notation 264 Susa 224

Syriac 54

tabernacle 108, 154, 157-8 Tabernacles 237-8 Tattenai 15, 30, 34, 172, 261 tax(ation) 35-7, 52-3 Tel Gamma 83 temple 39-40, 42-3, 53, 141, 146-7, 150-61, 164, 185, 203, 210, 220, 259, 262-70, 273, 275, 303 Temple Scroll 233 temple servants 36-7 Tennes 22-3, 89 Tirshatha 29, 34, 247 Tobiah 18, 44, 59, 275 Tower of the Furnaces 71 typology 154, 158 Tyropoeon 67, 69-70

Udjahorresnet 14, 43 Ugaritic 67, 112 Uzziah 69

Valley Gate 67, 69, 71-2

Wâdī ed-Dâliyeh 3, 17, 49, 57 Western hill 64, 66, 69–72

Xerxes 4, 16, 214, 258, 260

Yeḥezqiyah 21, 44 Yeho'ezer 16, 21, 55, 59

Zerubbabel 11–14, 16, 34, 46, 48, 55, 58–9, 83, 86, 166–7, 170–2, 210, 261, 267, 290, 294, 302
Ziklag 119
Zoroastrianism 222

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